

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 66.058, 313.131)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 66.058, 313.131)
contains.

CIELCh(46, 66.422, 313.045)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(46, 66.422, 313.045)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C51BF
RGB	140, 81, 191
RGB Percent	55%, 32%, 75%
CMY	0.4503, 0.6817, 0.2503
CMYK	0.27, 0.58, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	272°, 46%, 53%
HSV	272°, 58%, 75%
XYZ	23.2225, 15.2687, 51.1151
YIQ	111.1810, -0.1460, 46.7180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

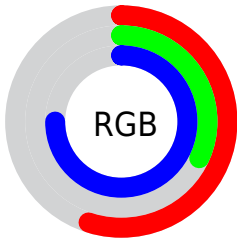
Format	Color
R _Y B	140, 81, 191
Decimal	9195967
CIE Lab	46.00, 45.34, -48.54
CIE LCh	46, 66.422, 313.045
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2592, 0.1704
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287386047 (0xFF8C51BF)
YUV	111.1810, 39.3508, 25.2743
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 37.7016, -50.2061

Details

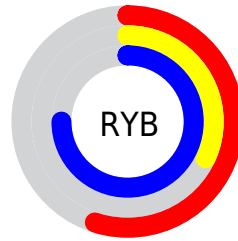
The CIELCh color `46, 66.422, 313.045` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `9966CC`. A complement of this color would be `71, 61.486, 127.775`, and the grayscale version is `47, 0.006, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `66, 66.223, 312.933`, and `26, 66.373, 313.041` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `41, 77.210, 313.383`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `51, 54.909, 312.598`.

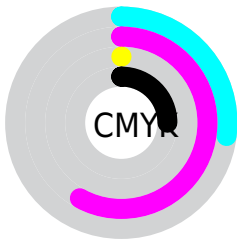
Distribution



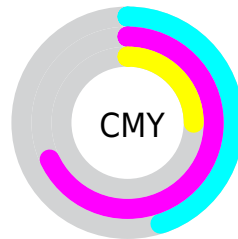
- Red (55%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)





- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 66.422, 313.045 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 66.422, 313.045 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 66.422,
313.045


 46, 66.422,
313.045


 100, 66.422,
313.045


 36, 66.422,
313.045

 66, 66.422,
313.045


 26, 66.422,
313.045

 76, 66.422,
313.045

 16, 66.422,
313.045

 86, 66.422,
313.045

 6, 66.422, 313.045

 96, 66.422,
313.045

 0, 66.422, 313.045

 46, 66.422,

 46, 66.422,

313.045

■ 41, 77.210,
313.383

■ 37, 86.645,
313.528

■ 34, 93.973,
313.377

■ 31, 98.699,
312.864

■ 31, 99.716,
312.731

313.045

■ 51, 54.909,
312.598

■ 56, 43.120,
312.102

■ 62, 31.335,
311.596

■ 67, 19.721,
311.105

■ 73, 8.371, 310.638

■ 79, 2.671, 130.279

■ 84, 13.386,
129.861

■ 90, 23.774,
129.516

■ 96, 33.841,
129.213

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 66.422, 313.045



71, 61.486, 127.775

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 66.422, 313.045



46, 66.422, 3.045



46, 66.422, 133.045



46, 66.422, 183.045

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 66.421, 313.045



86, 23.546, 311.092



54, 35.851, 270.635



44, 15.919, 311.190



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 66.421, 313.045



52, 96.801, 313.442



53, 67.939, 328.354



37, 6.235, 310.721



25, 86.513, 312.892



2, 18.192, 306.262

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 49.894, 352.564



59, 70.778, 355.231



69, 68.664, 140.365



37, 4.862, 346.413



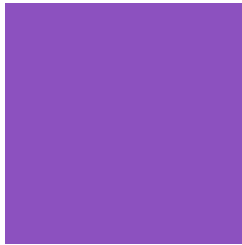
33, 59.093, 4.886



3, 13.682, 353.734

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 66.422, 313.045 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 66.422, 313.045 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

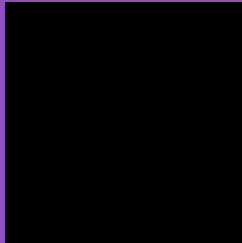
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 66.422, 313.045

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 66.422, 313.045.

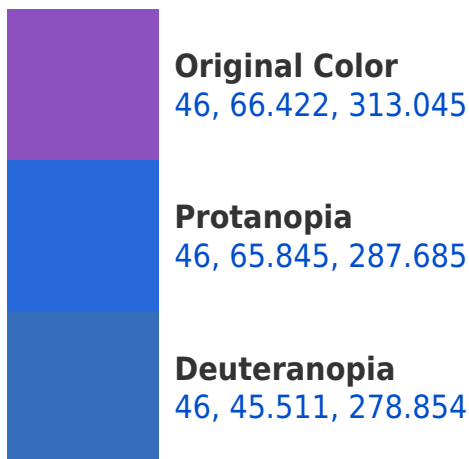


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 66.422, 313.045.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
46, 10.647, 354.430

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 66.422, 313.045

Protanomaly
45, 65.815, 294.310

Deuteranomaly
45, 51.709, 292.431

Tritanomaly
46, 29.975, 320.188

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 66.422, 313.045

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 25.275, 312.061

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 66.422, 313.045 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 81, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 81, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 81, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 81, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 66.422, 313.045 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

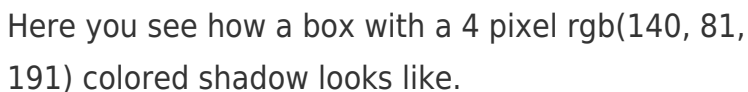
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 81, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 81, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 81, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 81, 191); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 81, 191); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 81, 191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 66.422, 313.045 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 81, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 81,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor