

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 33.265, 75.876)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 33.265, 75.876) contains.

CIELCh(46, 33.448, 76.561)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(46, 33.448, 76.561)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	896736
RGB	137, 103, 54
RGB Percent	54%, 40%, 21%
CMY	0.4630, 0.5963, 0.7884
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.61, 0.46
HSL	35°, 43%, 37%
HSV	35°, 61%, 54%
XYZ	15.8160, 15.2687, 5.5971
YIQ	107.5800, 35.9930, -8.0310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

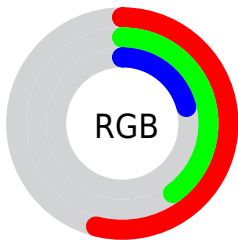
Format	Color
RYB	112, 137, 54
Decimal	9004854
CIELab	46.00, 7.77, 32.53
CIELCh	46, 33.448, 76.561
Yxy	15.2687, 0.4312, 0.4162
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287194934 (0xFF896736)
YUV	107.5800, -26.4149, 25.8013
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 3.8681, 18.8599

Details

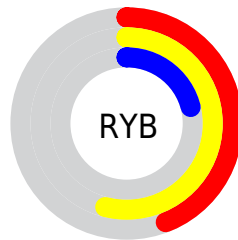
The CIELCh color **46, 33.448, 76.561** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **37, 31.211, 276.548**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 33.660, 76.506**, and **26, 33.597, 76.418** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 39.120, 75.067**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 27.654, 77.977**.

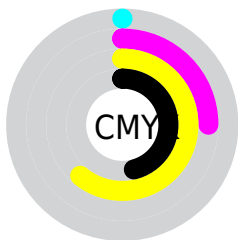
Distribution



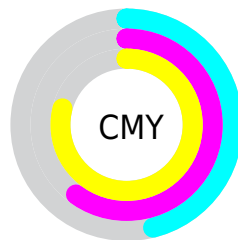
- Red (54%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 33.448, 76.561 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 33.448, 76.561 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 33.448, 76.561

■ 46, 33.448, 76.561

■ 100, 33.448,
76.561

■ 36, 33.448, 76.561

■ 66, 33.448, 76.561

■ 26, 33.448, 76.561

■ 76, 33.448, 76.561

■ 16, 33.448, 76.561

■ 86, 33.448, 76.561

■ 6, 33.448, 76.561

■ 96, 33.448, 76.561

■ 0, 33.448, 76.561

■ 46, 33.448, 76.561

■ 46, 33.448, 76.561

■ 44, 39.120, 75.067

■ 48, 27.654, 77.977

■ 43, 44.370, 73.403

■ 49, 21.900, 79.339

41, 48.704, 71.416

51, 16.264, 80.665

40, 52.157, 69.419

53, 10.781, 81.955

55, 5.461, 83.198

57, 0.300, 83.716

59, 4.710, 265.696

61, 9.582, 266.810

63, 14.328,
267.893

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 33.448, 76.561



37, 31.211, 276.548

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 33.448, 76.561



46, 33.448, 126.561



46, 33.448, 256.561



46, 33.448, 306.561

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 33.448, 76.565



68, 11.654, 82.234



35, 39.153, 356.074



35, 8.099, 81.910



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 33.448, 76.565



57, 50.168, 74.427



55, 44.954, 108.770



28, 2.912, 83.371



39, 50.945, 69.531



1, 1.338, 84.532

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 31.211, 276.548



43, 46.932, 281.150



28, 53.210, 301.082



27, 2.888, 265.762



25, 51.334, 290.547



1, 1.338, 264.541

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 33.448, 76.561 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 33.448, 76.561 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

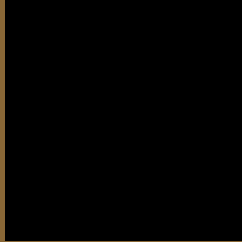
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 33.448, 76.561

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 33.448, 76.561.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 33.448, 76.561.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 33.448, 76.561

Protanopia

46, 31.175, 95.282

Deuteranopia

46, 33.128, 79.081



Tritanopia
46, 19.273, 8.005

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 33.448, 76.561

Protanomaly
46, 31.767, 88.299

Deuteranomaly
46, 33.374, 78.362

Tritanomaly
46, 20.360, 43.356

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 33.448, 76.561

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 12.157, 80.388

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 33.448, 76.561 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 103, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 103, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 103, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 103, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 33.448, 76.561 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 103, 54) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 103, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 103, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 103, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 103, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 103,  
54) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 33.448, 76.561 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 103, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
103, 54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor