

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 5.351, 219.210)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 5.351, 219.210) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 5.354, 218.439)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	626F72
RGB	98, 111, 114
RGB Percent	38%, 44%, 45%
CMY	0.6145, 0.5635, 0.5518
CMYK	0.14, 0.03, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	191°, 8%, 42%
HSV	191°, 14%, 45%
XYZ	13.8399, 15.2687, 18.2268
YIQ	107.4550, -8.7110, -1.8230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

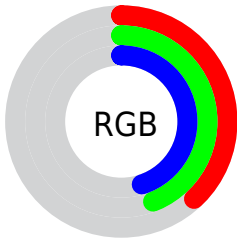
Format	Color
R_{YB}	98, 105, 114
Decimal	6451058
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, -4.19, -3.33
CIE _{LCh}	46, 5.354, 218.439
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2924, 0.3226
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284641138 (0xFF626F72)
YUV	107.4550, 3.2267, -8.2920
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -5.1593, -0.3035

Details

The CIELCh color **46, 5.354, 218.439** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **44, 5.832, 37.818**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 5.394, 217.050**, and **26, 5.372, 220.251** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 8.918, 218.800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 1.569, 218.327**.

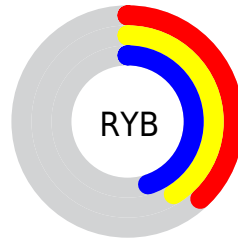
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (44%)

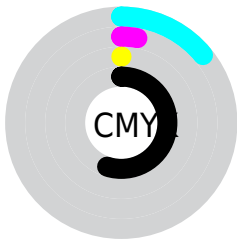
Blue (45%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (45%)

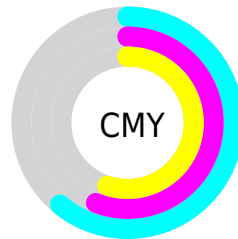


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 5.354, 218.439 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 5.354, 218.439 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 5.354, 218.439

■ 46, 5.354, 218.439

■ 100, 5.354,
218.439

■ 36, 5.354, 218.439

■ 66, 5.354, 218.439

■ 26, 5.354, 218.439

■ 76, 5.354, 218.439

■ 16, 5.354, 218.439

■ 86, 5.354, 218.439

■ 6, 5.354, 218.439

■ 96, 5.354, 218.439

■ 0, 5.354, 218.439

■ 46, 5.354, 218.439

■ 46, 5.354, 218.439

■ 45, 8.918, 218.800

■ 48, 1.569, 218.327

■ 43, 12.208,
219.364

■ 49, 2.391, 37.791

42, 15.170,
220.152

51, 6.486, 37.818

41, 17.750,
221.213

52, 10.679, 37.838

54, 14.943, 37.895

39, 19.903,
222.606

56, 19.254, 37.986

38, 21.601,
224.398

58, 23.594, 38.104

60, 27.947, 38.242

37, 22.838,
226.659

61, 32.301, 38.394

37, 23.666,
229.420

36, 24.126,
231.103

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 5.354, 218.439



44, 5.832, 37.818

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 5.354, 218.439



46, 5.354, 268.439



46, 5.354, 38.439



46, 5.354, 88.439

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 5.354, 218.426



61, 1.935, 218.324



47, 10.204, 149.092



31, 1.364, 218.307



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 5.354, 218.426



58, 7.954, 218.534



44, 6.813, 274.229



23, 2.144, 218.316



38, 24.962, 231.303



75, 42.764, 233.558

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 10.205, 330.895



54, 15.325, 331.106



46, 6.810, 90.767



22, 4.024, 330.584



26, 57.456, 336.992



56, 97.369, 337.602

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 5.354, 218.439 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 5.354, 218.439 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

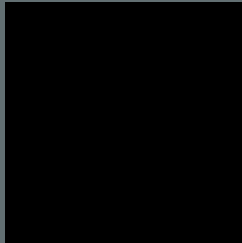
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

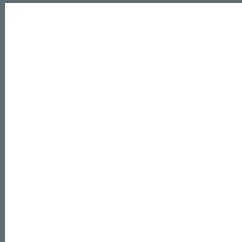
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 5.354, 218.439

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 5.354, 218.439.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 5.354, 218.439.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

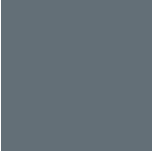
46, 5.354, 218.439

Protanopia

46, 2.527, 309.185

Deuteranopia

46, 6.741, 327.716



Tritanopia
46, 6.539, 245.845

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 5.354, 218.439

Protanomaly
46, 2.647, 263.577

Deuteranomaly
46, 4.253, 301.600

Tritanomaly
46, 5.792, 237.135

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 5.354, 218.439

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 2.090, 215.906

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 5.354, 218.439 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 111, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 111, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 111, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 111, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 5.354, 218.439 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 111, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 111, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 111, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 111, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 111, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 111,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 5.354, 218.439 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 111, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 111,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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