

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 6.795, 225.635)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(46, 6.795, 225.635) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(46, 6.770, 224.942)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	607075
RGB	96, 112, 117
RGB Percent	38%, 44%, 46%
CMY	0.6247, 0.5620, 0.5424
CMYK	0.18, 0.04, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	194°, 10%, 42%
HSV	194°, 18%, 46%
XYZ	13.7456, 15.2687, 18.9576
YIQ	107.7860, -11.1410, -1.8370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

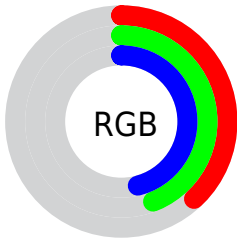
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	96, 105, 117
Decimal	6320245
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.00, -4.79, -4.78
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 6.770, 224.942
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2865, 0.3183
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284510325 (0xFF607075)
YUV	107.7860, 4.5425, -10.3363
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -5.5897, -1.4123

# Details

The CIELCh color  $46, 6.770, 224.942$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $44, 7.536, 43.344$ , and the grayscale version is  $45, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $66, 6.735, 223.321$ , and  $26, 6.865, 227.194$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $44, 10.236, 225.669$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $48, 3.080, 224.428$ .

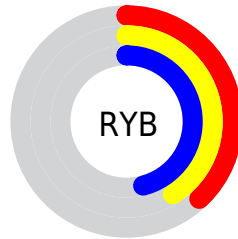
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (44%)

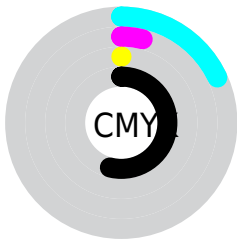
Blue (46%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (46%)

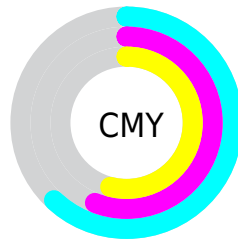


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 6.770, 224.942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 6.770, 224.942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 46, 6.770, 224.942

■ 46, 6.770, 224.942

■ 100, 6.770,  
224.942

■ 36, 6.770, 224.942

■ 66, 6.770, 224.942

■ 26, 6.770, 224.942

■ 76, 6.770, 224.942

■ 16, 6.770, 224.942

■ 86, 6.770, 224.942

■ 6, 6.770, 224.942

■ 96, 6.770, 224.942

■ 0, 6.770, 224.942

■ 46, 6.770, 224.942

■ 46, 6.770, 224.942

■ 44, 10.236,  
225.669

■ 48, 3.080, 224.428

■ 43, 13.428,

■ 49, 0.788, 43.437

226.651

51, 4.796, 43.513

41, 16.297,  
227.928

53, 8.909, 43.335

40, 18.798,  
229.569

55, 13.099, 43.207

39, 20.897,  
231.648

57, 17.342, 43.128

37, 22.583,  
234.246

61, 25.915, 43.083

36, 23.876,  
237.431

63, 30.217, 43.101

35, 24.926,  
241.042

35, 25.146,  
241.743

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 6.770, 224.942



44, 7.536, 43.344

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 6.770, 224.942



46, 6.770, 274.942



46, 6.770, 44.942



46, 6.770, 94.942

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 6.770, 224.932



61, 2.389, 224.358



47, 12.872, 150.530



32, 1.641, 224.365



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 6.770, 224.932



58, 10.069, 225.240



43, 9.461, 278.390



24, 2.174, 224.467



37, 26.047, 241.988



72, 44.695, 244.675





# Inverse Universe

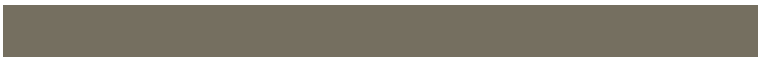
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 12.890, 332.995



53, 19.441, 333.296



47, 9.378, 94.016



23, 4.030, 332.411



27, 56.248, 340.023



56, 94.501, 340.856



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 6.770, 224.942 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 6.770, 224.942 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

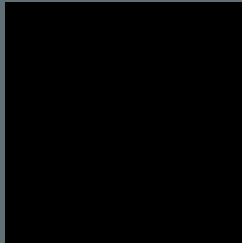
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

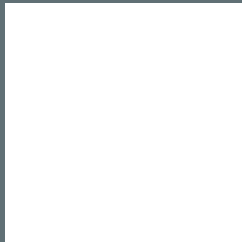
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 46, 6.770, 224.942

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 6.770, 224.942.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 6.770, 224.942.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

46, 6.770, 224.942

**Protanopia**

46, 4.192, 296.228

**Deuteranopia**

46, 8.034, 317.691



**Tritanopia**  
46, 7.710, 243.082



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46, 6.770, 224.942

## Protanomaly

46, 4.569, 265.235

## Deuteranomaly

46, 5.950, 291.006

## Tritanomaly

46, 7.343, 239.463

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46, 6.770, 224.942

## Achromatopsia

45, 0.006, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

46, 2.661, 225.887

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 6.770, 224.942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 112, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 112, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 112, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 112, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 6.770, 224.942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 112, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 112, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 112, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 112, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 112, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 112,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 6.770, 224.942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 112, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 112,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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