

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 28.311, 107.140)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 28.311, 107.140)
contains.

CIELCh(46, 28.311, 107.140)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(46, 28.311, 107.140)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F703F
RGB	111, 112, 63
RGB Percent	44%, 44%, 25%
CMY	0.5655, 0.5615, 0.7537
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.44, 0.56
HSL	61°, 28%, 34%
HSV	61°, 44%, 44%
XYZ	13.1951, 15.2687, 6.9275
YIQ	106.1150, 15.1330, -15.4510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

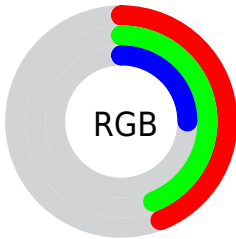
Format	Color
RYB	63, 112, 64
Decimal	7303231
CIELab	46.00, -8.34, 27.05
CIElCh	46, 28.311, 107.140
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3728, 0.4314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285493311 (0xFF6F703F)
YUV	106.1150, -21.2557, 4.2841
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -8.1045, 16.8412

Details

The CIELCh color **46, 28.311, 107.140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **29, 31.555, 296.412**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 28.318, 107.171**, and **26, 28.053, 106.564** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 34.279, 106.334**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46, 22.058, 107.999**.

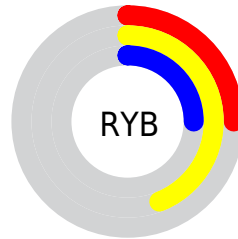
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (44%)

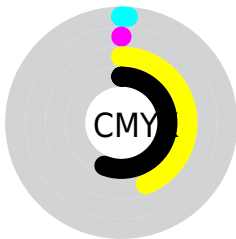
Blue (25%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (25%)

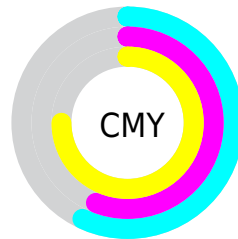


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (57%)


Magenta (56%)

Yellow (75%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 28.311, 107.140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 28.311, 107.140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 28.311,
107.140


 46, 28.311,
107.140


 100, 28.311,
107.140


 36, 28.311,
107.140


 66, 28.311,
107.140


 26, 28.311,
107.140

 76, 28.311,
107.140

 16, 28.311,
107.140

 86, 28.311,
107.140

 6, 28.311, 107.140

 96, 28.311,
107.140

 0, 28.311, 107.140

 46, 28.311,

 46, 28.311,

107.140

107.140

■ 46, 34.279,
106.334

■ 46, 22.058,
107.999

■ 46, 39.794,
105.603

■ 46, 15.629,
108.881

■ 46, 44.632,
104.984

■ 47, 9.098, 109.768

■ 45, 48.513,
104.518

■ 47, 2.513, 110.641

■ 47, 4.092, 291.531

■ 45, 51.238,
104.229

■ 48, 10.696,
292.367

■ 45, 52.788,
104.071

■ 48, 17.284,
293.177

■ 49, 23.842,
293.954

■ 49, 30.363,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 28.311, 107.140



29, 31.555, 296.412

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 28.311, 107.140



46, 28.311, 157.140



46, 28.311, 287.140



46, 28.311, 337.140

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 28.312, 107.143



60, 10.616, 109.810



33, 22.958, 24.676



31, 7.483, 109.651



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 28.312, 107.143



59, 41.818, 106.289



44, 30.653, 127.715



23, 3.717, 110.193



49, 55.470, 104.080



94, 94.739, 104.150

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 31.555, 296.412



33, 48.315, 298.291



31, 32.471, 311.686



21, 3.793, 291.834



12, 76.438, 306.389



31, 130.672, 306.329

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 28.311, 107.140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 28.311, 107.140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

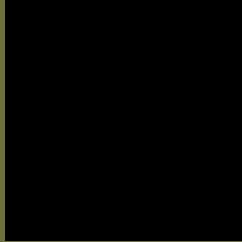
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 28.311, 107.140

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 28.311, 107.140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 28.311, 107.140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 28.311, 107.140

Protanopia

46, 27.841, 95.590

Deuteranopia

46, 26.797, 77.210



Tritanopia
46, 6.554, 333.766

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 28.311, 107.140

Protanomaly
46, 28.038, 99.523

Deuteranomaly
46, 26.495, 88.988

Tritanomaly
46, 8.263, 87.661

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 28.311, 107.140

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 10.656, 108.659

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 28.311, 107.140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 112, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 112, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 112, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 112, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 28.311, 107.140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 112, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 112, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 112, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 112, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 112, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 112,  
63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 28.311, 107.140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 112, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
112, 63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor