

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 7.246, 300.683)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 7.246, 300.683) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 7.262, 300.532)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E6B77
RGB	110, 107, 119
RGB Percent	43%, 42%, 47%
CMY	0.5672, 0.5790, 0.5319
CMYK	0.08, 0.10, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	255°, 5%, 44%
HSV	255°, 10%, 47%
XYZ	15.1218, 15.2687, 19.7175
YIQ	109.2650, -2.0640, 4.3680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

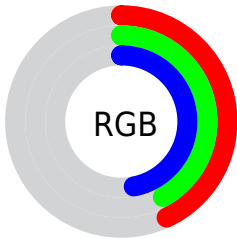
Format	Color
R _Y B	110, 107, 119
Decimal	7236471
CIE Lab	46.00, 3.69, -6.26
CIE LCh	46, 7.262, 300.532
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3018, 0.3047
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285426551 (0xFF6E6B77)
YUV	109.2650, 4.7994, 0.6446
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 0.6966, -2.5655

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 7.262, 300.532$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 7.117, 119.316$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 7.392, 302.517$, and $26, 7.288, 298.343$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 14.734, 301.238$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 0.047, 299.474$.

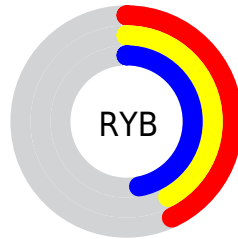
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (42%)

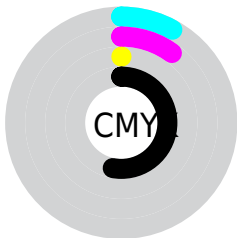
Blue (47%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (47%)

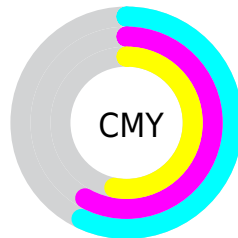


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 7.262, 300.532 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 7.262, 300.532 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 7.262, 300.532

■ 46, 7.262, 300.532

■ 100, 7.262,
300.532

■ 36, 7.262, 300.532

■ 66, 7.262, 300.532

■ 26, 7.262, 300.532

■ 76, 7.262, 300.532

■ 16, 7.262, 300.532

■ 86, 7.262, 300.532

■ 6, 7.262, 300.532

■ 96, 7.262, 300.532

■ 0, 7.262, 300.532

■ 46, 7.262, 300.532

■ 46, 7.262, 300.532

■ 42, 14.734,
301.238

■ 50, 0.047, 299.474

■ 38, 22.469,

■ 54, 6.917, 119.372

302.041

58, 13.644,
118.901

34, 30.453,
302.937

62, 20.148,
118.494

29, 38.639,
303.916

67, 26.443,
118.141

25, 46.914,
304.948

71, 32.540,
117.837

22, 55.046,
305.969

74, 38.454,
117.574

18, 62.607,
306.871

78, 44.194,
117.348

16, 68.929,
307.494

82, 49.772,
117.153

13, 74.358,
308.050

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 7.262, 300.532



50, 7.117, 119.316

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 7.262, 300.532



46, 7.262, 350.532



46, 7.262, 120.532



46, 7.262, 170.532

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 7.261, 300.528



63, 2.663, 300.079



48, 3.938, 223.928



32, 2.036, 300.125



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 7.261, 300.528



58, 10.802, 300.680



47, 7.984, 317.168



22, 3.998, 300.459



14, 75.732, 308.028



34, 129.179, 307.589

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 7.248, 332.930



59, 10.757, 333.078



49, 7.926, 136.375



23, 3.996, 332.861



27, 55.787, 340.776



56, 93.700, 341.671

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 7.262, 300.532 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 7.262, 300.532 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

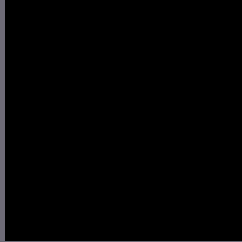
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

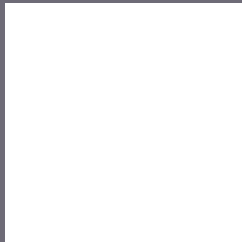
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 7.262, 300.532

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 7.262, 300.532.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 7.262, 300.532.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 7.262, 300.532

Protanopia

46, 7.139, 291.167

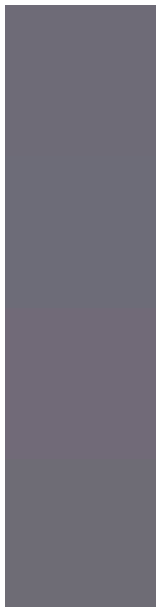
Deuteranopia

46, 9.106, 314.349



Tritanopia
46, 4.838, 300.322

Trichromacy



Original Color

46, 7.262, 300.532

Protanomaly

46, 7.155, 294.304

Deuteranomaly

46, 8.823, 309.561

Tritanomaly

46, 5.425, 299.338

Monochromacy



Original Color

46, 7.262, 300.532

Achromatopsia

46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

46, 2.419, 300.110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 7.262, 300.532 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 107, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 107, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 107, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 107, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 7.262, 300.532 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 107, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 107, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 107, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 107, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 107, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 107,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 7.262, 300.532 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 107, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
107, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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