

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 48.950, 144.405)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 48.950, 144.405)
contains.

CIELCh(46, 48.684, 144.648)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(46, 48.684, 144.648)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	297C3B
RGB	41, 124, 59
RGB Percent	16%, 49%, 23%
CMY	0.8381, 0.5128, 0.7678
CMYK	0.67, 0.00, 0.52, 0.51
HSL	133°, 50%, 32%
HSV	133°, 67%, 49%
XYZ	8.9571, 15.2687, 6.6414
YIQ	91.7730, -28.6030, -37.8110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

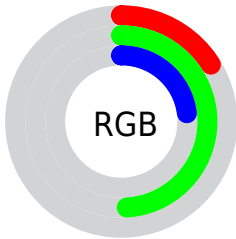
Format	Color
R_{YB}	41, 109, 124
Decimal	2718779
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, -39.71, 28.17
CIE _{LCh}	46, 48.684, 144.648
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2902, 0.4947
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280908859 (0xFF297C3B)
YUV	91.7730, -16.1571, -44.5279
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -27.4643, 17.2754

Details

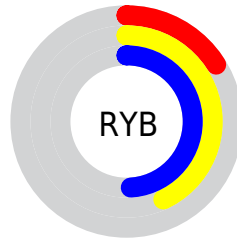
The CIELCh color **46, 48.684, 144.648** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **32, 47.838, 335.625**, and the grayscale version is **39, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 48.266, 144.728**, and **27, 44.708, 139.854** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 54.437, 143.145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 42.259, 146.011**.

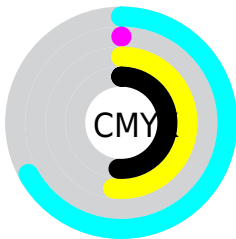
Distribution



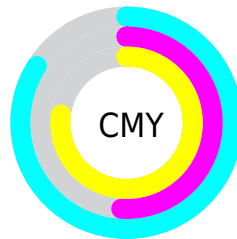
- Red (16%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 48.684, 144.648 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 48.684, 144.648 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 48.684,
144.648

 46, 48.684,
144.648


 100, 48.684,
144.648

 36, 48.684,
144.648

 66, 48.684,
144.648

 26, 48.684,
144.648

 76, 48.684,
144.648

 16, 48.684,
144.648

 86, 48.684,
144.648

 6, 48.684, 144.648

 96, 48.684,
144.648

 0, 48.684, 144.648

 46, 48.684,

 46, 48.684,

144.648

144.648

■ 46, 54.437,
143.145

■ 47, 42.259,
146.011

■ 45, 59.379,
141.541

■ 47, 35.310,
147.220

■ 45, 63.452,
139.963

■ 48, 27.992,
148.280

■ 45, 64.630,
139.542

■ 49, 20.445,
149.203

■ 50, 12.794,
150.008

■ 51, 5.141, 150.726

■ 53, 2.435, 331.196

■ 54, 9.874, 331.793

■ 55, 17.136,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 48.684, 144.648



32, 47.838, 335.625

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 48.684, 144.648



46, 48.684, 194.648



46, 48.684, 324.648



46, 48.684, 14.648

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 48.684, 144.648



63, 18.839, 149.723



49, 45.651, 114.023



33, 12.957, 149.537



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 48.684, 144.648



58, 68.807, 142.335



47, 31.892, 168.511



25, 4.227, 150.566



45, 64.914, 139.531



87, 111.736, 138.587

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 47.838, 335.625



38, 65.330, 336.906



30, 38.349, 6.099



24, 4.242, 331.615



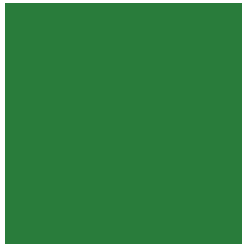
27, 57.949, 338.719



57, 96.750, 339.424

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 48.684, 144.648 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 48.684, 144.648 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 48.684, 144.648

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 48.684, 144.648.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 48.684, 144.648.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 48.684, 144.648

Protanopia

46, 31.740, 95.320

Deuteranopia

46, 26.334, 76.678



Tritanopia
46, 19.029, 214.025

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 48.684, 144.648

Protanomaly
45, 34.820, 122.969

Deuteranomaly
45, 28.469, 118.234

Tritanomaly
46, 25.998, 172.202

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 48.684, 144.648

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 19.256, 148.518

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 48.684, 144.648 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 124, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 124, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 124, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 124, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 48.684, 144.648 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 124, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 124, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 124, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 124, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 124, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 124,  
59) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 48.684, 144.648 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 124, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 124,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor