

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 4.968, 94.246)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 4.968, 94.246) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 4.890, 94.534)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	706D65
RGB	112, 109, 101
RGB Percent	44%, 43%, 40%
CMY	0.5615, 0.5732, 0.6046
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.10, 0.56
HSL	44°, 5%, 42%
HSV	44°, 10%, 44%
XYZ	14.4495, 15.2687, 14.4527
YIQ	108.9850, 4.3560, -1.8520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

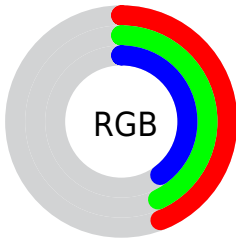
Format	Color
RYB	105, 112, 101
Decimal	7368037
CIELab	46.00, -0.39, 4.87
CIElCh	46, 4.890, 94.534
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3271, 0.3457
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285558117 (0xFF706D65)
YUV	108.9850, -3.9366, 2.6442
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -2.3743, 5.4230

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 4.890, 94.534$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $44, 4.919, 276.886$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 4.670, 90.194$, and $26, 5.290, 98.834$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 9.938, 93.392$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47, 0.089, 277.188$.

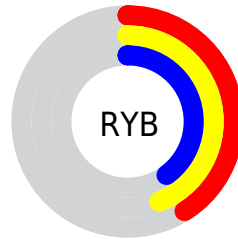
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (43%)

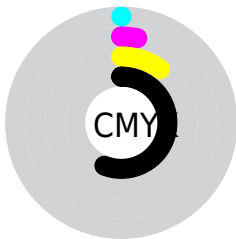
Blue (40%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (40%)

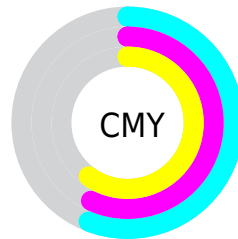


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 4.890, 94.534 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 4.890, 94.534 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 4.890, 94.534 ■ 46, 4.890, 94.534

■ 100, 4.890, 94.534 ■ 36, 4.890, 94.534

■ 66, 4.890, 94.534 ■ 26, 4.890, 94.534

■ 76, 4.890, 94.534 ■ 16, 4.890, 94.534

■ 86, 4.890, 94.534 ■ 6, 4.890, 94.534

■ 96, 4.890, 94.534 ■ 0, 4.890, 94.534

■ 46, 4.890, 94.534 ■ 46, 4.890, 94.534

■ 45, 9.938, 93.392 ■ 47, 0.089, 277.188

■ 44, 15.039, 92.191 ■ 48, 4.996, 276.822

■ 43, 20.170, 90.956 ■ 50, 9.833, 277.854

42, 25.282, 89.689

51, 14.600,
278.848

40, 30.283, 88.389

52, 19.300,
279.798

39, 35.020, 87.042

39, 39.238, 85.618

53, 23.939,
280.701

38, 42.572, 84.053

55, 28.518,
281.558

37, 45.455, 82.476

56, 33.043,
282.371

57, 37.515,
283.140

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 4.890, 94.534



44, 4.919, 276.886

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 4.890, 94.534



46, 4.890, 144.534



46, 4.890, 274.534



46, 4.890, 324.534

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 4.891, 94.549



60, 1.836, 95.258



44, 4.959, 357.950



31, 1.405, 95.195



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 4.891, 94.549



59, 7.415, 94.267



47, 6.567, 118.026



23, 2.803, 94.642



39, 47.791, 82.272



78, 81.310, 80.886

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 4.919, 276.886



55, 7.461, 277.203



43, 6.701, 299.276



22, 2.819, 276.783



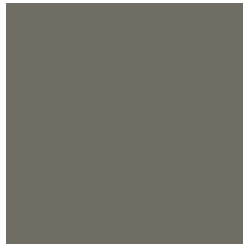
18, 58.961, 298.389



39, 106.487, 300.221

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 4.890, 94.534 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 4.890, 94.534 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

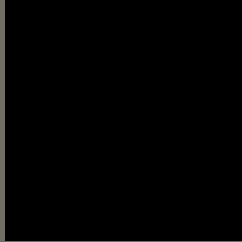
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

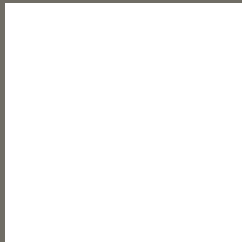
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 4.890, 94.534

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 4.890, 94.534.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 4.890, 94.534.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 4.890, 94.534

Protanopia

46, 5.014, 89.845

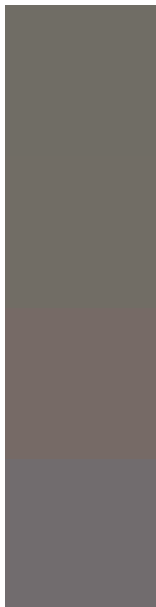
Deuteranopia

46, 7.458, 33.923



Tritanopia
46, 5.561, 321.289

Trichromacy



Original Color

46, 4.890, 94.534

Protanomaly

46, 5.014, 89.845

Deuteranomaly

46, 5.608, 44.822

Tritanomaly

46, 2.380, 349.664

Monochromacy



Original Color

46, 4.890, 94.534

Achromatopsia

46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

46, 1.816, 96.766

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 4.890, 94.534 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 109, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 109, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 109, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 109, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 4.890, 94.534 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 109, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 109, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 109, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 109, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 109, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 109,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 4.890, 94.534 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 109, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
109, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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