

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 82.657, 324.594)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(46, 82.657, 324.594)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(46, 82.666, 324.376)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(46, 82.666, 324.376)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B032BF
RGB	176, 50, 191
RGB Percent	69%, 20%, 75%
CMY	0.3099, 0.8040, 0.2510
CMYK	0.08, 0.74, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	294°, 59%, 47%
HSV	294°, 74%, 75%
XYZ	28.4427, 15.2687, 50.7289
YIQ	103.7480, 29.8350, 70.5630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

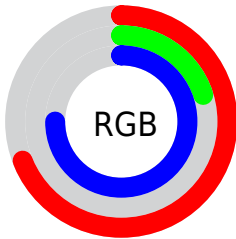
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	176, 50, 191
Decimal	11547327
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.00, 67.20, -48.15
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 82.666, 324.376
Yxy	15.2687, 0.3012, 0.1617
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289737407 (0xFFB032BF)
YUV	103.7480, 43.0152, 63.3650
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 61.5484, -49.6201

# Details

The CIELCh color **46, 82.666, 324.376** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. A complement of this color would be **68, 83.041, 136.251**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 82.635, 324.428**, and **29, 73.522, 323.298** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 88.680, 324.395**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 74.469, 324.212**.

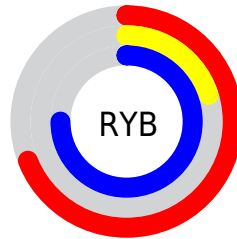
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (20%)

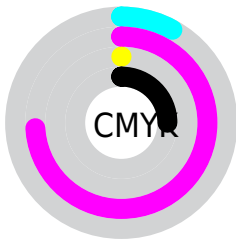
Blue (75%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (75%)

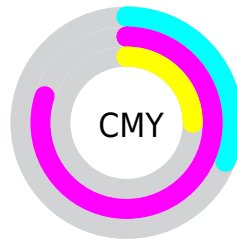


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (80%)


Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 82.666, 324.376 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 82.666, 324.376 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46, 82.666,  
324.376


 46, 82.666,  
324.376


 100, 82.666,  
324.376


 36, 82.666,  
324.376

 66, 82.666,  
324.376


 26, 82.666,  
324.376

 76, 82.666,  
324.376


 16, 82.666,  
324.376

 86, 82.666,  
324.376

 6, 82.666, 324.376

 96, 82.666,  
324.376

 0, 82.666, 324.376

 46, 82.666,

 46, 82.666,

324.376

■ 44, 88.680,  
324.395

■ 42, 92.286,  
324.251

■ 42, 93.673,  
324.106

324.376

■ 49, 74.469,  
324.212

■ 52, 64.545,  
323.931

■ 56, 53.406,  
323.562

■ 61, 41.519,  
323.133

■ 65, 29.262,  
322.668

■ 70, 16.908,  
322.183

■ 75, 4.648, 321.668

■ 81, 7.398, 141.277

■ 86, 19.157,  
140.807

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 82.666, 324.376



68, 83.041, 136.251

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 82.666, 324.376



46, 82.666, 14.376



46, 82.666, 144.376



46, 82.666, 194.376

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 82.664, 324.376



84, 33.321, 322.597



35, 76.388, 298.714



43, 22.585, 322.728



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 82.664, 324.376



55, 110.912, 324.319



46, 64.648, 345.621



37, 6.842, 321.961



34, 81.434, 324.162



3, 20.365, 320.798



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 61.649, 24.330



53, 89.660, 31.489



69, 65.265, 149.194



37, 4.129, 11.341



33, 68.661, 34.940



3, 12.339, 13.298



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 82.666, 324.376 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

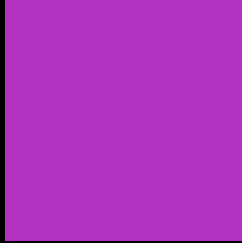
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 82.666, 324.376 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

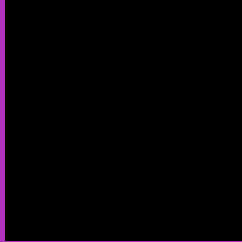
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 46, 82.666, 324.376

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 82.666, 324.376.

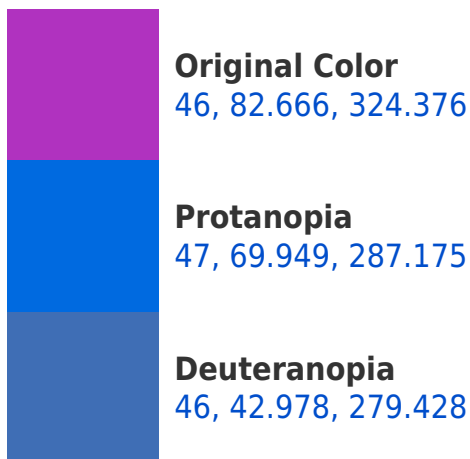


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 82.666, 324.376.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
46, 34.492, 18.831

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
46, 82.666, 324.376



**Protanomaly**  
42, 75.225, 296.451



**Deuteranomaly**  
43, 58.188, 302.044



**Tritanomaly**  
45, 46.969, 345.134

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
46, 82.666, 324.376



**Achromatopsia**  
44, 0.006, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
43, 35.445, 323.012

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 82.666, 324.376 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 50, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 50, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 50, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 50, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 82.666, 324.376 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 50, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 50, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 50, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 50, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 50, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 50,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 82.666, 324.376 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 50, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176, 50,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor