

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 53.134, 277.647)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 53.134, 277.647)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 53.552, 278.301)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	016EC6
RGB	1, 110, 198
RGB Percent	0%, 43%, 78%
CMY	0.9972, 0.5681, 0.2229
CMYK	1.00, 0.44, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	207°, 99%, 39%
HSV	207°, 100%, 78%
XYZ	15.8088, 15.2687, 55.6306
YIQ	87.4410, -93.2120, 4.2600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

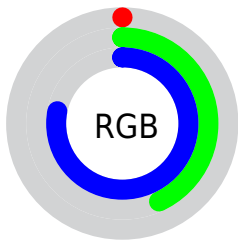
Format	Color
RYB	1, 71, 198
Decimal	93894
CIELab	46.00, 7.73, -52.99
CIElCh	46, 53.552, 278.301
Yxy	15.2687, 0.1823, 0.1761
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278283974 (0xFF016EC6)
YUV	87.4410, 54.5056, -75.8088
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 3.8349, -57.0575

Details

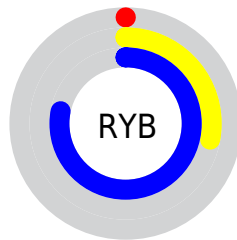
The CIELCh color **46, 53.552, 278.301** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **51, 72.164, 56.224**, and the grayscale version is **37, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 53.367, 278.223**, and **28, 51.599, 288.441** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 53.734, 278.463**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 48.607, 273.552**.

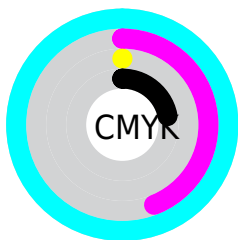
Distribution



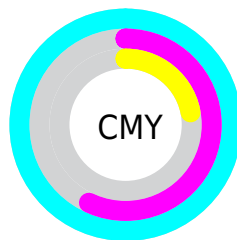
- Red (0%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (22%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 53.552, 278.301 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 53.552, 278.301 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 53.552,
278.301


 46, 53.552,
278.301


 100, 53.552,
278.301


 36, 53.552,
278.301

 66, 53.552,
278.301


 26, 53.552,
278.301

 76, 53.552,
278.301

 16, 53.552,
278.301

 86, 53.552,
278.301

 6, 53.552, 278.301

 96, 53.552,
278.301

 0, 53.552, 278.301

 46, 53.552,

 46, 53.552,

278.301

■ 46, 53.734,
278.463

278.301

■ 49, 48.607,
273.552

■ 52, 43.782,
268.993

■ 55, 38.925,
264.901

■ 58, 33.930,
261.349

■ 62, 28.734,
258.336

■ 65, 23.316,
255.815

■ 69, 17.682,
253.720

■ 73, 11.860,
251.987

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 53.552, 278.301



51, 72.164, 56.224

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 53.552, 278.301



46, 53.552, 328.301



46, 53.552, 98.301



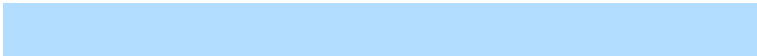
46, 53.552, 148.301

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 53.552, 278.303



86, 21.938, 253.875



70, 78.657, 145.994



44, 14.880, 254.736



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 53.552, 278.303



58, 65.869, 279.242



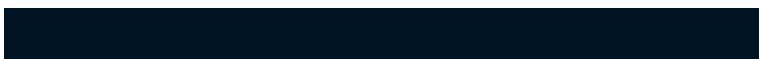
25, 107.521, 305.505



40, 3.471, 250.537



38, 45.936, 277.721



6, 13.160, 265.101

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 70.935, 357.026



55, 85.633, 357.759



74, 76.299, 98.422



39, 5.397, 341.539



35, 61.575, 356.579



4, 18.440, 349.644

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 53.552, 278.301 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 53.552, 278.301 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

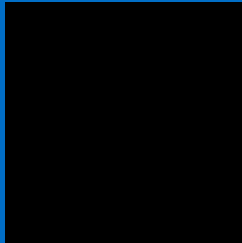
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 53.552, 278.301

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 53.552, 278.301.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 53.552, 278.301.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
46, 27.957, 206.525

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 53.543, 278.341

Protanomaly
46, 52.955, 281.921

Deuteranomaly
46, 52.474, 277.334

Tritanomaly
46, 30.974, 243.510

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 53.543, 278.341

Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 22.471, 260.172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 53.552, 278.301 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 110, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 110, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 110, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 110, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 53.552, 278.301 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 110, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 110, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 110, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 110, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 110, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 110,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 53.552, 278.301 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 110, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 110,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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