

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 4.751, 114.553)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 4.751, 114.553) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 4.751, 114.553)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D6E66
RGB	109, 110, 102
RGB Percent	43%, 43%, 40%
CMY	0.5738, 0.5698, 0.6012
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.07, 0.57
HSL	68°, 4%, 41%
HSV	68°, 7%, 43%
XYZ	14.1932, 15.2687, 14.6891
YIQ	108.7890, 1.9720, -2.7000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

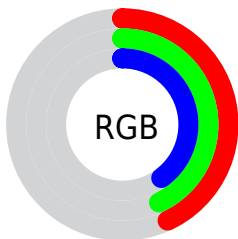
Format	Color
RYB	102, 110, 103
Decimal	7171686
CIELab	46.00, -1.97, 4.32
CIELCh	46, 4.751, 114.553
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3215, 0.3458
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285361766 (0xFF6D6E66)
YUV	108.7890, -3.3470, 0.1850
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -3.5454, 5.0643

Details

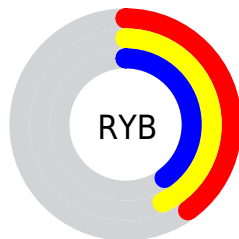
The CIELCh color $46, 4.751, 114.553$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43, 4.833, 295.650$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 5.029, 118.500$, and $26, 5.225, 114.227$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 11.252, 113.825$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46, 1.776, 295.295$.

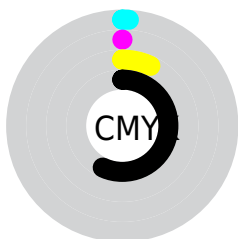
Distribution



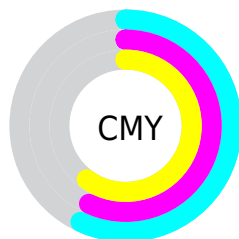
- Red (43%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 4.751, 114.553 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 4.751, 114.553 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 4.751, 114.553

■ 46, 4.751, 114.553

■ 100, 4.751,
114.553

■ 36, 4.751, 114.553

■ 66, 4.751, 114.553

■ 26, 4.751, 114.553

■ 76, 4.751, 114.553

■ 16, 4.751, 114.553

■ 86, 4.751, 114.553

■ 6, 4.751, 114.553

■ 96, 4.751, 114.553

■ 0, 4.751, 114.553

■ 46, 4.751, 114.553

■ 46, 4.751, 114.553

■ 46, 11.252,
113.825

■ 46, 1.776, 295.295

■ 45, 17.687,

■ 47, 8.306, 295.990

113.082

47, 14.820,
296.661

45, 24.001,
112.351

48, 21.303,
297.300

45, 30.112,
111.655

48, 27.744,
297.905

44, 35.898,
111.026

49, 34.137,
298.476

44, 41.181,
110.507

50, 40.473,
299.011

44, 45.723,
110.153

50, 46.747,
299.512

44, 49.250,
110.029

51, 52.957,
299.981

44, 51.854,
110.106

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 4.751, 114.553



43, 4.833, 295.650

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 4.751, 114.553



46, 4.751, 164.553



46, 4.751, 294.553



46, 4.751, 344.553

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 4.752, 114.563



59, 1.614, 114.939



44, 3.007, 30.312



30, 0.911, 114.950



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 4.752, 114.563



59, 7.283, 114.420



46, 5.182, 132.770



23, 3.734, 114.436



47, 56.013, 110.185



92, 95.769, 110.589

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 4.833, 295.650



55, 7.432, 295.808



44, 5.226, 313.303



21, 3.809, 295.790



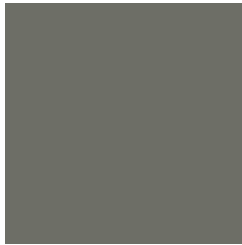
12, 75.779, 306.937



32, 129.977, 306.660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 4.751, 114.553 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 4.751, 114.553 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

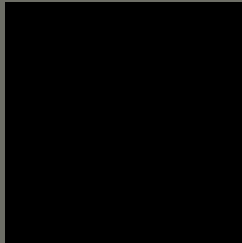
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

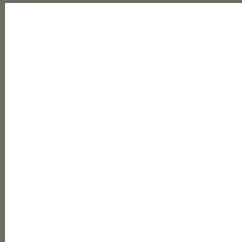
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 4.751, 114.553

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 4.751, 114.553.

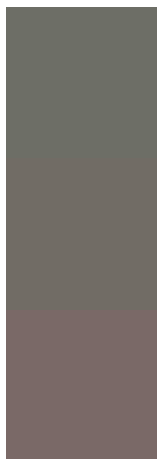


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 4.751, 114.553.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 4.751, 114.553

Protanopia

46, 4.642, 82.556

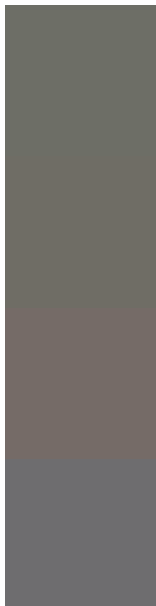
Deuteranopia

46, 7.313, 29.497



Tritanopia
46, 4.924, 304.916

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 4.751, 114.553

Protanomaly
46, 4.802, 99.419

Deuteranomaly
46, 4.831, 49.057

Tritanomaly
46, 1.265, 309.082

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 4.751, 114.553

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 1.826, 122.931

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 4.751, 114.553 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 110, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 110, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 110, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 110, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 4.751, 114.553 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 110, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 110, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 110, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 110, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 110, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 110,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 4.751, 114.553 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 110, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
110, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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