

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 80.584, 341.472)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 80.584, 341.472)
contains.

CIELCh(46, 80.476, 341.750)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(46, 80.476, 341.750)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CD0199
RGB	205, 1, 153
RGB Percent	80%, 0%, 60%
CMY	0.1969, 0.9950, 0.4008
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.25, 0.20
HSL	315°, 99%, 40%
HSV	315°, 99%, 80%
XYZ	30.8639, 15.2687, 31.3737
YIQ	79.3240, 72.7920, 90.5200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

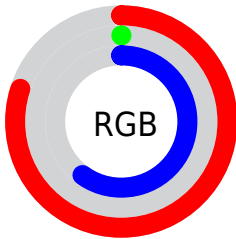
Format	Color
R_{YB}	205, 1, 153
Decimal	13435289
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, 76.43, -25.20
CIE _{LCh}	46, 80.476, 341.750
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3982, 0.1970
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291625369 (0xFFCD0199)
YUV	79.3240, 36.3223, 110.2179
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 72.6086, -20.2518

Details

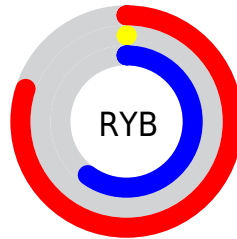
The CIELCh color **46, 80.476, 341.750** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **72, 92.567, 139.844**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 78.731, 339.050**, and **32, 61.083, 344.578** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 80.506, 341.845**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 79.609, 340.280**.

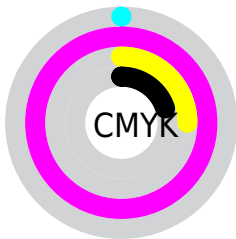
Distribution



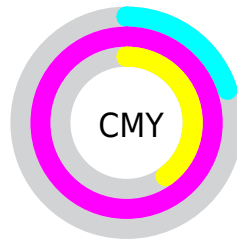
- Red (80%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (20%)





- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 80.476, 341.750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 80.476, 341.750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 80.476,
341.750


 46, 80.476,
341.750


 100, 80.476,
341.750


 36, 80.476,
341.750

 66, 80.476,
341.750


 26, 80.476,
341.750

 76, 80.476,
341.750

 16, 80.476,
341.750

 86, 80.476,
341.750

 6, 80.476, 341.750

 96, 80.476,
341.750

 0, 80.476, 341.750

 46, 80.476,

 46, 80.476,

341.750

341.750

■ 46, 80.506,
341.845

■ 47, 79.609,
340.280

■ 49, 76.560,
339.021

■ 51, 71.077,
337.940

■ 54, 63.477,
336.984

■ 58, 54.254,
336.114

■ 62, 43.933,
335.306

■ 67, 32.972,
334.545

■ 72, 21.729,
333.821

■ 77, 10.455,
333.122

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 80.476, 341.750



72, 92.567, 139.844

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 80.476, 341.750



46, 80.476, 31.750



46, 80.476, 161.750



46, 80.476, 211.750

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 80.473, 341.750



81, 40.226, 334.620



27, 110.717, 307.673



41, 27.392, 334.941



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 80.473, 341.750



57, 94.761, 342.070



43, 76.282, 25.584



40, 6.307, 333.123



37, 68.979, 341.585



5, 23.562, 338.224

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 80.473, 341.750



57, 94.761, 342.070



73, 56.158, 166.046



40, 6.307, 333.123



37, 68.979, 341.585



5, 23.562, 338.224

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 80.476, 341.750 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

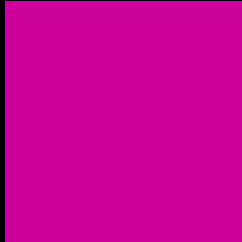
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 80.476, 341.750 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

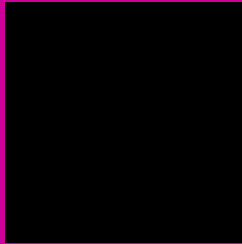
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 80.476, 341.750

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 80.476, 341.750.

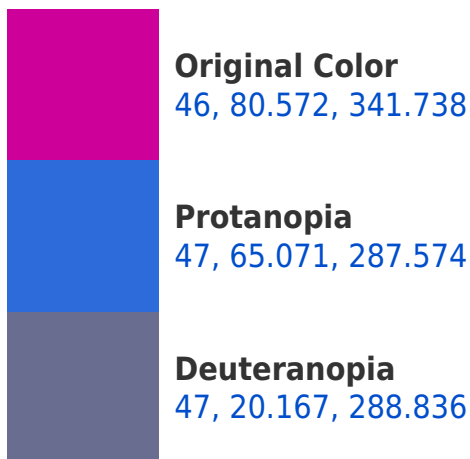


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 80.476, 341.750.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
46, 62.347, 28.850

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 80.572, 341.738

Protanomaly
40, 75.187, 306.015

Deuteranomaly
41, 51.226, 324.718

Tritanomaly
45, 64.663, 7.210

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 80.572, 341.738

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
33, 42.610, 336.820

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 80.476, 341.750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 1, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 1, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 1, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 1, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 80.476, 341.750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 1, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 1, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 1, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 1, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 1, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 1,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 80.476, 341.750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 1, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205, 1,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor