

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 8.104, 217.848)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 8.104, 217.848) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 8.104, 220.269)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C7075
RGB	92, 112, 117
RGB Percent	36%, 44%, 46%
CMY	0.6376, 0.5592, 0.5396
CMYK	0.21, 0.04, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	192°, 12%, 41%
HSV	192°, 21%, 46%
XYZ	13.5282, 15.2687, 19.1907
YIQ	106.5900, -13.5250, -2.6850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

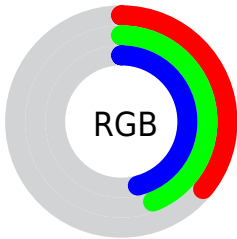
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 103, 117
Decimal	6058101
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, -6.18, -5.24
CIE _{LCh}	46, 8.104, 220.269
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2819, 0.3182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284248181 (0xFF5C7075)
YUV	106.5900, 5.1321, -12.7954
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -6.5832, -1.7661

Details

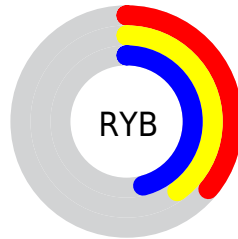
The CIELCh color $46, 8.104, 220.269$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43, 9.266, 39.160$, and the grayscale version is $45, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 8.037, 219.084$, and $26, 8.195, 222.043$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 11.530, 220.850$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48, 4.417, 219.872$.

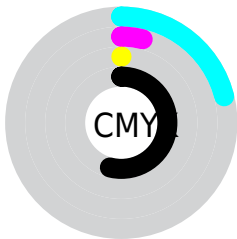
Distribution



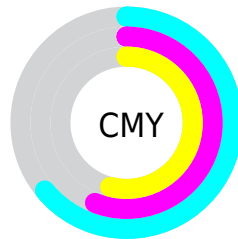
- Red (36%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 8.104, 220.269 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 8.104, 220.269 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 8.104, 220.269

■ 46, 8.104, 220.269

■ 100, 8.104,
220.269

■ 36, 8.104, 220.269

■ 66, 8.104, 220.269

■ 26, 8.104, 220.269

■ 76, 8.104, 220.269

■ 16, 8.104, 220.269

■ 86, 8.104, 220.269

■ 6, 8.104, 220.269

■ 96, 8.104, 220.269

■ 0, 8.104, 220.269

■ 46, 8.104, 220.269

■ 46, 8.104, 220.269

■ 45, 11.530,
220.850

■ 48, 4.417, 219.872

■ 43, 14.641,

■ 49, 0.521, 220.204

221.664

51, 3.539, 39.214

42, 17.384,
222.754

53, 7.723, 39.174

41, 19.708,
224.181

54, 12.000, 39.161

39, 21.583,
226.014

56, 16.340, 39.188

38, 22.997,
228.327

60, 25.131, 39.341

37, 23.977,
231.186

62, 29.549, 39.450

37, 24.687,
233.860

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 8.104, 220.269



43, 9.266, 39.160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 8.104, 220.269



46, 8.104, 270.269



46, 8.104, 40.269



46, 8.104, 90.269

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 8.104, 220.261



62, 2.949, 219.775



47, 15.902, 148.547



32, 1.942, 219.778



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 8.104, 220.261



58, 12.085, 220.551



42, 10.658, 275.309



24, 2.210, 219.815



38, 25.442, 234.043



75, 43.352, 236.375

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 15.774, 331.799



53, 23.928, 332.140



46, 10.662, 89.879



23, 4.140, 331.029



27, 57.784, 337.734



57, 97.191, 338.383

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 8.104, 220.269 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 8.104, 220.269 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

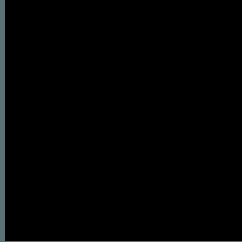
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

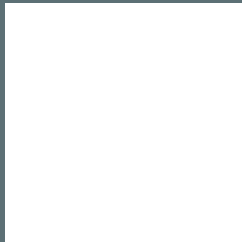
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 8.104, 220.269

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 8.104, 220.269.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 8.104, 220.269.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

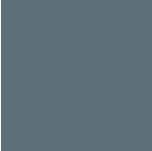
46, 8.104, 220.269

Protanopia

46, 4.192, 296.228

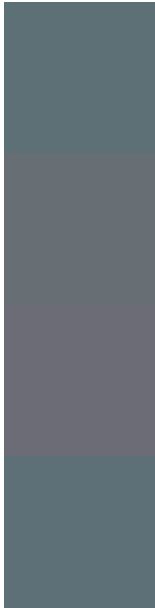
Deuteranopia

46, 8.566, 315.910



Tritanopia
46, 8.793, 236.424

Trichromacy



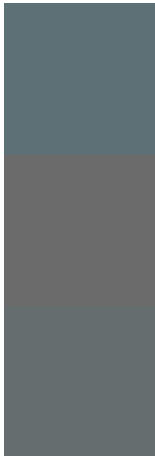
Original Color
46, 8.104, 220.269

Protanomaly
46, 4.456, 252.545

Deuteranomaly
46, 5.957, 287.224

Tritanomaly
46, 8.487, 232.987

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 8.104, 220.269

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 3.018, 222.489

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 8.104, 220.269 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 112, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 112, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 112, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 112, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 8.104, 220.269 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 112, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 112, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 112, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 112, 117); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 112, 117); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 112, 117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 8.104, 220.269 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 112, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 112,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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