

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 5.553, 350.939)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 5.553, 350.939) contains.

CIELCh(46, 5.774, 349.220)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(46, 5.774, 349.220)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	766A6F
RGB	118, 106, 111
RGB Percent	46%, 42%, 44%
CMY	0.5378, 0.5848, 0.5652
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.06, 0.54
HSL	335°, 5%, 44%
HSV	335°, 10%, 46%
XYZ	15.4562, 15.2687, 17.1340
YIQ	110.1580, 5.5470, 4.0990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

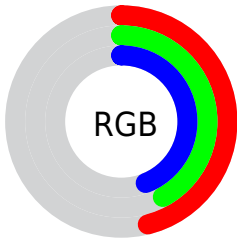
Format	Color
R _Y B	118, 106, 111
Decimal	7760495
CIE Lab	46.00, 5.67, -1.08
CIE LCh	46, 5.774, 349.220
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3230, 0.3190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285950575 (0xFF766A6F)
YUV	110.1580, 0.4151, 6.8774
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 2.2244, 1.3547

Details

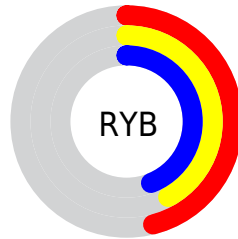
The CIELCh color **46, 5.774, 349.220** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **48, 5.668, 167.598**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 6.004, 346.360**, and **26, 5.654, 353.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 11.596, 350.209**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 0.103, 345.547**.

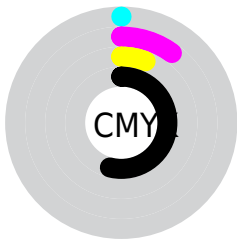
Distribution



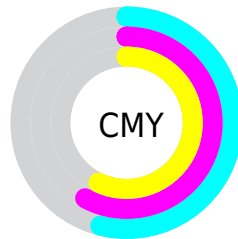
- Red (46%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 5.774, 349.220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 5.774, 349.220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 5.774, 349.220

■ 46, 5.774, 349.220

■ 100, 5.774,
349.220

■ 36, 5.774, 349.220

■ 66, 5.774, 349.220

■ 26, 5.774, 349.220

■ 76, 5.774, 349.220

■ 16, 5.774, 349.220

■ 86, 5.774, 349.220

■ 6, 5.774, 349.220

■ 96, 5.774, 349.220

■ 0, 5.774, 349.220

■ 46, 5.774, 349.220

■ 46, 5.774, 349.220

■ 43, 11.596,
350.209

■ 50, 0.103, 345.547

■ 39, 17.509,

■ 53, 5.380, 167.705

351.304

57, 10.664,
166.975

36, 23.408,
352.562

60, 15.749,
166.322

33, 29.135,
354.039

64, 20.640,
165.724

30, 34.472,
355.815

68, 25.350,
165.172

28, 39.158,
357.995

71, 29.891,
164.660

26, 42.931, 0.718

75, 34.277,
164.184

25, 45.619, 4.136

24, 47.745, 7.874

78, 38.521,
163.740

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 5.774, 349.220



48, 5.668, 167.598

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 5.774, 349.220



46, 5.774, 39.220



46, 5.774, 169.220



46, 5.774, 219.220

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 5.773, 349.226



62, 2.087, 348.489



46, 7.705, 312.322



32, 1.574, 348.581



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 5.773, 349.226



58, 8.453, 349.429



46, 4.633, 27.194



23, 3.174, 349.117



25, 49.058, 8.090



53, 83.442, 11.122

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 5.773, 349.226



58, 8.453, 349.429



48, 4.352, 206.805



23, 3.174, 349.117



25, 49.058, 8.090



53, 83.442, 11.122

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 5.774, 349.220 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

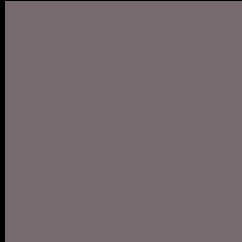
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 5.774, 349.220 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

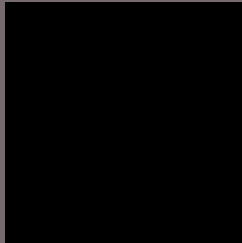
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 5.774, 349.220

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 5.774, 349.220.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 5.774, 349.220.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 5.774, 349.220

Protanopia

46, 2.527, 309.185

Deuteranopia

46, 6.133, 351.283



Tritanopia
46, 7.552, 335.292

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 5.774, 349.220

Protanomaly
46, 3.870, 329.643

Deuteranomaly
46, 6.133, 351.283

Tritanomaly
46, 7.151, 338.671

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 5.774, 349.220

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 2.380, 349.664

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 5.774, 349.220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 106, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 106, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 106, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 106, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 5.774, 349.220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 106, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 106, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 106, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 106, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 106, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 106,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 5.774, 349.220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 106, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
106, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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