

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 28.866, 326.009)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 28.866, 326.009)
contains.

CIELCh(46, 28.864, 326.018)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(46, 28.864, 326.018)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	885F88
RGB	136, 95, 136
RGB Percent	53%, 37%, 53%
CMY	0.4657, 0.6265, 0.4657
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	300°, 18%, 45%
HSV	300°, 30%, 53%
XYZ	18.7713, 15.2687, 25.3454
YIQ	111.9330, 11.2750, 21.4430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

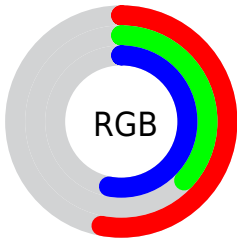
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 95, 136
Decimal	8937352
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, 23.93, -16.13
CIE _{LCh}	46, 28.864, 326.018
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3161, 0.2571
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287127432 (0xFF885F88)
YUV	111.9330, 11.8650, 21.1068
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 17.3681, -11.1048

Details

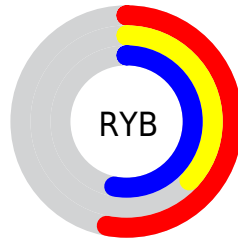
The CIELCh color $46, 28.864, 326.018$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $53, 28.864, 142.426$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 28.724, 326.313$, and $26, 28.563, 325.825$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 38.165, 326.514$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 19.293, 325.497$.

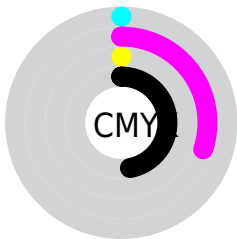
Distribution



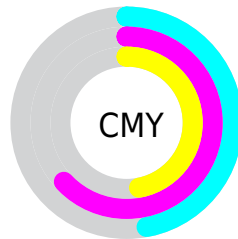
- Red (53%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)




- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (47%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 28.864, 326.018 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 28.864, 326.018 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 28.864,
326.018


 46, 28.864,
326.018


 100, 28.864,
326.018

 36, 28.864,
326.018

 66, 28.864,
326.018


 26, 28.864,
326.018

 76, 28.864,
326.018

 16, 28.864,
326.018

 86, 28.864,
326.018

 6, 28.864, 326.018

 96, 28.864,
326.018

 0, 28.864, 326.018

 46, 28.864,

 46, 28.864,

326.018

43, 38.165,
326.514

40, 46.937,
326.972

37, 54.856,
327.375

35, 61.574,
327.708

34, 66.778,
327.961

33, 70.276,
328.129

32, 72.528,
328.235

326.018

49, 19.293,
325.497

53, 9.659, 324.958

57, 0.101, 322.530

61, 9.287, 143.952

64, 18.447,
143.439

68, 27.349,
142.953

72, 35.978,
142.493

76, 44.333,
142.059

80, 52.420,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 28.864, 326.018



53, 28.864, 142.426

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 28.864, 326.018



46, 28.864, 16.018



46, 28.864, 146.018



46, 28.864, 196.018

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 28.862, 326.018



68, 10.600, 324.908



42, 24.825, 293.732



35, 7.429, 324.979



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 28.862, 326.018



56, 42.357, 326.353



45, 20.629, 346.342



27, 5.441, 324.906



31, 71.112, 328.235



0, 2.511, 324.441

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 28.862, 326.018



56, 42.357, 326.353



53, 19.901, 160.965



27, 5.441, 324.906



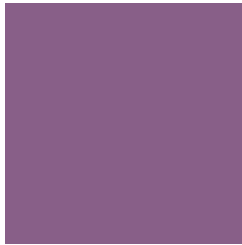
31, 71.112, 328.235



0, 2.511, 324.441

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 28.864, 326.018 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 28.864, 326.018 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

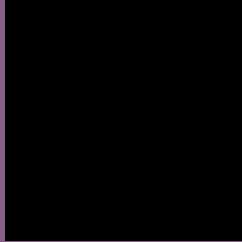
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 28.864, 326.018

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 28.864, 326.018.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 28.864, 326.018.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 28.864, 326.018

Protanopia

46, 22.097, 285.042

Deuteranopia

46, 16.063, 292.362



Tritanopia
46, 13.657, 3.661

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 28.864, 326.018

Protanomaly
46, 23.597, 302.084

Deuteranomaly
46, 19.956, 309.095

Tritanomaly
46, 18.106, 343.577

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 28.864, 326.018

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 10.768, 325.074

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 28.864, 326.018 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 95, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 95, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 95, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 95, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 28.864, 326.018 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 95, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 95, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 95, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 95, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 95, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 95,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 28.864, 326.018 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 95, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136, 95,  
136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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