

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 9.072, 198.452)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 9.072, 198.452) contains.

CIELCh(46, 8.867, 198.432)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(46, 8.867, 198.432)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A7171
RGB	90, 113, 113
RGB Percent	35%, 44%, 44%
CMY	0.6459, 0.5556, 0.5556
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	180°, 11%, 40%
HSV	180°, 20%, 44%
XYZ	13.1846, 15.2687, 17.9677
YIQ	106.1230, -13.7080, -4.8760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

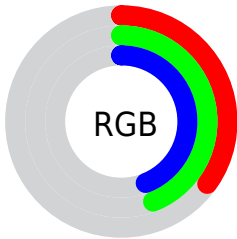
Format	Color
R _Y B	90, 102, 113
Decimal	5927281
CIE Lab	46.00, -8.41, -2.80
CIE LCh	46, 8.867, 198.432
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2840, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284117361 (0xFF5A7171)
YUV	106.1230, 3.3904, -14.1399
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -8.1524, 0.0897

Details

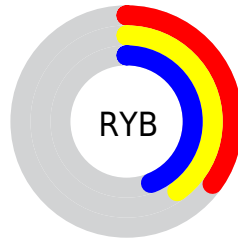
The CIELCh color $46, 8.867, 198.432$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $41, 10.059, 20.755$, and the grayscale version is $45, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $66, 8.770, 198.694$, and $26, 8.991, 197.940$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 12.804, 197.973$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47, 4.624, 198.945$.

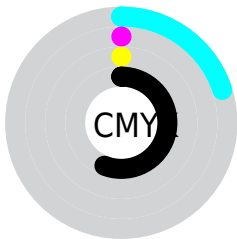
Distribution



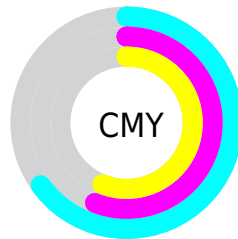
- Red (35%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 8.867, 198.432 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 8.867, 198.432 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 8.867, 198.432

■ 46, 8.867, 198.432

■ 100, 8.867,
198.432

■ 36, 8.867, 198.432

■ 66, 8.867, 198.432

■ 26, 8.867, 198.432

■ 76, 8.867, 198.432

■ 16, 8.867, 198.432

■ 86, 8.867, 198.432

■ 6, 8.867, 198.432

■ 96, 8.867, 198.432

■ 0, 8.867, 198.432

■ 46, 8.867, 198.432

■ 46, 8.867, 198.432

■ 45, 12.804,
197.973

■ 47, 4.624, 198.945

■ 45, 16.367,

■ 48, 0.140, 201.989

197.575

49, 4.527, 19.846

44, 19.492,
197.233

50, 9.322, 20.453

44, 22.127,
196.948

51, 14.202, 21.047

43, 24.233,
196.724

52, 19.128, 21.644

43, 25.795,
196.558

54, 24.073, 22.243

43, 26.827,
196.450

55, 29.013, 22.841

43, 27.551,
196.373

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 8.867, 198.432



41, 10.059, 20.755

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 8.867, 198.432



46, 8.867, 248.432



46, 8.867, 18.432



46, 8.867, 68.432

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 8.867, 198.426



61, 3.381, 199.207



45, 16.652, 142.805



31, 2.226, 199.175



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 8.867, 198.426



59, 12.862, 198.223



43, 7.997, 256.317



23, 2.511, 199.022



45, 28.676, 196.373



89, 48.975, 196.373

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 10.059, 20.755



51, 15.027, 21.158



44, 8.457, 71.245



22, 2.649, 19.851



24, 57.999, 37.786



52, 102.186, 39.998

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 8.867, 198.432 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 8.867, 198.432 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

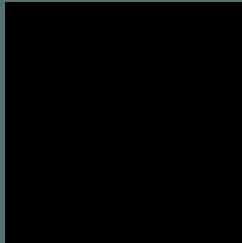
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 8.867, 198.432

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 8.867, 198.432.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 8.867, 198.432.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 8.867, 198.432

Protanopia

46, 1.454, 324.422

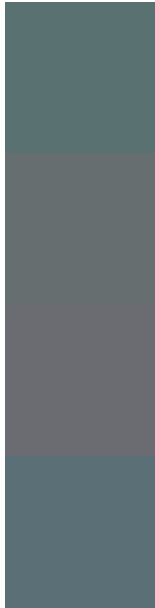
Deuteranopia

46, 7.465, 327.490



Tritanopia
46, 9.076, 235.034

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 8.867, 198.432

Protanomaly
46, 2.854, 211.249

Deuteranomaly
46, 3.589, 284.301

Tritanomaly
46, 8.618, 223.205

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 8.867, 198.432

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 3.606, 199.077

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 8.867, 198.432 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 113, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 113, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 113, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 113, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 8.867, 198.432 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 113, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 113, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 113, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 113, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 113, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 113,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 8.867, 198.432 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 113, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 113,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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