

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 7.133, 291.766)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 7.133, 291.766) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 7.139, 291.167)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C6C78
RGB	108, 108, 120
RGB Percent	42%, 42%, 47%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5765, 0.5294
CMYK	0.10, 0.10, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	240°, 5%, 45%
HSV	240°, 10%, 47%
XYZ	14.9364, 15.2687, 19.9286
YIQ	109.3680, -3.8520, 3.7320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

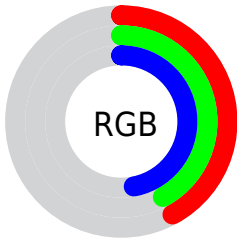
Format	Color
RYB	108, 108, 120
Decimal	7105656
CIELab	46.00, 2.58, -6.66
CIELCh	46, 7.139, 291.167
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2979, 0.3046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285295736 (0xFF6C6C78)
YUV	109.3680, 5.2416, -1.1997
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -0.1501, -2.8857

Details

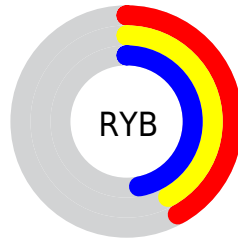
The CIELCh color $46, 7.139, 291.167$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 6.981, 109.251$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 7.214, 290.939$, and $26, 7.209, 291.636$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 14.552, 292.311$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 0.007, 296.767$.

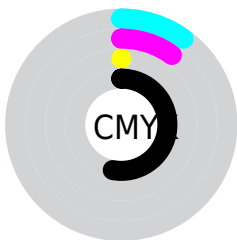
Distribution



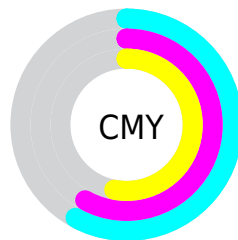
- Red (42%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 7.139, 291.167 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 7.139, 291.167 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 7.139, 291.167

■ 46, 7.139, 291.167

■ 100, 7.139,
291.167

■ 36, 7.139, 291.167

■ 66, 7.139, 291.167

■ 26, 7.139, 291.167

■ 76, 7.139, 291.167

■ 16, 7.139, 291.167

■ 86, 7.139, 291.167

■ 6, 7.139, 291.167

■ 96, 7.139, 291.167

■ 0, 7.139, 291.167

■ 46, 7.139, 291.167

■ 46, 7.139, 291.167

■ 42, 14.552,
292.311

■ 50, 0.007, 296.767

■ 37, 22.270,

■ 55, 6.862, 109.326

293.657

59, 13.488,
108.609

33, 30.309,
295.223

64, 19.888,
107.990

28, 38.663,
297.017

68, 26.076,
107.456

24, 47.269,
299.015

72, 32.067,
106.992

20, 55.914,
301.130

76, 37.872,
106.587

17, 64.098,
303.179

80, 43.503,
106.234

14, 70.906,
304.880

85, 48.970,
105.923

12, 76.626,
306.285

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 7.139, 291.167



50, 6.981, 109.251

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 7.139, 291.167



46, 7.139, 341.167



46, 7.139, 111.167



46, 7.139, 161.167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 7.138, 291.162



63, 2.619, 290.479



49, 4.713, 197.535



32, 2.002, 290.544



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 7.138, 291.162



58, 10.638, 291.409



47, 7.520, 308.908



23, 4.079, 291.066



12, 78.883, 306.285



32, 132.795, 306.286

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 4.998, 19.928



59, 7.481, 20.103



50, 7.414, 128.067



24, 2.851, 19.859



25, 60.072, 38.168



53, 103.776, 39.996

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 7.139, 291.167 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 7.139, 291.167 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

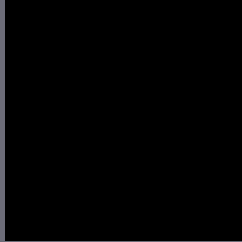
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

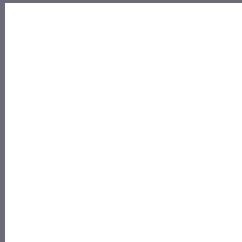
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 7.139, 291.167

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 7.139, 291.167.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 7.139, 291.167.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 7.139, 291.167

Protanopia

46, 7.139, 291.167

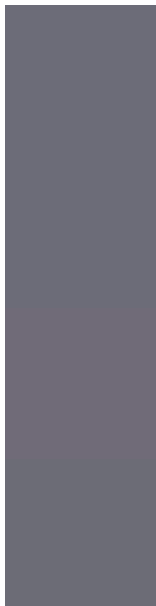
Deuteranopia

46, 8.956, 311.988



Tritanopia
46, 5.356, 290.926

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 7.139, 291.167

Protanomaly
46, 7.139, 291.167

Deuteranomaly
46, 8.013, 305.471

Tritanomaly
46, 5.950, 291.006

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 7.139, 291.167

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 2.380, 290.524

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 7.139, 291.167 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 108, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 108, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 108, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 108, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 7.139, 291.167 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 108, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 108, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 108, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 108, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 108, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 108,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 7.139, 291.167 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 108, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
108, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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