

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 6.398, 39.214)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 6.398, 39.214) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 6.404, 41.637)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	786A66
RGB	120, 106, 102
RGB Percent	47%, 42%, 40%
CMY	0.5293, 0.5842, 0.5999
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.15, 0.53
HSL	13°, 8%, 44%
HSV	13°, 15%, 47%
XYZ	15.3062, 15.2687, 14.7177
YIQ	109.7300, 9.6280, 1.7240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

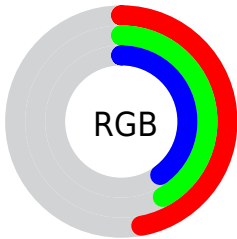
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 107, 102
Decimal	7891558
CIE Lab	46.00, 4.79, 4.25
CIE LCh	46, 6.404, 41.637
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3379, 0.3371
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286081638 (0xFF786A66)
YUV	109.7300, -3.8109, 9.0068
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 1.5390, 5.0209

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 6.404, 41.637$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $48, 5.854, 222.779$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 6.280, 40.377$, and $26, 6.302, 44.608$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 11.101, 41.523$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 2.053, 41.774$.

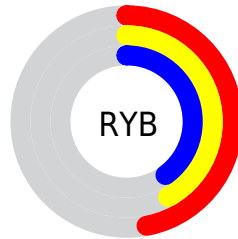
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (42%)

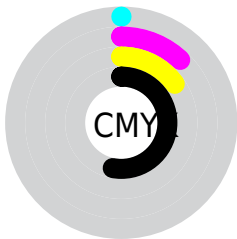
Blue (40%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (40%)

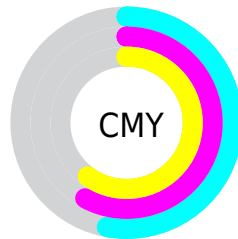


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 6.404, 41.637 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 6.404, 41.637 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 6.404, 41.637 ■ 46, 6.404, 41.637

■ 100, 6.404, 41.637 ■ 36, 6.404, 41.637

■ 66, 6.404, 41.637 ■ 26, 6.404, 41.637

■ 76, 6.404, 41.637 ■ 16, 6.404, 41.637

■ 86, 6.404, 41.637 ■ 6, 6.404, 41.637

■ 96, 6.404, 41.637 ■ 0, 6.404, 41.637

■ 46, 6.404, 41.637 ■ 46, 6.404, 41.637

■ 43, 11.101, 41.523 ■ 49, 2.053, 41.774

■ 40, 16.170, 41.500 ■ 52, 1.983, 222.454

■ 38, 21.625, 41.620 ■ 55, 5.735, 222.697

■ 35, 27.459, 41.914

■ 58, 9.235, 223.072

■ 33, 33.627, 42.396

■ 61, 12.513,
223.485

■ 30, 40.012, 43.042

■ 64, 15.595,
223.916

■ 28, 46.353, 43.729

■ 27, 51.954, 43.989

■ 67, 18.505,
224.356

■ 26, 54.437, 44.122

■ 70, 21.264,
224.799

■ 73, 23.889,
225.240

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 6.404, 41.637



48, 5.854, 222.779

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 6.404, 41.637



46, 6.404, 91.637



46, 6.404, 221.637



46, 6.404, 271.637

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 6.403, 41.651



63, 2.024, 41.759



45, 11.150, 332.009



33, 1.453, 41.771



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

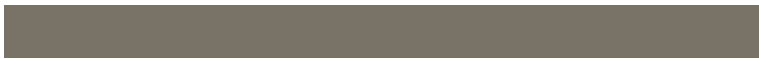
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 6.403, 41.651



58, 9.631, 41.599



49, 7.853, 93.162



24, 2.388, 41.747



27, 56.366, 44.261



56, 98.175, 43.733

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 5.854, 222.779



60, 8.607, 222.957



45, 7.896, 276.822



25, 2.266, 222.537



38, 26.134, 238.843



74, 44.383, 241.326

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 6.404, 41.637 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 6.404, 41.637 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

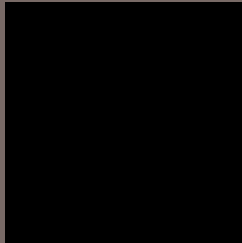
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

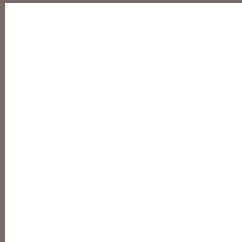
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 6.404, 41.637

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 6.404, 41.637.

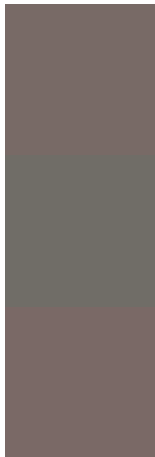


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 6.404, 41.637.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 6.404, 41.637

Protanopia

46, 3.755, 90.143

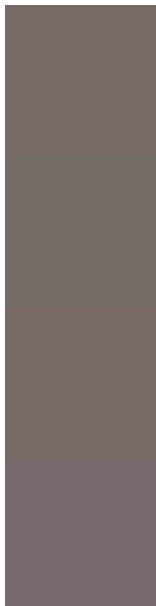
Deuteranopia

46, 7.458, 33.923



Tritanopia
46, 8.799, 343.180

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 6.404, 41.637

Protanomaly
46, 4.164, 64.779

Deuteranomaly
46, 7.036, 34.718

Tritanomaly
46, 7.062, 0.702

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 6.404, 41.637

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 2.375, 49.302

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 6.404, 41.637 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 106, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 106, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 106, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 106, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 6.404, 41.637 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 106, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 106, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 106, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 106, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 106, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 106,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 6.404, 41.637 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 106, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
106, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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