

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 60.514, 29.791)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(46, 60.514, 29.791) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(46, 60.423, 29.728)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C23E3E
RGB	194, 62, 62
RGB Percent	76%, 24%, 24%
CMY	0.2391, 0.7567, 0.7568
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.68, 0.24
HSL	0°, 52%, 50%
HSV	0°, 68%, 76%
XYZ	24.8488, 15.2687, 6.1976
YIQ	101.4680, 78.6720, 27.9840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

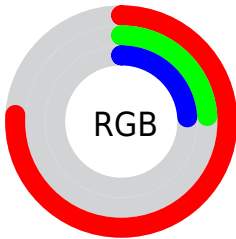
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	194, 62, 62
Decimal	12729918
CIELab	46.00, 52.47, 29.96
CIElCh	46, 60.423, 29.728
Yxy	15.2687, 0.5365, 0.3297
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290919998 (0xFFC23E3E)
YUV	101.4680, -19.4577, 81.1506
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 45.1309, 17.9488

# Details

The CIELCh color **46, 60.423, 29.728** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **72, 36.150, 196.727**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 59.838, 29.628**, and **27, 58.626, 31.905** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 69.782, 33.099**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 50.643, 26.915**.

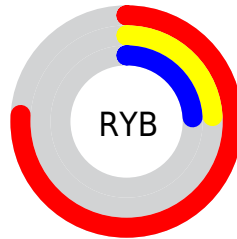
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (24%)

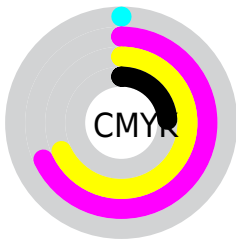
Blue (24%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (24%)

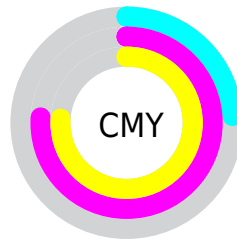


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (68%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (76%)



Yellow (76%)







# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 60.423, 29.728 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 60.423, 29.728 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 46, 60.423, 29.728	 46, 60.423, 29.728
 100, 60.423, 29.728	 36, 60.423, 29.728
 66, 60.423, 29.728	 26, 60.423, 29.728
 76, 60.423, 29.728	 16, 60.423, 29.728
 86, 60.423, 29.728	 6, 60.423, 29.728
 96, 60.423, 29.728	 0, 60.423, 29.728

 46, 60.423, 29.728	 46, 60.423, 29.728
 43, 69.782, 33.099	 50, 50.643, 26.915
 41, 78.039, 36.633	 54, 40.851, 24.692

41, 83.995, 39.445

58, 31.333, 22.978

40, 85.138, 40.001

63, 22.280, 21.664

69, 13.794, 20.648

74, 5.910, 19.823

80, 1.388, 199.702

85, 8.138, 198.906

91, 14.392,  
198.501

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 60.423, 29.728



72, 36.150, 196.727

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 60.423, 29.728



46, 60.423, 79.728



46, 60.423, 209.728



46, 60.423, 259.728

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 60.420, 29.731



86, 19.110, 20.858



50, 79.784, 327.702



44, 13.291, 21.140



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 60.420, 29.731



55, 90.612, 34.987



59, 49.218, 66.802



38, 4.187, 19.928



33, 73.726, 39.725



3, 13.998, 19.410





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 36.150, 196.727



91, 47.959, 196.502



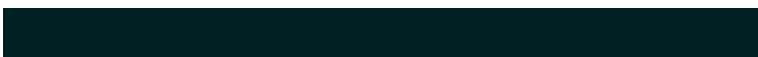
52, 40.605, 270.670



40, 3.949, 198.989



60, 35.470, 196.402



11, 12.442, 196.404



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 60.423, 29.728 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 60.423, 29.728 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 46, 60.423, 29.728

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 60.423, 29.728.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 60.423, 29.728.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46, 60.423, 29.728

### Protanopia

46, 17.997, 96.141

### Deuteranopia

46, 32.628, 78.763



**Tritanopia**  
46, 59.733, 28.213



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
46, 60.423, 29.728

**Protanomaly**  
45, 28.153, 46.575

**Deuteranomaly**  
45, 38.504, 50.311

**Tritanomaly**  
46, 59.958, 28.723

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
46, 60.423, 29.728

**Achromatopsia**  
43, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
42, 21.524, 22.471

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 60.423, 29.728 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 62, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 62, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 62, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 62, 62) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 60.423, 29.728 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 62, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 62, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 62, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 62, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 62, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 62,  
62) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 60.423, 29.728 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 62, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194, 62,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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