

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 5.936, 310.139)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 5.936, 310.139) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 6.304, 309.417)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	706B75
RGB	112, 107, 117
RGB Percent	44%, 42%, 46%
CMY	0.5605, 0.5801, 0.5409
CMYK	0.04, 0.09, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	270°, 4%, 44%
HSV	270°, 9%, 46%
XYZ	15.1743, 15.2687, 19.0023
YIQ	109.6350, -0.2300, 4.1700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

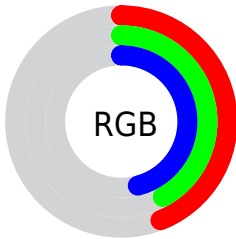
Format	Color
R _Y B	112, 107, 117
Decimal	7367541
CIE Lab	46.00, 4.00, -4.87
CIE LCh	46, 6.304, 309.417
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3069, 0.3088
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285557621 (0xFF706B75)
YUV	109.6350, 3.6309, 2.0741
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 0.9367, -1.4803

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 6.304, 309.417$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $49, 6.226, 128.721$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 6.535, 310.895$, and $26, 6.180, 307.653$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 13.865, 309.879$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 1.054, 129.083$.

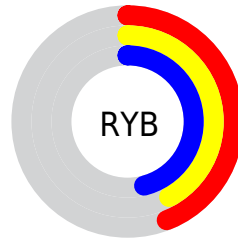
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (42%)

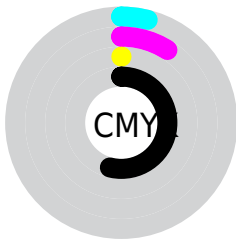
Blue (46%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (46%)

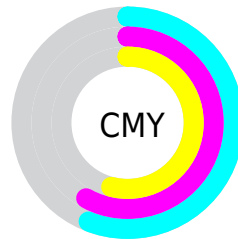


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 6.304, 309.417 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 6.304, 309.417 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 6.304, 309.417

■ 46, 6.304, 309.417

■ 100, 6.304,
309.417

■ 36, 6.304, 309.417

■ 66, 6.304, 309.417

■ 26, 6.304, 309.417

■ 76, 6.304, 309.417

■ 16, 6.304, 309.417

■ 86, 6.304, 309.417

■ 6, 6.304, 309.417

■ 96, 6.304, 309.417

■ 0, 6.304, 309.417

■ 46, 6.304, 309.417

■ 46, 6.304, 309.417

■ 42, 13.865,
309.879

■ 50, 1.054, 129.083

■ 38, 21.609,

■ 54, 8.197, 128.638

310.374

57, 15.127,
128.295

35, 29.485,
310.889

61, 21.848,
127.994

31, 37.402,
311.406

65, 28.370,
127.729

28, 45.202,
311.890

69, 34.701,
127.497

24, 52.632,
312.291

73, 40.851,
127.295

21, 59.321,
312.534

76, 46.832,
127.120

19, 64.792,
312.525

80, 52.652,
126.969

17, 69.226,
312.351

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 6.304, 309.417



49, 6.226, 128.721

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 6.304, 309.417



46, 6.304, 359.417



46, 6.304, 129.417



46, 6.304, 179.417

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 6.303, 309.414



62, 2.740, 309.157



47, 3.482, 254.694



31, 2.066, 309.193



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 6.303, 309.414



58, 9.209, 309.492



46, 7.169, 324.411



23, 4.162, 309.437



18, 72.215, 312.297



40, 123.138, 311.684

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 5.074, 344.267



59, 7.411, 344.418



48, 7.155, 143.561



23, 3.351, 344.311



25, 49.388, 0.352



54, 83.349, 2.883

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 6.304, 309.417 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 6.304, 309.417 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

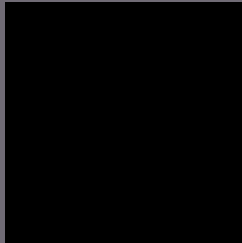
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

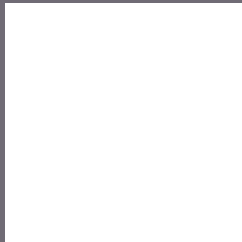
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 6.304, 309.417

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 6.304, 309.417.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 6.304, 309.417.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 6.304, 309.417

Protanopia

46, 5.950, 291.006

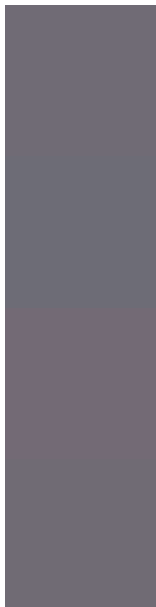
Deuteranopia

46, 7.714, 322.387



Tritanopia
46, 5.745, 311.283

Trichromacy



Original Color

46, 6.304, 309.417

Protanomaly

46, 5.969, 294.797

Deuteranomaly

46, 7.511, 319.733

Tritanomaly

46, 5.745, 311.283

Monochromacy



Original Color

46, 6.304, 309.417

Achromatopsia

46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

46, 2.523, 309.184

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 6.304, 309.417 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 107, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 107, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 107, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 107, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 6.304, 309.417 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 107, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 107, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 107, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 107, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 107, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 107,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 6.304, 309.417 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 107, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
107, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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