

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 34.432, 246.962)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 34.432, 246.962)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 32.994, 249.177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0075A0
RGB	0, 117, 160
RGB Percent	0%, 46%, 63%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5407, 0.3723
CMYK	1.00, 0.27, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	196°, 100%, 31%
HSV	196°, 100%, 63%
XYZ	12.6843, 15.2687, 35.5638
YIQ	86.9190, -83.5350, -11.4310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

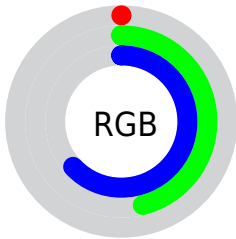
Format	Color
RYB	0, 68, 160
Decimal	30112
CIELab	46.00, -11.73, -30.84
CIELCh	46, 32.994, 249.177
Yxy	15.2687, 0.1997, 0.2404
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220192 (0xFF0075A0)
YUV	86.9190, 36.0289, -76.2280
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -10.4382, -26.6095

Details

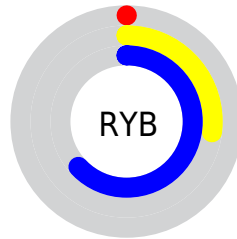
The CIELCh color **46, 32.994, 249.177** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **36, 67.587, 46.334**, and the grayscale version is **37, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 32.926, 249.525**, and **28, 28.062, 263.840** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 32.897, 249.394**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 31.381, 245.002**.

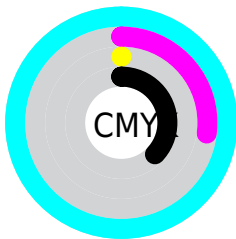
Distribution



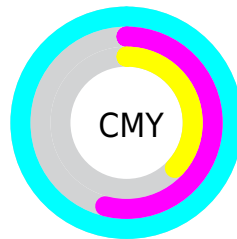
- Red (0%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (37%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 32.994, 249.177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 32.994, 249.177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 32.994,
249.177


 46, 32.994,
249.177


 100, 32.994,
249.177


 36, 32.994,
249.177

 66, 32.994,
249.177


 26, 32.994,
249.177

 76, 32.994,
249.177

 16, 32.994,
249.177


 86, 32.994,
249.177

 6, 32.994, 249.177

 96, 32.994,
249.177

 0, 32.994, 249.177

 46, 32.994,

 46, 32.994,

249.177

249.177

■ 46, 32.897,
249.394

■ 48, 31.381,
245.002

■ 49, 29.642,
241.070

■ 51, 27.476,
237.805

■ 53, 24.822,
235.157

■ 55, 21.670,
233.044

■ 57, 18.049,
231.378

■ 59, 14.010,
230.078

■ 61, 9.615, 229.076

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 32.994, 249.177



36, 67.587, 46.334

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 32.994, 249.177



46, 32.994, 299.177



46, 32.994, 69.177



46, 32.994, 119.177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 32.897, 249.394



75, 17.385, 230.144



57, 76.167, 140.401



38, 11.684, 230.625



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 32.897, 249.394



59, 40.389, 250.419



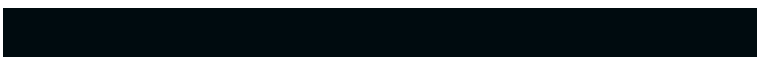
23, 78.703, 300.943



32, 2.762, 228.291



41, 30.163, 248.877



3, 3.666, 232.024

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 66.671, 342.410



47, 81.033, 342.766



54, 59.571, 85.150



31, 5.060, 333.600



31, 61.436, 342.234



1, 6.409, 334.432

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 32.994, 249.177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 32.994, 249.177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

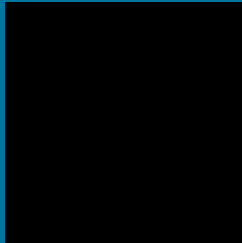
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 32.994, 249.177

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 32.994, 249.177.

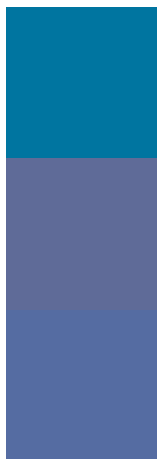


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 32.994, 249.177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 32.906, 249.483

Protanopia

46, 26.898, 285.278

Deuteranopia

46, 32.499, 281.924



Tritanopia
46, 27.899, 207.831

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 32.906, 249.483

Protanomaly
45, 29.163, 263.677

Deuteranomaly
45, 32.557, 265.999

Tritanomaly
46, 28.068, 223.744

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 32.906, 249.483

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 16.986, 233.506

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 32.994, 249.177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 117, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 117, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 117, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 117, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 32.994, 249.177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 117, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 117, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 117, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 117, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 117, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 117,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 32.994, 249.177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 117, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 117,  
160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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