

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 58.890, 120.944)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 58.890, 120.944)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 58.715, 120.968)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 507802 |
| RGB | 80, 120, 2 |
| RGB Percent | 31%, 47%, 1% |
| CMY | 0.6845, 0.5277, 0.9934 |
| CMYK | 0.33, 0.00, 0.99, 0.53 |
| HSL | 80°, 97%, 24% |
| HSV | 80°, 99%, 47% |
| XYZ | 10.1259, 15.2687, 2.4615 |
| YIQ | 94.5880, 14.0380, -45.1780 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

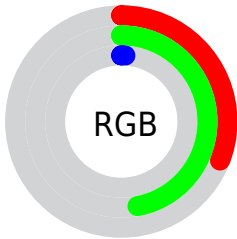
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 2, 120, 42 |
| Decimal | 5273602 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 46.00, -30.21, 50.35 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 46, 58.715, 120.968 |
| Yxy | 15.2687, 0.3635, 0.5481 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283463682 (0xFF507802) |
| YUV | 94.5880, -45.6459, -12.7937 |
| Hunter-Lab | 39.0751, -22.1252, 23.6177 |

Details

The CIELCh color **46, 58.715, 120.968** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **15, 72.972, 309.141**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 58.686, 121.341**, and **26, 44.033, 129.969** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 59.138, 121.041**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46, 55.737, 120.366**.

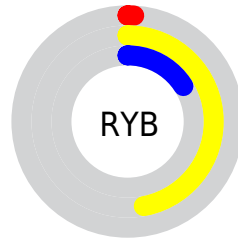
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (47%)

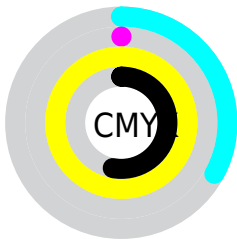
Blue (1%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (16%)

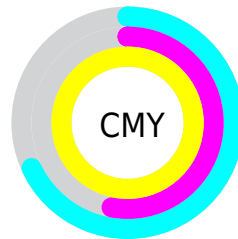


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (99%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 58.715, 120.968 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 58.715, 120.968 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 46, 58.715,
120.968

 46, 58.715,
120.968


 100, 58.715,
120.968

 36, 58.715,
120.968


 66, 58.715,
120.968


 26, 58.715,
120.968


 76, 58.715,
120.968

 16, 58.715,
120.968

 86, 58.715,
120.968

 6, 58.715, 120.968

 96, 58.715,
120.968

 0, 58.715, 120.968

 46, 58.715,

 46, 58.715,

120.968

■ 46, 59.138,
121.041

120.968

■ 46, 55.737,
120.366

■ 47, 51.808,
120.029

■ 47, 46.755,
120.033

■ 47, 40.873,
120.276

■ 48, 34.427,
120.671

■ 48, 27.619,
121.151

■ 49, 20.588,
121.674

■ 49, 13.431,
122.210

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 58.715, 120.968



15, 72.972, 309.141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 58.715, 120.968



46, 58.715, 170.968



46, 58.715, 300.968



46, 58.715, 350.968

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 58.715, 120.969



62, 26.594, 121.562



28, 51.324, 50.037



32, 18.251, 121.382



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 58.715, 120.969



59, 71.372, 121.403



44, 67.122, 134.740



25, 4.122, 122.716



48, 60.741, 121.098



91, 102.818, 121.900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 72.972, 309.141



21, 89.040, 308.965



24, 66.846, 322.136



24, 4.191, 303.649



15, 75.749, 309.166



36, 128.332, 308.650

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 58.715, 120.968 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

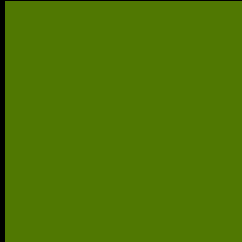
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 58.715, 120.968 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

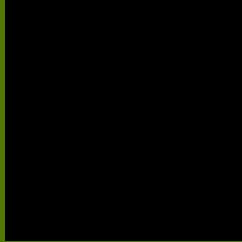
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 58.715, 120.968

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 58.715, 120.968.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 58.715, 120.968.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

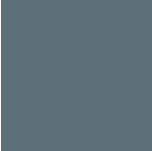
46, 58.513, 121.052

Protanopia

46, 52.318, 95.243

Deuteranopia

46, 47.014, 82.696



Tritanopia
46, 8.793, 236.424

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 58.513, 121.052

Protanomaly
46, 53.018, 105.508

Deuteranomaly
45, 48.450, 99.250

Tritanomaly
45, 24.641, 135.165

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 58.513, 121.052

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 26.114, 120.599

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 58.715, 120.968 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 120, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 120, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 120, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 120, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 58.715, 120.968 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 120, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 120, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 120, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 120, 2); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 120, 2);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 120, 2)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 58.715, 120.968 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 120, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 120,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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