

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 29.241, 342.378)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(46, 29.241, 342.378)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(46, 28.691, 342.665)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	935C7C
RGB	147, 92, 124
RGB Percent	58%, 36%, 49%
CMY	0.4242, 0.6398, 0.5143
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.16, 0.42
HSL	325°, 23%, 47%
HSV	325°, 37%, 58%
XYZ	19.4471, 15.2687, 20.9411
YIQ	112.0930, 22.5080, 21.6120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

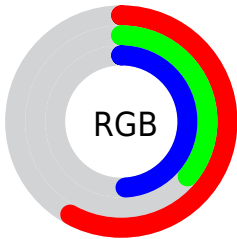
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	147, 92, 124
Decimal	9657468
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.00, 27.39, -8.55
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 28.691, 342.665
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3494, 0.2743
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287847548 (0xFF935C7C)
YUV	112.0930, 5.8702, 30.6134
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 20.4554, -4.4219

# Details

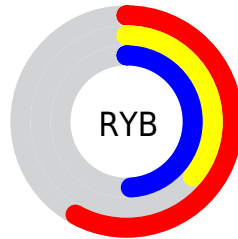
The CIELCh color  $46, 28.691, 342.665$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $56, 27.918, 156.140$ , and the grayscale version is  $47, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $66, 28.949, 342.213$ , and  $26, 28.788, 342.791$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $42, 36.036, 343.754$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $50, 21.041, 341.697$ .

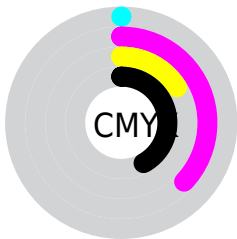
# Distribution



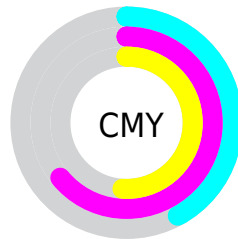
- Red (58%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 28.691, 342.665 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 28.691, 342.665 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 46, 28.691,  
342.665

 46, 28.691,  
342.665

 100, 28.691,  
342.665

 36, 28.691,  
342.665

 66, 28.691,  
342.665

 26, 28.691,  
342.665

 76, 28.691,  
342.665

 16, 28.691,  
342.665

 86, 28.691,  
342.665

 6, 28.691, 342.665

 96, 28.691,  
342.665

 0, 28.691, 342.665

 46, 28.691,

 46, 28.691,

342.665

342.665

42, 36.036,  
343.754

50, 21.041,  
341.697

39, 42.790,  
345.004

54, 13.306,  
340.817

37, 48.596,  
346.475

58, 5.629, 339.990

34, 53.084,  
348.253

62, 1.901, 159.468

66, 9.231, 158.664

33, 55.965,  
350.448

70, 16.337,  
158.018

32, 57.337,  
353.121

75, 23.212,  
157.424

31, 57.653,  
353.821

79, 29.859,  
156.870

83, 36.289,



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 28.691, 342.665



56, 27.918, 156.140

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 28.691, 342.665



46, 28.691, 32.665



46, 28.691, 162.665



46, 28.691, 212.665

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 28.689, 342.666



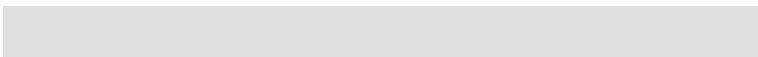
72, 10.353, 340.302



43, 34.129, 308.169



37, 7.019, 340.401



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 28.689, 342.666



56, 42.479, 343.580



45, 24.156, 16.482



29, 4.303, 340.136



29, 55.071, 353.615



1, 3.730, 339.487



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 28.689, 342.666



56, 42.479, 343.580



57, 19.510, 189.821



29, 4.303, 340.136



29, 55.071, 353.615

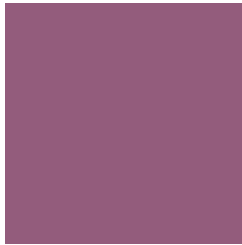


1, 3.730, 339.487



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 28.691, 342.665 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

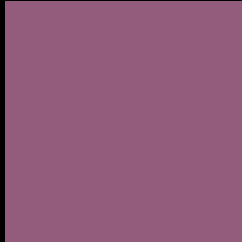
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 28.691, 342.665 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

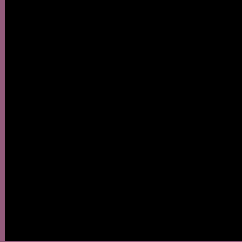
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 46, 28.691, 342.665

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 28.691, 342.665.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 28.691, 342.665.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46, 28.691, 342.665

### Protanopia

46, 16.105, 285.866

### Deuteranopia

46, 9.512, 310.735





**Tritanopia**  
46, 20.951, 11.064

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
46, 28.691, 342.665

**Protanomaly**  
46, 18.546, 312.949

**Deuteranomaly**  
46, 16.005, 330.317

**Tritanomaly**  
46, 23.362, 357.545

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
46, 28.691, 342.665

**Achromatopsia**  
47, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
47, 10.454, 342.279

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 28.691, 342.665 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 92, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 92, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 92, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 92, 124) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 28.691, 342.665 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 92, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 92, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 92, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 92, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 92, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 92,  
124) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 28.691, 342.665 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 92, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147, 92,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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