

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 6.232, 340.986)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 6.232, 340.986) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 6.092, 344.416)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	766A70
RGB	118, 106, 112
RGB Percent	46%, 42%, 44%
CMY	0.5381, 0.5851, 0.5616
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.05, 0.54
HSL	330°, 5%, 44%
HSV	330°, 10%, 46%
XYZ	15.4895, 15.2687, 17.4003
YIQ	110.2720, 5.2260, 4.4100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

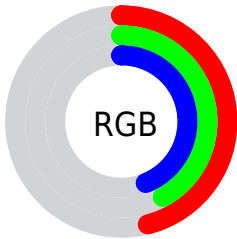
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 106, 112
Decimal	7760496
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, 5.87, -1.64
CIE _{LCh}	46, 6.092, 344.416
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3216, 0.3171
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285950576 (0xFF766A70)
YUV	110.2720, 0.8519, 6.7775
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 2.3766, 0.9505

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 6.092, 344.416$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $48, 6.012, 162.888$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 6.323, 342.182$, and $26, 5.966, 347.387$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 12.195, 345.321$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 0.112, 341.209$.

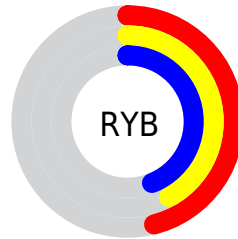
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (42%)

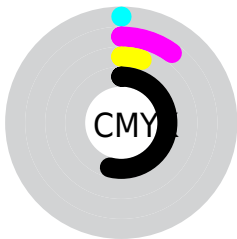
Blue (44%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (44%)

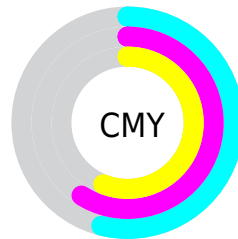


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 6.092, 344.416 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 6.092, 344.416 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 6.092, 344.416

■ 46, 6.092, 344.416

■ 100, 6.092,
344.416

■ 36, 6.092, 344.416

■ 66, 6.092, 344.416

■ 26, 6.092, 344.416

■ 76, 6.092, 344.416

■ 16, 6.092, 344.416

■ 86, 6.092, 344.416

■ 6, 6.092, 344.416

■ 96, 6.092, 344.416

■ 0, 6.092, 344.416

■ 46, 6.092, 344.416

■ 46, 6.092, 344.416

■ 43, 12.195,
345.321

■ 49, 0.112, 341.209

■ 39, 18.354,

■ 53, 5.699, 162.990

346.308

57, 11.324,
162.296

36, 24.449,
347.420

60, 16.757,
161.668

33, 30.309,
348.701

64, 22.001,
161.089

31, 35.702,
350.211

67, 27.065,
160.551

28, 40.349,
352.033

71, 31.961,
160.049

26, 43.970,
354.279

75, 36.700,
159.580

25, 46.364,
357.087

78, 41.294,
159.141

24, 48.068, 0.184

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 6.092, 344.416



48, 6.012, 162.888

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 6.092, 344.416



46, 6.092, 34.416



46, 6.092, 164.416



46, 6.092, 214.416

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 6.090, 344.421



62, 2.206, 343.742



46, 7.568, 309.492



32, 1.663, 343.825



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 6.090, 344.421



58, 8.913, 344.607



46, 5.015, 19.951



23, 3.350, 344.319



25, 49.386, 0.366



54, 83.347, 2.898

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 6.090, 344.421



58, 8.913, 344.607



49, 4.717, 198.957



23, 3.350, 344.319



25, 49.386, 0.366



54, 83.347, 2.898

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 6.092, 344.416 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 6.092, 344.416 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

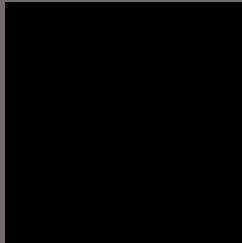
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 6.092, 344.416

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 6.092, 344.416.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 6.092, 344.416.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 6.092, 344.416

Protanopia

46, 3.095, 305.689

Deuteranopia

46, 6.092, 344.416



Tritanopia
46, 7.552, 335.292

Trichromacy



Original Color

46, 6.092, 344.416

Protanomaly

46, 4.344, 324.678

Deuteranomaly

46, 6.092, 344.416

Tritanomaly

46, 7.151, 338.671

Monochromacy



Original Color

46, 6.092, 344.416

Achromatopsia

46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

46, 2.726, 338.854

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 6.092, 344.416 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 106, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 106, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 106, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 106, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 6.092, 344.416 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 106, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 106, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 106, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 106, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 106, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 106,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 6.092, 344.416 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 106, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
106, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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