

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 38.088, 278.878)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 38.088, 278.878)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 38.229, 279.161)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	476DAC
RGB	71, 109, 172
RGB Percent	28%, 43%, 67%
CMY	0.7213, 0.5724, 0.3253
CMYK	0.59, 0.37, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	217°, 42%, 48%
HSV	217°, 59%, 67%
XYZ	15.5267, 15.2687, 41.1829
YIQ	104.8200, -42.8710, 11.5370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

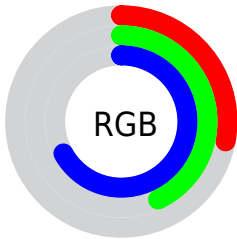
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 99, 172
Decimal	4681132
CIE Lab	46.00, 6.09, -37.74
CIE LCh	46, 38.229, 279.161
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2157, 0.2121
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282871212 (0xFF476DAC)
YUV	104.8200, 33.1197, -29.6601
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 2.5465, -35.1355

Details

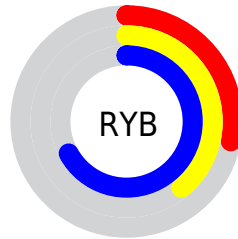
The CIELCh color **46, 38.229, 279.161** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **58, 39.640, 79.674**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 38.443, 279.395**, and **26, 37.990, 279.968** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 45.050, 282.327**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 31.533, 276.387**.

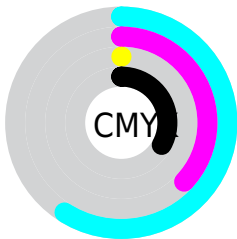
Distribution



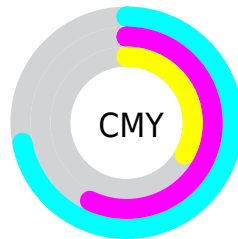
- Red (28%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 38.229, 279.161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 38.229, 279.161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 38.229,
279.161

■ 46, 38.229,
279.161

■ 100, 38.229,
279.161

■ 36, 38.229,
279.161

■ 66, 38.229,
279.161

■ 26, 38.229,
279.161

■ 76, 38.229,
279.161

■ 16, 38.229,
279.161

■ 86, 38.229,
279.161

■ 6, 38.229, 279.161

■ 96, 38.229,
279.161

■ 0, 38.229, 279.161

■ 46, 38.229,

■ 46, 38.229,

279.161

279.161

■ 42, 45.050,
282.327

■ 50, 31.533,
276.387

■ 38, 52.038,
285.846

■ 54, 24.931,
273.993

■ 35, 59.206,
289.610

■ 58, 18.400,
271.945

■ 32, 66.513,
293.366

■ 63, 11.933,
270.198

■ 31, 67.472,
293.814

■ 67, 5.527, 268.722

■ 71, 0.813, 87.089

■ 75, 7.083, 86.240

■ 79, 13.277, 85.288

■ 83, 19.390, 84.447

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 38.229, 279.161



58, 39.640, 79.674

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 38.229, 279.161



46, 38.229, 329.161



46, 38.229, 99.161



46, 38.229, 149.161

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 38.228, 279.162



80, 14.254, 270.138



64, 40.381, 163.831



41, 9.906, 270.600



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 38.228, 279.162



54, 57.087, 283.195



37, 61.985, 301.716



34, 3.621, 268.804



27, 60.428, 293.374



2, 8.192, 273.190

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 45.164, 358.812



53, 64.630, 2.005



68, 52.692, 110.401



34, 4.294, 351.692



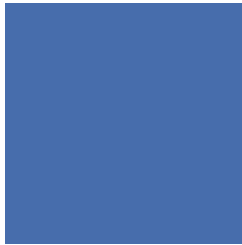
31, 57.371, 13.022



2, 8.586, 355.486

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 38.229, 279.161 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

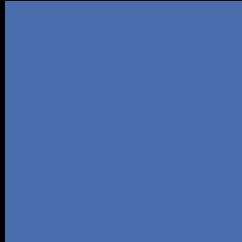
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 38.229, 279.161 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

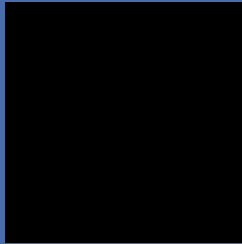
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

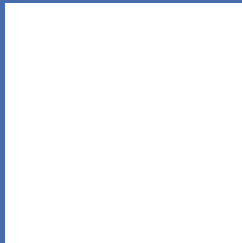
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 38.229, 279.161

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 38.229, 279.161.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 38.229, 279.161.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 38.229, 279.161

Protanopia

46, 38.224, 285.903

Deuteranopia

46, 38.131, 279.832



Tritanopia
46, 21.318, 213.686

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 38.229, 279.161

Protanomaly
46, 38.392, 283.534

Deuteranomaly
46, 38.180, 279.494

Tritanomaly
46, 23.392, 246.139

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 38.229, 279.161

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 14.384, 272.936

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 38.229, 279.161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 109, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 109, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 109, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 109, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 38.229, 279.161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 109, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 109, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 109, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 109, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 109, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 109,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 38.229, 279.161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 109, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 109,  
172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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