

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 33.255, 254.886)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 33.255, 254.886)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 33.103, 254.537)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1874A2
RGB	24, 116, 162
RGB Percent	9%, 45%, 64%
CMY	0.9065, 0.5454, 0.3651
CMYK	0.85, 0.28, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	200°, 74%, 36%
HSV	200°, 85%, 63%
XYZ	13.1215, 15.2687, 36.3958
YIQ	93.7360, -69.5980, -5.1980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

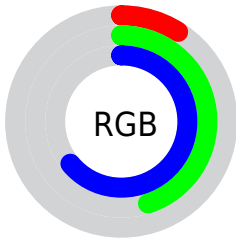
Format	Color
R_{YB}	24, 79, 162
Decimal	1602722
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, -8.83, -31.90
CIE _{LCh}	46, 33.103, 254.537
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2025, 0.2357
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279792802 (0xFF1874A2)
YUV	93.7360, 33.6542, -61.1585
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -8.4407, -27.8719

Details

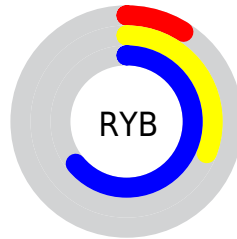
The CIELCh color **46, 33.103, 254.537** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **41, 56.465, 50.820**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 33.068, 254.239**, and **27, 29.552, 267.121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 35.501, 259.249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 30.493, 250.418**.

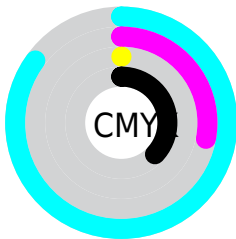
Distribution



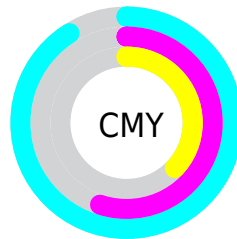
- Red (9%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)





- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (37%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 33.103, 254.537 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 33.103, 254.537 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 33.103,
254.537


 46, 33.103,
254.537


 100, 33.103,
254.537


 36, 33.103,
254.537

 66, 33.103,
254.537


 26, 33.103,
254.537

 76, 33.103,
254.537

 16, 33.103,
254.537

 86, 33.103,
254.537

 6, 33.103, 254.537

 96, 33.103,
254.537

 0, 33.103, 254.537

 46, 33.103,

 46, 33.103,

254.537

■ 44, 35.501,
259.249

■ 43, 36.657,
261.467

254.537

■ 48, 30.493,
250.418

■ 50, 27.562,
246.940

■ 52, 24.255,
244.069

■ 55, 20.563,
241.734

■ 57, 16.511,
239.850

■ 60, 12.140,
238.340

■ 62, 7.500, 237.141

■ 65, 2.642, 236.261

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 33.103, 254.537



41, 56.465, 50.820

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 33.103, 254.537



46, 33.103, 304.537



46, 33.103, 74.537



46, 33.103, 124.537

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 33.102, 254.538



76, 15.482, 238.506



58, 67.211, 144.668



39, 10.493, 238.978



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 33.102, 254.538



56, 45.245, 262.542



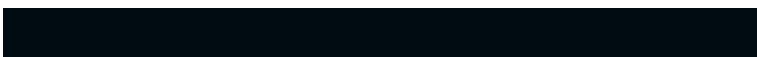
27, 71.847, 298.932



33, 2.827, 236.560



39, 33.693, 260.954



3, 4.522, 242.781

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 62.582, 344.253



47, 78.463, 347.633



58, 57.625, 91.379



32, 4.960, 336.259



32, 59.727, 346.911



1, 7.349, 338.198

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 33.103, 254.537 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 33.103, 254.537 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

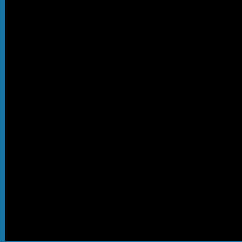
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 33.103, 254.537

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 33.103, 254.537.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 33.103, 254.537.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 33.103, 254.537

Protanopia

46, 28.133, 284.590

Deuteranopia

46, 33.776, 281.247



Tritanopia
46, 27.899, 207.831

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 33.103, 254.537

Protanomaly
45, 29.883, 269.571

Deuteranomaly
46, 33.032, 269.543

Tritanomaly
46, 27.749, 227.039

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 33.103, 254.537

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 15.302, 241.038

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 33.103, 254.537 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(24, 116, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(24, 116, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(24, 116, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(24, 116, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 33.103, 254.537 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(24, 116, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(24, 116, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(24, 116, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(24, 116, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 116, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 116,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 33.103, 254.537 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(24, 116, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(24, 116,  
162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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