

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 7.396, 123.777)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 7.396, 123.777) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 7.412, 125.622)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A6F63
RGB	106, 111, 99
RGB Percent	42%, 44%, 39%
CMY	0.5852, 0.5656, 0.6126
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.11, 0.57
HSL	85°, 6%, 41%
HSV	85°, 11%, 43%
XYZ	13.8204, 15.2687, 13.9693
YIQ	108.1370, 0.8720, -4.7920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

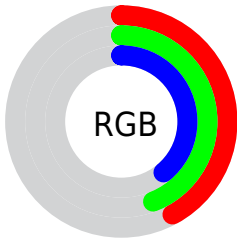
Format	Color
R _Y B	99, 111, 104
Decimal	6975331
CIE Lab	46.00, -4.32, 6.03
CIE LCh	46, 7.412, 125.622
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3210, 0.3546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285165411 (0xFF6A6F63)
YUV	108.1370, -4.5045, -1.8741
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -5.2482, 6.1565

Details

The CIELCh color $46, 7.412, 125.622$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43, 7.541, 306.611$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 7.557, 127.370$, and $26, 6.784, 124.821$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 14.257, 125.147$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47, 0.561, 126.178$.

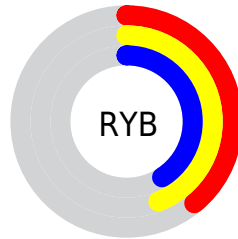
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (44%)

Blue (39%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (41%)

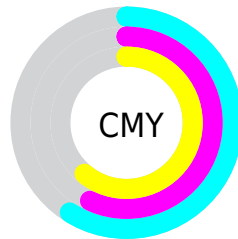


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 7.412, 125.622 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 7.412, 125.622 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 7.412, 125.622

■ 46, 7.412, 125.622

■ 100, 7.412,
125.622

■ 36, 7.412, 125.622

■ 66, 7.412, 125.622

■ 26, 7.412, 125.622

■ 76, 7.412, 125.622

■ 16, 7.412, 125.622

■ 86, 7.412, 125.622

■ 6, 7.412, 125.622

■ 96, 7.412, 125.622

■ 0, 7.412, 125.622

■ 46, 7.412, 125.622

■ 46, 7.412, 125.622

■ 45, 14.257,
125.147

■ 47, 0.561, 126.178

■ 45, 21.044,

■ 47, 6.265, 306.494

124.662

■ 48, 13.041,
306.898

■ 44, 27.708,
124.189

■ 49, 19.750,
307.267

■ 44, 34.154,
123.760

■ 50, 26.377,
307.605

■ 43, 40.241,
123.423

■ 51, 32.914,
307.913

■ 43, 45.777,
123.249

■ 52, 39.355,
308.192

■ 42, 50.511,
123.330

■ 53, 45.694,
308.445

■ 42, 54.176,
123.774

■ 54, 51.931,
308.673

■ 42, 57.061,
124.266

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 7.412, 125.622



43, 7.541, 306.611

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 7.412, 125.622



46, 7.412, 175.622



46, 7.412, 305.622



46, 7.412, 355.622

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 7.413, 125.626



59, 2.522, 126.002



44, 4.195, 64.746



30, 1.899, 125.966



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 7.413, 125.626



58, 10.961, 125.507



46, 8.497, 141.655



23, 3.889, 125.712



45, 60.422, 124.406



88, 103.981, 125.320

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 7.541, 306.611



53, 11.188, 306.739



43, 8.522, 322.669



21, 3.947, 306.520



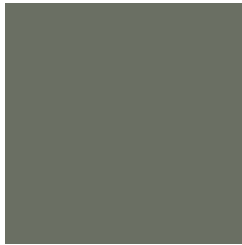
16, 72.343, 310.586



37, 124.373, 309.978

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 7.412, 125.622 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

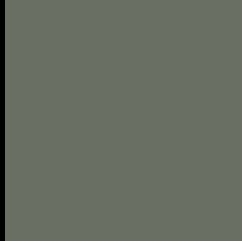
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 7.412, 125.622 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

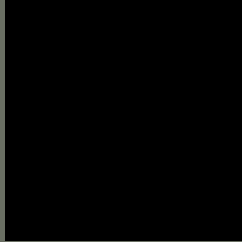
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 7.412, 125.622

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 7.412, 125.622.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 7.412, 125.622.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 7.412, 125.622

Protanopia

46, 6.286, 89.531

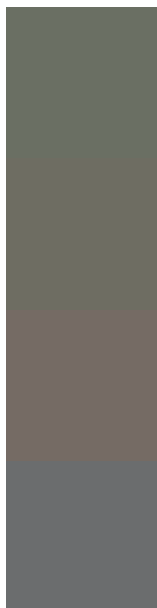
Deuteranopia

46, 8.287, 41.051



Tritanopia
46, 5.356, 290.926

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 7.412, 125.622

Protanomaly
46, 6.520, 105.530

Deuteranomaly
46, 5.942, 63.816

Tritanomaly
46, 1.000, 236.222

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 7.412, 125.622

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 2.516, 128.949

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 7.412, 125.622 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 111, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 111, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 111, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 111, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 7.412, 125.622 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 111, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 111, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 111, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 111, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 111, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 111,  
99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 7.412, 125.622 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 111, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
111, 99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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