

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 56.450, 4.628)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 56.450, 4.628) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 56.300, 4.540)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C03B68
RGB	192, 59, 104
RGB Percent	75%, 23%, 41%
CMY	0.2481, 0.7696, 0.5930
CMYK	0.00, 0.69, 0.46, 0.25
HSL	340°, 53%, 49%
HSV	340°, 69%, 75%
XYZ	25.7103, 15.2687, 14.6312
YIQ	103.8970, 64.8230, 42.1910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

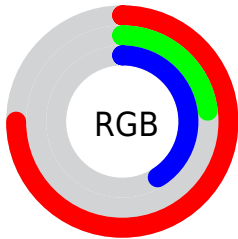
Format	Color
R_{YB}	192, 59, 104
Decimal	12598120
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, 56.12, 4.46
CIE _{LCh}	46, 56.300, 4.540
Yxy	15.2687, 0.4623, 0.2746
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290788200 (0xFFC03B68)
YUV	103.8970, 0.0508, 77.2663
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 49.0661, 5.1522

Details

The CIELCh color **46, 56.300, 4.540** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **70, 48.052, 164.961**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 56.498, 4.569**, and **28, 52.070, 7.407** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 62.001, 7.973**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 49.315, 1.834**.

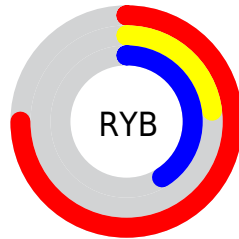
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (23%)

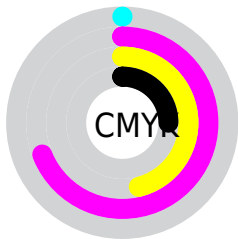
Blue (41%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (23%)

Blue (41%)

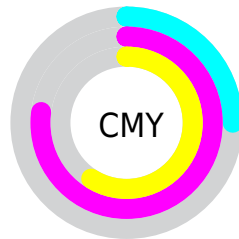


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)


Magenta (77%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 56.300, 4.540 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 56.300, 4.540 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 56.300, 4.540  46, 56.300, 4.540


 100, 56.300, 4.540  36, 56.300, 4.540

 66, 56.300, 4.540  26, 56.300, 4.540

 76, 56.300, 4.540  16, 56.300, 4.540

 86, 56.300, 4.540  6, 56.300, 4.540

 96, 56.300, 4.540  0, 56.300, 4.540

 46, 56.300, 4.540  46, 56.300, 4.540

 43, 62.001, 7.973  49, 49.315, 1.834

 42, 66.256, 12.284  53, 41.422,
359.678

 41, 69.436, 17.383

40, 69.649, 17.706

58, 33.013,
357.928

62, 24.420,
356.476

67, 15.881,
355.241

73, 7.546, 354.152

78, 0.500, 174.184

83, 8.221, 172.516

89, 15.607,
171.751

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 56.300, 4.540



70, 48.052, 164.961

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 56.300, 4.540



46, 56.300, 54.540



46, 56.300, 184.540



46, 56.300, 234.540

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 56.297, 4.542



85, 21.427, 355.471



43, 79.069, 316.733



43, 14.559, 355.806



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 56.297, 4.542



55, 78.468, 10.002



48, 56.044, 37.993



38, 4.610, 354.154



34, 60.904, 16.894



3, 14.776, 1.500

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 56.297, 4.542



55, 78.468, 10.002



65, 31.619, 217.931



38, 4.610, 354.154



34, 60.904, 16.894



3, 14.776, 1.500

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 56.300, 4.540 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

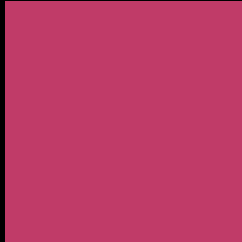
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 56.300, 4.540 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

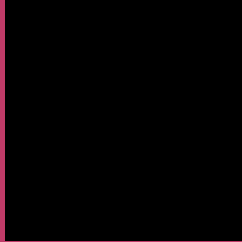
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 56.300, 4.540

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 56.300, 4.540.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 56.300, 4.540.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 56.300, 4.540

Protanopia

46, 14.286, 286.173

Deuteranopia

46, 9.857, 52.655



Tritanopia
46, 55.895, 26.662

Trichromacy



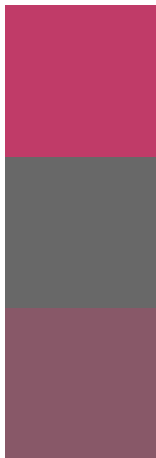
Original Color
46, 56.300, 4.540

Protanomaly
45, 25.854, 337.811

Deuteranomaly
45, 26.455, 10.599

Tritanomaly
46, 55.296, 18.734

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 56.300, 4.540

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 22.244, 357.533

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 56.300, 4.540 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 59, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 59, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 59, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 59, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 56.300, 4.540 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 59, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 59, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 59, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 59, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 59, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 59,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 56.300, 4.540 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 59, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192, 59,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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