

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 42.788, 26.990)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 42.788, 26.990) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 42.870, 26.597)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AE504F
RGB	174, 80, 79
RGB Percent	68%, 31%, 31%
CMY	0.3181, 0.6867, 0.6906
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.55, 0.32
HSL	1°, 38%, 50%
HSV	1°, 55%, 68%
XYZ	21.6961, 15.2687, 9.1815
YIQ	107.9920, 56.3450, 19.6170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

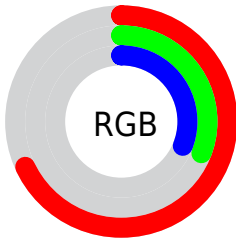
Format	Color
R_{YB}	174, 80, 79
Decimal	11423823
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, 38.33, 19.19
CIE _{LCh}	46, 42.870, 26.597
Yxy	15.2687, 0.4702, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289613903 (0xFFAE504F)
YUV	107.9920, -14.2931, 57.8890
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 30.7288, 13.4212

Details

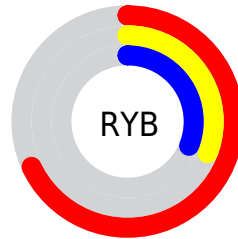
The CIELCh color **46, 42.870, 26.597** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **65, 28.691, 198.192**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 42.782, 26.745**, and **26, 42.833, 26.432** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 51.848, 29.067**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 34.017, 24.672**.

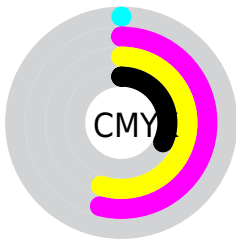
Distribution



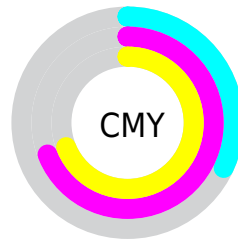
- Red (68%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 42.870, 26.597 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 42.870, 26.597 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 42.870, 26.597

 46, 42.870, 26.597

 100, 42.870,
26.597

 36, 42.870, 26.597

 66, 42.870, 26.597

 26, 42.870, 26.597

 76, 42.870, 26.597

 16, 42.870, 26.597

 86, 42.870, 26.597

 6, 42.870, 26.597

 96, 42.870, 26.597

 0, 42.870, 26.597

 46, 42.870, 26.597

 46, 42.870, 26.597

 43, 51.848, 29.067

 50, 34.017, 24.672

 40, 60.650, 32.095

 54, 25.510, 23.190

■ 38, 68.791, 35.481

■ 59, 17.480, 22.052

■ 36, 75.268, 38.514

■ 64, 9.986, 21.166

■ 36, 78.254, 40.058

■ 69, 3.036, 20.386

■ 74, 3.395, 200.179

■ 79, 9.347, 199.681

■ 84, 14.870,
199.341

■ 89, 20.012,
199.078

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 42.870, 26.597



65, 28.691, 198.192

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 42.870, 26.597



46, 42.870, 76.597



46, 42.870, 206.597



46, 42.870, 256.597

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 42.868, 26.600



80, 13.658, 21.300



49, 61.624, 327.205



42, 9.369, 21.468



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 42.868, 26.600



54, 66.043, 29.788



57, 35.301, 68.652



34, 3.778, 20.760



31, 69.838, 39.607



2, 7.734, 20.124

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 28.691, 198.192



82, 39.741, 197.983



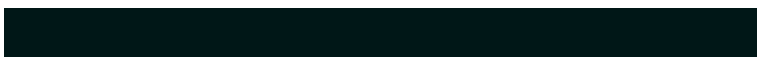
52, 30.171, 266.054



36, 3.565, 199.905



56, 33.313, 197.996



6, 7.680, 200.738

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 42.870, 26.597 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

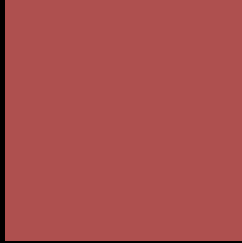
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 42.870, 26.597 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 42.870, 26.597

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 42.870, 26.597.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 42.870, 26.597.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 42.870, 26.597

Protanopia

46, 10.374, 94.192

Deuteranopia

46, 21.638, 73.854



Tritanopia
46, 42.435, 22.220

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 42.870, 26.597

Protanomaly
45, 18.529, 41.722

Deuteranomaly
46, 27.090, 47.337

Tritanomaly
46, 42.720, 23.744

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 42.870, 26.597

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 14.849, 23.574

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 42.870, 26.597 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 80, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 80, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 80, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 80, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 42.870, 26.597 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 80, 79) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 80, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 80, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 80, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 80, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 80,  
79) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 42.870, 26.597 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 80, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174, 80,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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