

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 5.144, 345.458)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 5.144, 345.458) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 5.423, 346.900)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	756A6F
RGB	117, 106, 111
RGB Percent	46%, 42%, 44%
CMY	0.5408, 0.5839, 0.5643
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.05, 0.54
HSL	333°, 5%, 44%
HSV	333°, 9%, 46%
XYZ	15.3900, 15.2687, 17.2051
YIQ	109.8590, 4.9510, 3.8870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

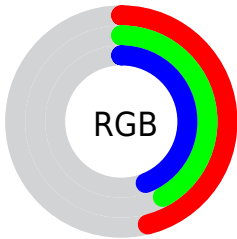
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 106, 111
Decimal	7694959
CIE Lab	46.00, 5.28, -1.23
CIE LCh	46, 5.423, 346.900
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3215, 0.3190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285885039 (0xFF756A6F)
YUV	109.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 1.9220, 1.2468

Details

The CIELCh color **46, 5.423, 346.900** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **48, 5.343, 165.464**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 5.688, 344.165**, and **26, 5.251, 350.565** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 11.327, 347.847**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 0.341, 166.973**.

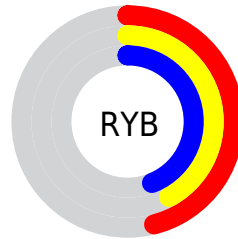
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (42%)

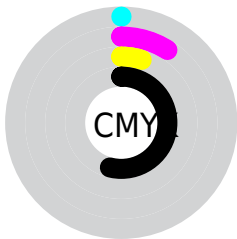
Blue (44%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (44%)

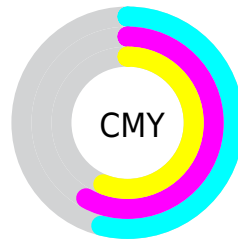


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 5.423, 346.900 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 5.423, 346.900 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 5.423, 346.900

■ 46, 5.423, 346.900

■ 100, 5.423,
346.900

■ 36, 5.423, 346.900

■ 66, 5.423, 346.900

■ 26, 5.423, 346.900

■ 76, 5.423, 346.900

■ 16, 5.423, 346.900

■ 86, 5.423, 346.900

■ 6, 5.423, 346.900

■ 96, 5.423, 346.900

■ 0, 5.423, 346.900

■ 46, 5.423, 346.900

■ 46, 5.423, 346.900

■ 43, 11.327,
347.847

■ 49, 0.341, 166.973

■ 39, 17.312,

■ 53, 5.925, 165.437

348.883

57, 11.317,
164.729

36, 23.270,
350.062

60, 16.515,
164.091

33, 29.042,
351.432

64, 21.524,
163.505

30, 34.410,
353.062

67, 26.354,
162.961

28, 39.109,
355.045

71, 31.018,
162.456

26, 42.866,
357.506

75, 35.528,
161.985

25, 45.486, 0.593

78, 39.897,
161.545

24, 47.427, 4.108

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 5.423, 346.900



48, 5.343, 165.464

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 5.423, 346.900



46, 5.423, 36.900



46, 5.423, 166.900



46, 5.423, 216.900

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 5.422, 346.906



62, 2.139, 346.268



46, 6.989, 310.600



32, 1.613, 346.356



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 5.422, 346.906



58, 7.923, 347.080



46, 4.442, 22.660



23, 3.251, 346.873



25, 49.077, 4.549



54, 83.148, 7.371

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 5.422, 346.906



58, 7.923, 347.080



48, 4.196, 201.981



23, 3.251, 346.873



25, 49.077, 4.549



54, 83.148, 7.371

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 5.423, 346.900 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 5.423, 346.900 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

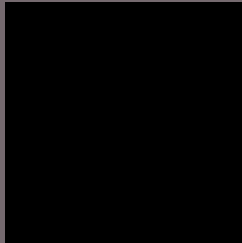
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 5.423, 346.900

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 5.423, 346.900.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 5.423, 346.900.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 5.423, 346.900

Protanopia

46, 2.527, 309.185

Deuteranopia

46, 5.774, 349.220



Tritanopia
46, 6.841, 336.315

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 5.423, 346.900

Protanomaly
46, 3.870, 329.643

Deuteranomaly
46, 5.774, 349.220

Tritanomaly
46, 6.450, 340.126

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 5.423, 346.900

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 1.750, 359.640

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 5.423, 346.900 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 106, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 106, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 106, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 106, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 5.423, 346.900 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 106, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 106, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 106, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 106, 111); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 106, 111); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 106, 111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 5.423, 346.900 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 106, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
106, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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