

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 88.465, 42.331)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(46, 88.465, 42.331) contains.

<b>CIELCh(46, 88.244, 42.196)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

**Color**

**CIELCh(46, 88.244, 42.196)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D52200
RGB	213, 34, 0
RGB Percent	84%, 13%, 0%
CMY	0.1651, 0.8671, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.84, 1.00, 0.17
HSL	10°, 100%, 42%
HSV	10°, 100%, 83%
XYZ	27.9809, 15.2687, 1.4703
YIQ	83.6450, 117.5980, 27.3740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

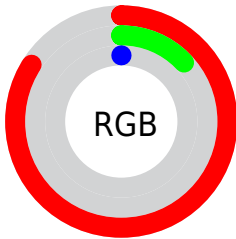
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	213, 40, 0
Decimal	13967872
CIELab	46.00, 65.38, 59.27
CIElCh	46, 88.244, 42.196
Yxy	15.2687, 0.6257, 0.3414
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292157952 (0xFFD52200)
YUV	83.6450, -41.2370, 113.4443
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 59.4388, 25.1217

# Details

The CIELCh color **46, 88.244, 42.196** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **67, 37.998, 226.980**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 78.884, 43.461**, and **30, 69.064, 39.363** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 88.226, 42.187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 81.153, 41.496**.

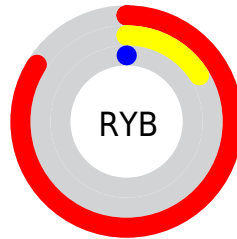
# Distribution



Red (84%)

Green (13%)

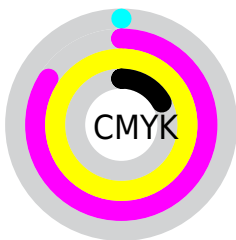
Blue (0%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (0%)

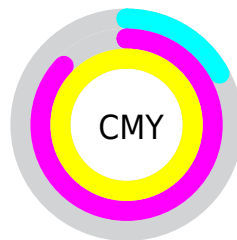


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 88.244, 42.196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 88.244, 42.196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 46, 88.244, 42.196

 46, 88.244, 42.196

 100, 88.244,  
42.196

 36, 88.244, 42.196

 66, 88.244, 42.196

 26, 88.244, 42.196

 76, 88.244, 42.196

 16, 88.244, 42.196

 86, 88.244, 42.196

 6, 88.244, 42.196


 96, 88.244, 42.196

 0, 88.244, 42.196

 46, 88.244, 42.196

 46, 88.244, 42.196

 46, 88.226, 42.187

 48, 81.153, 41.496

 50, 71.797, 40.207

■ 53, 61.453, 38.728

■ 57, 51.050, 37.434

■ 61, 41.008, 36.429

■ 66, 31.525, 35.709

■ 70, 22.684, 35.231

■ 75, 14.501, 34.944

■ 80, 6.954, 34.781

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 88.244, 42.196



67, 37.998, 226.980

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 88.244, 42.196



46, 88.244, 92.196



46, 88.244, 222.196



46, 88.244, 272.196

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 88.226, 42.187



83, 26.294, 35.243



49, 89.600, 335.341



42, 18.260, 35.423



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 88.226, 42.187



55, 101.387, 41.989



64, 71.995, 73.760



42, 3.957, 34.773



37, 74.543, 42.489



6, 19.892, 28.254



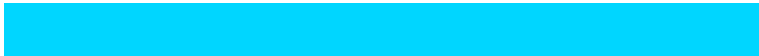


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 37.998, 226.980



79, 43.539, 227.340



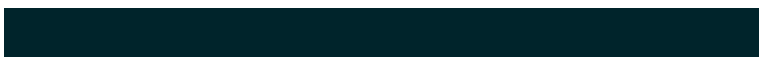
37, 83.935, 296.001



44, 3.726, 215.037



55, 32.256, 226.457



12, 12.740, 220.264



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 88.244, 42.196 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 88.244, 42.196 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 46, 88.244, 42.196

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 88.244, 42.196.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 88.244, 42.196.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46, 88.244, 42.196

### Protanopia

46, 45.738, 95.174

### Deuteranopia

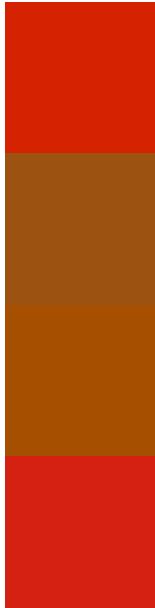
46, 53.575, 84.409



**Tritanopia**  
46, 82.406, 36.593



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
46, 88.244, 42.196

**Protanomaly**  
43, 54.308, 60.735

**Deuteranomaly**  
44, 62.346, 58.979

**Tritanomaly**  
46, 84.968, 39.280

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
46, 88.244, 42.196

**Achromatopsia**  
36, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
36, 33.614, 37.701

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 88.244, 42.196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 34, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 34, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 34, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 34, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 88.244, 42.196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 34, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 34, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 34, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 34, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 34, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 34, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 88.244, 42.196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 34, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213, 34,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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