

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 39.625, 356.449)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 39.625, 356.449)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 39.686, 356.411)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A75072
RGB	167, 80, 114
RGB Percent	65%, 31%, 45%
CMY	0.3436, 0.6849, 0.5516
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.32, 0.34
HSL	337°, 35%, 49%
HSV	337°, 52%, 66%
XYZ	21.9687, 15.2687, 17.8112
YIQ	109.8890, 40.9380, 29.0180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

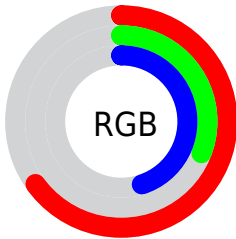
Format	Color
RYB	167, 80, 114
Decimal	10965106
CIELab	46.00, 39.61, -2.48
CIELCh	46, 39.686, 356.411
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3991, 0.2774
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289155186 (0xFFA75072)
YUV	109.8890, 2.0267, 50.0863
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 31.9743, 0.3270

Details

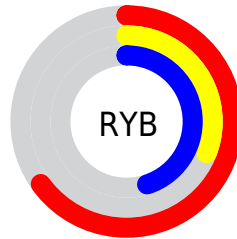
The CIELCh color **46, 39.686, 356.411** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **63, 35.862, 164.379**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 39.587, 356.130**, and **26, 39.485, 356.689** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 46.535, 358.477**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 32.216, 354.727**.

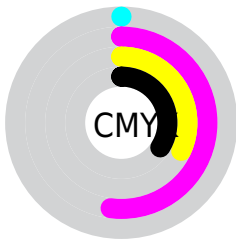
Distribution



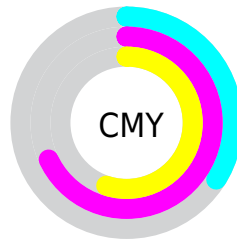
- Red (65%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (34%)





- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 39.686, 356.411 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 39.686, 356.411 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 39.686,
356.411


 46, 39.686,
356.411


 100, 39.686,
356.411


 36, 39.686,
356.411

 66, 39.686,
356.411


 26, 39.686,
356.411

 76, 39.686,
356.411

 16, 39.686,
356.411

 86, 39.686,
356.411

 6, 39.686, 356.411

 96, 39.686,
356.411

 0, 39.686, 356.411

 46, 39.686,

 46, 39.686,

356.411

356.411

■ 43, 46.535,
358.477

■ 50, 32.216,
354.727

■ 40, 52.397, 1.057

■ 54, 24.456,
353.318

■ 38, 56.945, 4.319

■ 58, 16.648,
352.112

■ 36, 60.051, 8.425

■ 35, 61.935, 12.157

■ 63, 8.953, 351.050

■ 68, 1.468, 349.908

■ 72, 5.757, 169.419

■ 77, 12.702,
168.638

■ 82, 19.366,
167.951

■ 87, 25.762,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 39.686, 356.411



63, 35.862, 164.379

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 39.686, 356.411



46, 39.686, 46.411



46, 39.686, 176.411



46, 39.686, 226.411

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 39.683, 356.413



77, 14.832, 351.493



44, 54.217, 314.746



40, 10.122, 351.702



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 39.683, 356.413



55, 57.277, 358.737



47, 36.693, 31.994



33, 4.225, 350.778



31, 56.491, 11.566



2, 7.354, 353.502

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 39.683, 356.413



55, 57.277, 358.737



61, 24.661, 208.959



33, 4.225, 350.778



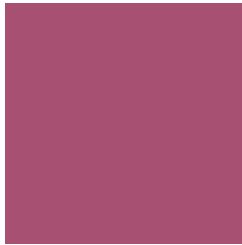
31, 56.491, 11.566



2, 7.354, 353.502

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 39.686, 356.411 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

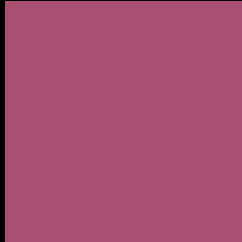
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 39.686, 356.411 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 39.686, 356.411

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 39.686, 356.411.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 39.686, 356.411.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 39.686, 356.411

Protanopia

46, 13.734, 284.293

Deuteranopia

46, 6.266, 357.979



Tritanopia
46, 35.423, 19.167

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 39.686, 356.411

Protanomaly
46, 19.507, 326.578

Deuteranomaly
46, 18.753, 353.916

Tritanomaly
46, 36.424, 10.573

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 39.686, 356.411

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 15.296, 351.333

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 39.686, 356.411 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 80, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 80, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 80, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 80, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 39.686, 356.411 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 80, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 80, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 80, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 80, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 80, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 80,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 39.686, 356.411 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 80, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167, 80,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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