

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 5.812, 177.763)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 5.812, 177.763) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 6.131, 175.910)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62706C
RGB	98, 112, 108
RGB Percent	38%, 44%, 42%
CMY	0.6157, 0.5608, 0.5765
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.04, 0.56
HSL	163°, 7%, 41%
HSV	163°, 13%, 44%
XYZ	13.5388, 15.2687, 16.4218
YIQ	107.3580, -7.0600, -4.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

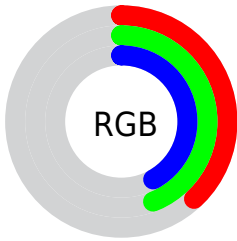
Format	Color
R_{YB}	98, 106, 112
Decimal	6451308
CIE Lab	46.00, -6.12, 0.44
CIE LCh	46, 6.131, 175.910
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2993, 0.3376
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284641388 (0xFF62706C)
YUV	107.3580, 0.3165, -8.2070
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -6.5348, 2.4353

Details

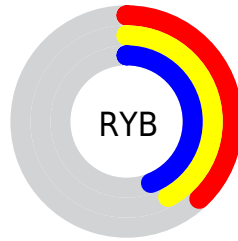
The CIELCh color **46, 6.131, 175.910** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **43, 6.354, 358.050**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 6.322, 172.933**, and **26, 6.029, 179.323** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 10.919, 174.938**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 1.233, 176.992**.

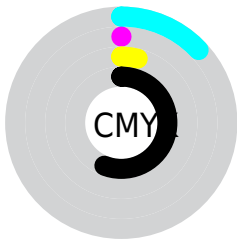
Distribution



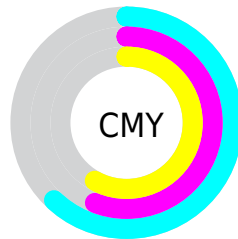
- Red (38%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 6.131, 175.910 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 6.131, 175.910 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 6.131, 175.910

■ 46, 6.131, 175.910

■ 100, 6.131,
175.910

■ 36, 6.131, 175.910

■ 66, 6.131, 175.910

■ 26, 6.131, 175.910

■ 76, 6.131, 175.910

■ 16, 6.131, 175.910

■ 86, 6.131, 175.910

■ 6, 6.131, 175.910

■ 96, 6.131, 175.910

■ 0, 6.131, 175.910

■ 46, 6.131, 175.910

■ 46, 6.131, 175.910

■ 45, 10.919,
174.938

■ 47, 1.233, 176.992

■ 44, 15.528,

■ 48, 3.722, 357.486

173.915

49, 8.686, 358.326

44, 19.888,
172.811

50, 13.623,
359.095

43, 23.923,
171.606

52, 18.505,
359.824

43, 27.563,
170.279

53, 23.313, 0.521

42, 30.751,
168.809

55, 28.032, 1.191

56, 32.656, 1.835

42, 33.453,
167.175

58, 37.178, 2.455

42, 35.674,
165.369

41, 37.229,
164.048

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 6.131, 175.910



43, 6.354, 358.050

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 6.131, 175.910



46, 6.131, 225.910



46, 6.131, 355.910



46, 6.131, 45.910

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 6.132, 175.903



60, 2.442, 176.754



46, 9.270, 135.231



31, 1.748, 176.679



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 6.132, 175.903



58, 9.086, 175.628



45, 4.688, 219.910



23, 2.770, 176.239



44, 39.171, 163.879



87, 68.247, 162.579

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 6.354, 358.050



54, 9.494, 358.353



44, 5.051, 39.198



22, 2.843, 357.690



24, 49.892, 20.011



52, 86.886, 23.522

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 6.131, 175.910 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

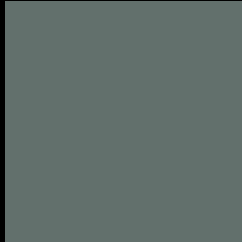
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 6.131, 175.910 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

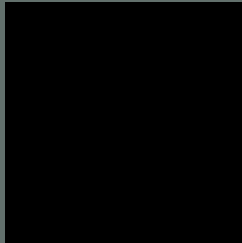
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 6.131, 175.910

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 6.131, 175.910.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 6.131, 175.910.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 6.131, 175.910

Protanopia

46, 1.705, 63.295

Deuteranopia

46, 6.277, 357.988



Tritanopia
46, 6.516, 254.588

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 6.131, 175.910

Protanomaly
46, 1.714, 155.616

Deuteranomaly
46, 1.373, 353.704

Tritanomaly
46, 5.209, 226.219

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 6.131, 175.910

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 2.369, 169.155

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 6.131, 175.910 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 112, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 112, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 112, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 112, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 6.131, 175.910 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 112, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 112, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 112, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 112, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 112, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 112,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 6.131, 175.910 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 112, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 112,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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