

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 4.634, 27.194)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 4.634, 27.194) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 4.634, 27.194)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	766B6A
RGB	118, 107, 106
RGB Percent	46%, 42%, 42%
CMY	0.5391, 0.5822, 0.5861
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.10, 0.54
HSL	5°, 5%, 44%
HSV	5°, 10%, 46%
XYZ	15.1943, 15.2687, 15.6563
YIQ	110.1750, 6.8770, 2.0210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

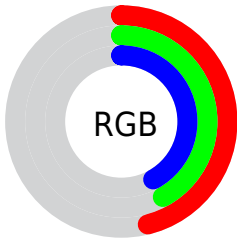
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 107, 106
Decimal	7760746
CIE Lab	46.00, 4.12, 2.12
CIE LCh	46, 4.634, 27.194
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3295, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285950826 (0xFF766B6A)
YUV	110.1750, -2.0583, 6.8625
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 1.0280, 3.5967

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 4.634, 27.194$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $48, 4.351, 206.821$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 4.683, 26.484$, and $26, 4.701, 28.104$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 9.542, 27.702$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 0.088, 22.700$.

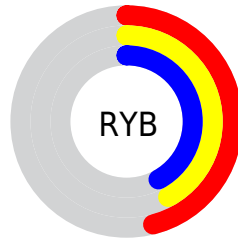
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (42%)

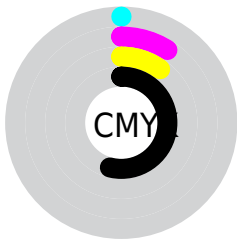
Blue (42%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (42%)

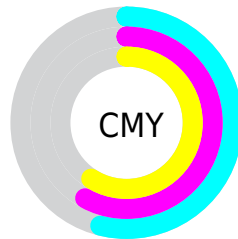


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 4.634, 27.194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 4.634, 27.194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 4.634, 27.194	 46, 4.634, 27.194
 100, 4.634, 27.194	 36, 4.634, 27.194
 66, 4.634, 27.194	 26, 4.634, 27.194
 76, 4.634, 27.194	 16, 4.634, 27.194
 86, 4.634, 27.194	 6, 4.634, 27.194
 96, 4.634, 27.194	 0, 4.634, 27.194

 46, 4.634, 27.194	 46, 4.634, 27.194
 43, 9.542, 27.702	 49, 0.088, 22.700
 39, 14.833, 28.339	 53, 4.122, 206.856
 36, 20.507, 29.196	 56, 8.028, 206.676

■ 33, 26.538, 30.336

■ 60, 11.665,
206.584

■ 31, 32.857, 31.821

■ 63, 15.061,
206.544

■ 28, 39.342, 33.694

■ 26, 45.782, 35.918

■ 67, 18.247,
206.541

■ 25, 51.638, 38.057

■ 70, 21.248,
206.564

■ 24, 55.888, 39.470

■ 74, 24.086,
206.607

■ 77, 26.781,
206.664

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 4.634, 27.194



48, 4.351, 206.821

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 4.634, 27.194



46, 4.634, 77.194



46, 4.634, 207.194



46, 4.634, 257.194

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 4.633, 27.211



62, 1.645, 26.779



46, 8.164, 327.304



32, 1.243, 26.852



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 4.633, 27.211



58, 6.820, 27.308



48, 4.602, 82.600



23, 2.540, 27.157



25, 57.895, 39.751



53, 101.821, 40.706

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 4.351, 206.821



61, 6.318, 206.768



46, 4.554, 265.218



24, 2.404, 206.855



43, 26.359, 210.370



83, 44.505, 211.236

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 4.634, 27.194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 4.634, 27.194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

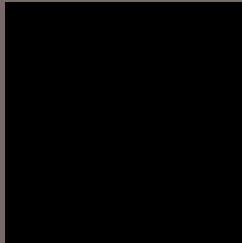
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 4.634, 27.194

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 4.634, 27.194.

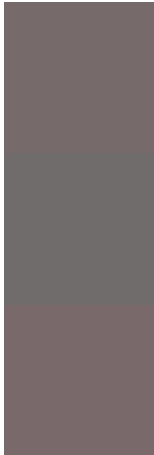


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 4.634, 27.194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 4.634, 27.194

Protanopia

46, 1.364, 45.017

Deuteranopia

46, 6.739, 15.174



Tritanopia
46, 7.845, 337.477

Trichromacy



Original Color

46, 4.634, 27.194

Protanomaly

46, 2.554, 32.968

Deuteranomaly

46, 5.868, 20.065

Tritanomaly

46, 5.774, 349.220

Monochromacy



Original Color

46, 4.634, 27.194

Achromatopsia

46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

46, 1.745, 39.187

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 4.634, 27.194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 107, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 107, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 107, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 107, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 4.634, 27.194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 107, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 107, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 107, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 107, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 107, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 107,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 4.634, 27.194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 107, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
107, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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