

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 69.597, 137.215)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 69.597, 137.215)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 69.420, 137.203)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	017F0C
RGB	1, 127, 12
RGB Percent	0%, 50%, 5%
CMY	0.9975, 0.5011, 0.9515
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.90, 0.50
HSL	126°, 99%, 25%
HSV	126°, 99%, 50%
XYZ	7.6952, 15.2687, 2.9007
YIQ	76.2160, -38.1810, -62.4770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

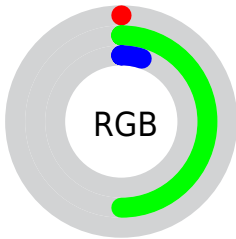
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 117, 127
Decimal	98060
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, -50.94, 47.16
CIE _{LCh}	46, 69.420, 137.203
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2975, 0.5903
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278288140 (0xFF017F0C)
YUV	76.2160, -31.6585, -65.9644
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -33.2290, 22.9513

Details

The CIELCh color **46, 69.420, 137.203** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **29, 64.238, 332.134**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 69.411, 137.158**, and **27, 49.854, 136.062** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 69.558, 137.174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46, 66.137, 138.135**.

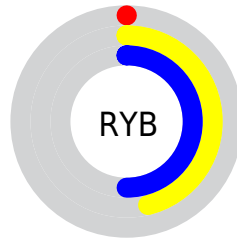
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (50%)

Blue (5%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (50%)

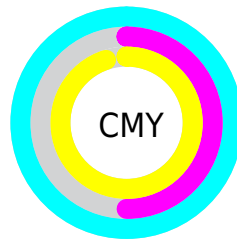


Cyan (99%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (50%)


Yellow (95%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 69.420, 137.203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 69.420, 137.203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 69.420,
137.203


 46, 69.420,
137.203


 100, 69.420,
137.203


 36, 69.420,
137.203

 66, 69.420,
137.203


 26, 69.420,
137.203

 76, 69.420,
137.203

 16, 69.420,
137.203

 86, 69.420,
137.203

 6, 69.420, 137.203

 96, 69.420,
137.203

 0, 69.420, 137.203

 46, 69.420,

 46, 69.420,

137.203

137.203

■ 46, 69.558,
137.174

■ 46, 66.137,
138.135

■ 46, 61.564,
139.370

■ 47, 55.772,
140.664

■ 47, 49.000,
141.921

■ 48, 41.486,
143.083

■ 49, 33.453,
144.123

■ 50, 25.096,
145.035

■ 51, 16.579,
145.826

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 69.420, 137.203



29, 64.238, 332.134

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 69.420, 137.203



46, 69.420, 187.203



46, 69.420, 317.203



46, 69.420, 7.203

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 69.420, 137.204



64, 31.685, 144.930



51, 58.030, 107.806



33, 21.760, 144.616



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 69.420, 137.204



59, 84.906, 136.907



47, 47.704, 154.635



26, 4.779, 146.542



46, 69.670, 137.172



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 64.238, 332.134



38, 77.898, 332.258



26, 50.329, 8.100



25, 4.789, 327.521



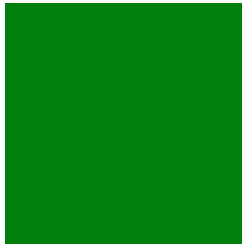
29, 64.435, 332.156



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 69.420, 137.203 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

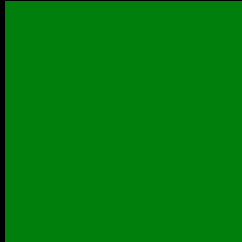
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 69.420, 137.203 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 69.420, 137.203

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 69.420, 137.203.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 69.420, 137.203.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 69.368, 137.152

Protanopia

46, 52.318, 95.243

Deuteranopia

46, 44.194, 82.472



Tritanopia
46, 21.111, 213.870

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 69.368, 137.152

Protanomaly
44, 56.397, 120.528

Deuteranomaly
44, 48.300, 117.717

Tritanomaly
45, 36.434, 160.875

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 69.368, 137.152

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 32.151, 143.214

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 69.420, 137.203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 127, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 127, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 127, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 127, 12) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 69.420, 137.203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 127, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 127, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 127, 12)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 127, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 127, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 127, 12)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 69.420, 137.203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 127, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 127,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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