

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 36.848, 151.607)



Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(46, 36.848, 151.607)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(46, 37.011, 151.450)**



# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	357A4E
RGB	53, 122, 78
RGB Percent	21%, 48%, 31%
CMY	0.7915, 0.5210, 0.6936
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.36, 0.52
HSL	142°, 39%, 34%
HSV	142°, 56%, 48%
XYZ	9.8342, 15.2687, 9.6623
YIQ	96.3530, -27.0000, -28.3120



# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">53, 104, 122</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3504718</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">46.00, -32.51, 17.69</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">46, 37.011, 151.450</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">15.2687, 0.2829, 0.4392</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281694798</a> (0xFF357A4E)
YUV	<a href="#">96.3530, -9.0480, -38.0206</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">39.0751, -23.4577, 12.6916</a>



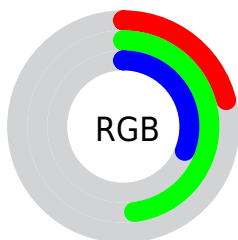
# Details

The CIELCh color **46, 37.011, 151.450** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **33, 37.593, 341.686**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 37.266, 151.399**, and **26, 35.316, 149.767** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 42.679, 149.997**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 30.912, 152.730**.



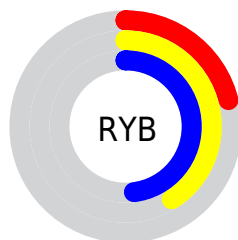
# Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (48%)

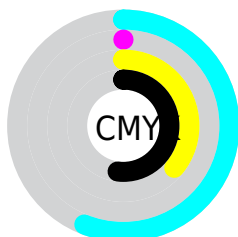
Blue (31%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (48%)

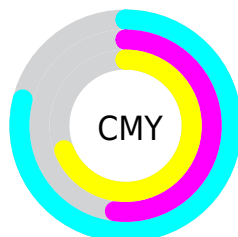


Cyan (56%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (69%)





# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 37.011, 151.450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 37.011, 151.450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46, 37.011,  
151.450


 46, 37.011,  
151.450


 100, 37.011,  
151.450


 36, 37.011,  
151.450

 66, 37.011,  
151.450


 26, 37.011,  
151.450

 76, 37.011,  
151.450

 16, 37.011,  
151.450

 86, 37.011,  
151.450

 6, 37.011, 151.450

 96, 37.011,  
151.450


 0, 37.011, 151.450


 46, 37.011,


 46, 37.011,




151.450

 45, 42.679,  
149.997


 45, 47.814,  
148.362

 45, 52.343,  
146.551


 45, 56.284,  
144.649


 44, 57.605,  
144.043

151.450

 47, 30.912,  
152.730

 47, 24.491,  
153.853

 48, 17.859,  
154.841

 49, 11.119,  
155.715

 50, 4.357, 156.516

 52, 2.358, 337.034

 53, 8.972, 337.723

 54, 15.447,  
338.286

 56, 21.758,







# Harmonies



# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 37.011, 151.450



33, 37.593, 341.686



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 37.011, 151.450



46, 37.011, 201.450



46, 37.011, 331.450



46, 37.011, 21.450



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 37.012, 151.450



63, 14.166, 155.638



48, 40.115, 120.891



32, 9.424, 155.510



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813







# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 37.012, 151.450



58, 53.500, 149.502



47, 24.444, 182.157



25, 3.797, 156.310



45, 58.621, 143.989



87, 101.400, 142.775







# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 37.593, 341.686



39, 53.493, 343.298



32, 32.218, 14.974



24, 3.822, 337.498



27, 52.815, 348.755



55, 88.021, 350.286







# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 37.011, 151.450 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

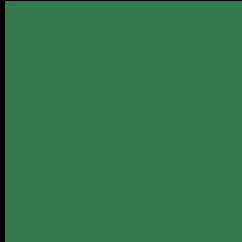
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 37.011, 151.450 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



**CIELCh 46, 37.011, 151.450**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 37.011, 151.450.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 37.011, 151.450.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46, 37.011, 151.450

### Protanopia

46, 21.560, 96.093

### Deuteranopia

46, 16.856, 70.032



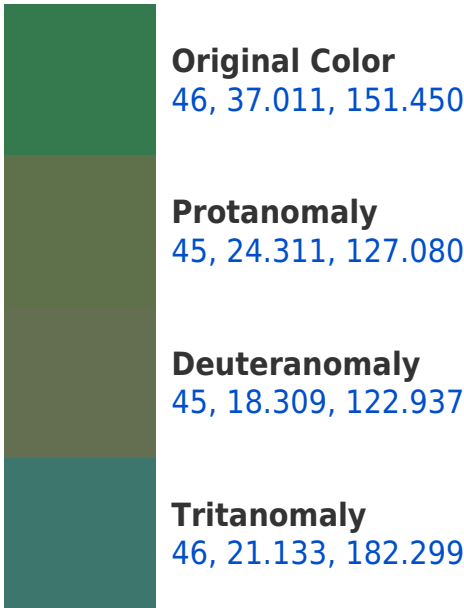


**Tritanopia**

46, 17.626, 217.621



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy





# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 37.011, 151.450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 122, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 122, 78)  
}
```



If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 122, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 122, 78) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 37.011, 151.450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 122, 78) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 122, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 122, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 122, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 122, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 122,  
78) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 37.011, 151.450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 122, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 122,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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