

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 4.077, 43.764)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 4.077, 43.764) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 4.167, 44.918)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	746B68
RGB	116, 107, 104
RGB Percent	45%, 42%, 41%
CMY	0.5446, 0.5798, 0.5916
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.10, 0.54
HSL	15°, 5%, 43%
HSV	15°, 10%, 46%
XYZ	14.9984, 15.2687, 15.2896
YIQ	109.3490, 6.3270, 0.9750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

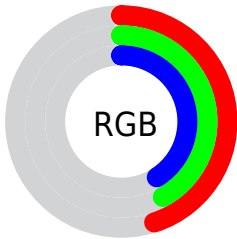
Format	Color
R _Y B	116, 108, 104
Decimal	7629672
CIE Lab	46.00, 2.95, 2.94
CIE LCh	46, 4.167, 44.918
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3292, 0.3352
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285819752 (0xFF746B68)
YUV	109.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 0.1332, 4.1531

Details

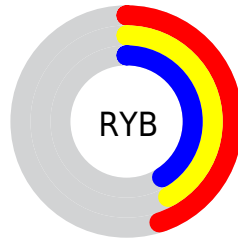
The CIELCh color $46, 4.167, 44.918$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $47, 3.933, 226.047$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 4.216, 42.733$, and $26, 4.231, 47.401$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 8.517, 44.649$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 0.128, 42.660$.

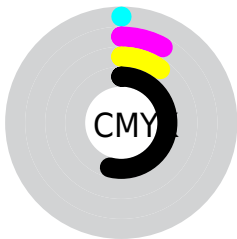
Distribution



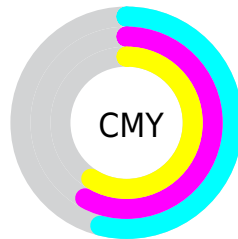
- Red (45%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 4.167, 44.918 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 4.167, 44.918 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 4.167, 44.918	 46, 4.167, 44.918
 100, 4.167, 44.918	 36, 4.167, 44.918
 66, 4.167, 44.918	 26, 4.167, 44.918
 76, 4.167, 44.918	 16, 4.167, 44.918
 86, 4.167, 44.918	 6, 4.167, 44.918
 96, 4.167, 44.918	 0, 4.167, 44.918

 46, 4.167, 44.918	 46, 4.167, 44.918
 43, 8.517, 44.649	 49, 0.128, 42.660
 41, 13.208, 44.421	 52, 3.630, 225.980
 38, 18.259, 44.301	 54, 7.136, 226.420

■ 35, 23.678, 44.319

■ 57, 10.420,
226.916

■ 33, 29.444, 44.492

■ 60, 13.508,
227.432

■ 31, 35.490, 44.814

■ 29, 41.646, 45.217

■ 63, 16.423,
227.957

■ 27, 47.520, 45.468

■ 66, 19.187,
228.482

■ 26, 52.288, 45.291

■ 69, 21.817,
229.003

■ 72, 24.330,
229.516

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 4.167, 44.918



47, 3.933, 226.047

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 4.167, 44.918



46, 4.167, 94.918



46, 4.167, 224.918



46, 4.167, 274.918

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 4.167, 44.939



61, 1.454, 45.018



45, 7.283, 332.949



32, 1.114, 45.044



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 4.167, 44.939



58, 6.026, 44.882



48, 5.430, 96.052



23, 2.277, 44.975



27, 54.739, 45.458



56, 96.167, 44.723

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 3.933, 226.047



60, 5.620, 226.151



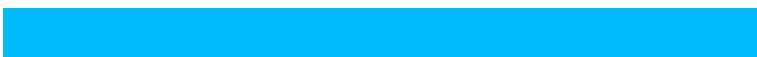
45, 5.472, 278.476



24, 2.166, 225.986



36, 26.337, 244.475



71, 45.306, 247.250

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 4.167, 44.918 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 4.167, 44.918 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

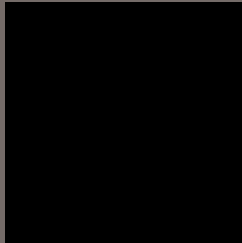
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 4.167, 44.918

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 4.167, 44.918.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 4.167, 44.918.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 4.167, 44.918

Protanopia

46, 2.664, 81.918

Deuteranopia

46, 6.785, 25.163



Tritanopia
46, 6.554, 333.766

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 4.167, 44.918

Protanomaly
46, 3.058, 55.001

Deuteranomaly
46, 5.603, 32.150

Tritanomaly
46, 5.130, 352.474

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 4.167, 44.918

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 1.748, 39.188

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 4.167, 44.918 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 107, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 107, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 107, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 107, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 4.167, 44.918 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 107, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 107, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 107, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 107, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 107, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 107,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 4.167, 44.918 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 107, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
107, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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