

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 52.073, 118.923)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 52.073, 118.923)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 52.218, 118.890)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	597716
RGB	89, 119, 22
RGB Percent	35%, 47%, 9%
CMY	0.6524, 0.5348, 0.9154
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.82, 0.53
HSL	79°, 69%, 27%
HSV	79°, 82%, 47%
XYZ	10.7782, 15.2687, 3.1163
YIQ	98.9720, 13.2570, -36.5270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

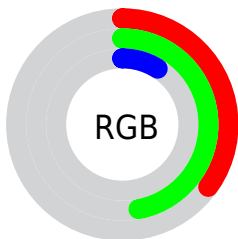
Format	Color
R_{YB}	22, 119, 52
Decimal	5863190
CIE Lab	46.00, -25.23, 45.72
CIE LCh	46, 52.218, 118.890
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3696, 0.5236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284053270 (0xFF597716)
YUV	98.9720, -37.9472, -8.7454
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -19.1454, 22.6242

Details

The CIELCh color **46, 52.218, 118.890** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **18, 63.137, 308.145**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 51.836, 118.854**, and **26, 41.387, 124.386** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 55.646, 119.318**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46, 47.597, 118.827**.

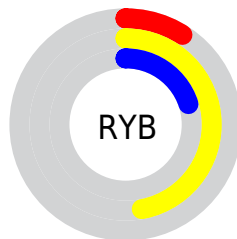
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (47%)

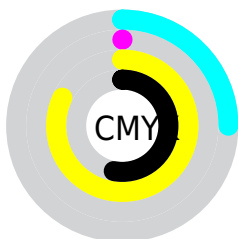
Blue (9%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (20%)

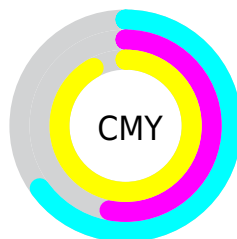


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (82%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (65%)


Magenta (53%)


Yellow (92%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 52.218, 118.890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 52.218, 118.890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 52.218,
118.890


 46, 52.218,
118.890


 100, 52.218,
118.890


 36, 52.218,
118.890

 66, 52.218,
118.890


 26, 52.218,
118.890

 76, 52.218,
118.890

 16, 52.218,
118.890

 86, 52.218,
118.890

 6, 52.218, 118.890

 96, 52.218,
118.890

 0, 52.218, 118.890

 46, 52.218,

 46, 52.218,

118.890

■ 46, 55.646,
119.318

■ 45, 58.015,
119.756

118.890

■ 46, 47.597,
118.827

■ 47, 42.064,
119.027

■ 47, 35.896,
119.401

■ 48, 29.313,
119.878

■ 48, 22.469,
120.410

■ 49, 15.472,
120.963

■ 49, 8.394, 121.517

■ 50, 1.287, 122.078

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 52.218, 118.890



18, 63.137, 308.145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 52.218, 118.890



46, 52.218, 168.890



46, 52.218, 298.890



46, 52.218, 348.890

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 52.218, 118.892



61, 21.804, 120.753



30, 42.286, 48.707



31, 14.771, 120.601



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 52.218, 118.892



58, 69.340, 119.959



44, 59.831, 134.401



24, 3.960, 121.671



47, 59.345, 119.803



90, 101.124, 120.594

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 63.137, 308.145



20, 87.316, 308.541



25, 60.663, 321.352



22, 4.028, 302.641



15, 74.989, 308.783



35, 127.966, 308.278

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 52.218, 118.890 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 52.218, 118.890 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

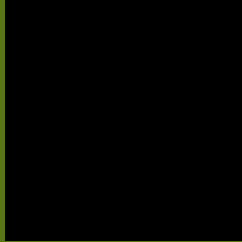
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 52.218, 118.890

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 52.218, 118.890.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 52.218, 118.890.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

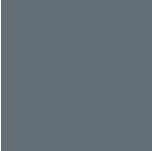
Dichromacy



Original Color
46, 52.218, 118.890

Protanopia
46, 47.638, 95.764

Deuteranopia
46, 44.194, 82.472



Tritanopia
46, 6.736, 251.949

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 52.218, 118.890

Protanomaly
46, 48.410, 105.195

Deuteranomaly
46, 44.657, 97.574

Tritanomaly
45, 18.779, 132.079

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 52.218, 118.890

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 21.263, 120.572

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 52.218, 118.890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 119, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 119, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 119, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 119, 22) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 52.218, 118.890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 119, 22) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 119, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 119, 22)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 119, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 119, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 119,  
22) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 52.218, 118.890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 119, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 119,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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