

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 6.100, 291.041)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(46, 6.100, 291.041) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(46, 5.950, 291.006)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6C6C76
RGB	108, 108, 118
RGB Percent	42%, 42%, 46%
CMY	0.5758, 0.5758, 0.5366
CMYK	0.08, 0.08, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	240°, 4%, 44%
HSV	240°, 8%, 46%
XYZ	14.8627, 15.2687, 19.3536
YIQ	109.1400, -3.2100, 3.1100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

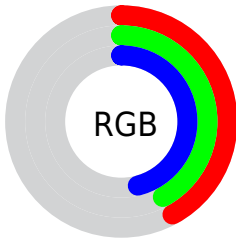
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	108, 108, 118
Decimal	7105654
CIE Lab	46.00, 2.13, -5.55
CIE LCh	46, 5.950, 291.006
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3003, 0.3086
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285295734 (0xFF6C6C76)
YUV	109.1400, 4.3680, -0.9998
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -0.4870, -2.0132

# Details

The CIELCh color  $46, 5.950, 291.006$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $49, 5.835, 109.392$ , and the grayscale version is  $46, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $66, 6.106, 290.826$ , and  $26, 5.900, 291.378$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $42, 13.224, 292.117$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $50, 1.051, 109.993$ .

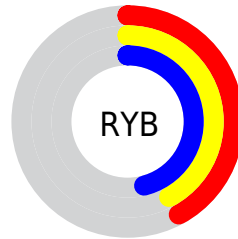
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (42%)

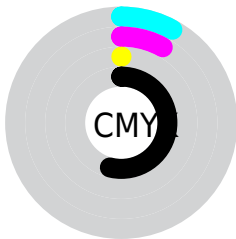
Blue (46%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (46%)

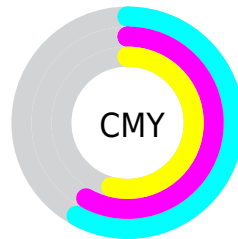


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 5.950, 291.006 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 5.950, 291.006 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46, 5.950, 291.006

■ 46, 5.950, 291.006

■ 100, 5.950,  
291.006

■ 36, 5.950, 291.006

■ 66, 5.950, 291.006

■ 26, 5.950, 291.006

■ 76, 5.950, 291.006

■ 16, 5.950, 291.006

■ 86, 5.950, 291.006

■ 6, 5.950, 291.006

■ 96, 5.950, 291.006

■ 0, 5.950, 291.006

■ 46, 5.950, 291.006

■ 46, 5.950, 291.006

■ 42, 13.224,  
292.117

■ 50, 1.051, 109.993

■ 37, 20.797,

■ 55, 7.796, 109.209

293.429

59, 14.304,  
108.509

33, 28.683,  
294.956

63, 20.591,  
107.905

28, 36.884,  
296.712

67, 26.671,  
107.383

24, 45.350,  
298.678

72, 32.559,  
106.929

20, 53.904,  
300.780

76, 38.265,  
106.533

17, 62.112,  
302.853

80, 43.801,  
106.186

14, 69.140,  
304.631

84, 49.178,  
105.882

12, 74.829,  
306.049

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 5.950, 291.006



49, 5.835, 109.392

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 5.950, 291.006



46, 5.950, 341.006



46, 5.950, 111.006



46, 5.950, 161.006

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 5.949, 291.000



62, 2.584, 290.478



49, 3.953, 197.635



31, 1.948, 290.541



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 5.949, 291.000



58, 8.712, 291.185



46, 6.272, 308.836



22, 3.936, 291.058



12, 77.721, 306.284



32, 131.776, 306.286





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 4.153, 19.809



59, 6.103, 19.944



49, 6.194, 128.137



23, 2.750, 19.851



24, 59.038, 37.982



52, 102.980, 39.996



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 5.950, 291.006 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 5.950, 291.006 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

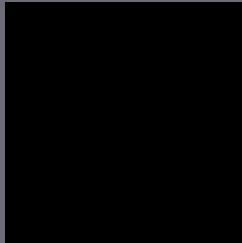
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

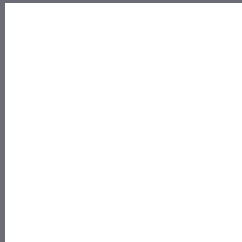
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 46, 5.950, 291.006**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 5.950, 291.006.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 5.950, 291.006.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


46, 5.950, 291.006

### Protanopia

46, 5.950, 291.006

### Deuteranopia

46, 8.566, 315.910



**Tritanopia**  
46, 5.356, 290.926



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46, 5.950, 291.006

## Protanomaly

46, 5.950, 291.006

## Deuteranomaly

46, 7.557, 309.488

## Tritanomaly

46, 5.356, 290.926

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46, 5.950, 291.006

## Achromatopsia

46, 0.006, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

46, 1.786, 290.448

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 5.950, 291.006 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 108, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 108, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 108, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 108, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 5.950, 291.006 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 108, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 108, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 108, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 108, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 108, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 108,  
118) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 5.950, 291.006 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 108, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
108, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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