

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 9.849, 198.330)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 9.849, 198.330) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 9.932, 198.315)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	587272
RGB	88, 114, 114
RGB Percent	35%, 45%, 45%
CMY	0.6556, 0.5537, 0.5537
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	180°, 13%, 40%
HSV	180°, 23%, 45%
XYZ	13.0299, 15.2687, 18.1241
YIQ	106.2260, -15.4960, -5.5120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

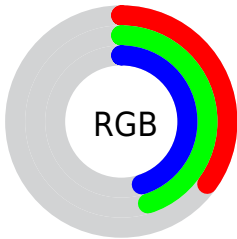
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 101, 114
Decimal	5796466
CIE _{Lab}	46.00, -9.43, -3.12
CIE _{LCh}	46, 9.932, 198.315
Yxy	15.2687, 0.2807, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283986546 (0xFF587272)
YUV	106.2260, 3.8326, -15.9842
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, -8.8594, -0.1477

Details

The CIELCh color **46, 9.932, 198.315** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **40, 11.463, 20.991**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 9.807, 198.603**, and **26, 10.044, 197.784** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 13.794, 197.871**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 5.746, 198.808**.

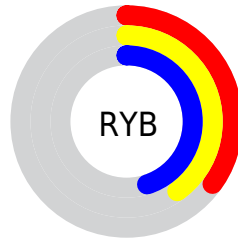
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (45%)

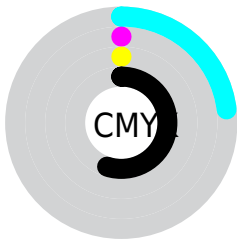
Blue (45%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (45%)

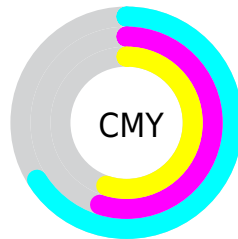


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 9.932, 198.315 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 9.932, 198.315 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 9.932, 198.315

■ 46, 9.932, 198.315

■ 100, 9.932,
198.315

■ 36, 9.932, 198.315

■ 66, 9.932, 198.315

■ 26, 9.932, 198.315

■ 76, 9.932, 198.315

■ 16, 9.932, 198.315

■ 86, 9.932, 198.315

■ 6, 9.932, 198.315

■ 96, 9.932, 198.315

■ 0, 9.932, 198.315

■ 46, 9.932, 198.315

■ 46, 9.932, 198.315

■ 45, 13.794,
197.871

■ 47, 5.746, 198.808

■ 45, 17.263,

■ 48, 1.301, 199.533

197.487

49, 3.342, 19.681

44, 20.279,
197.159

50, 8.126, 20.306

44, 22.789,
196.890

51, 13.006, 20.901

43, 24.763,
196.681

52, 17.942, 21.497

43, 26.191,
196.531

53, 22.902, 22.096

43, 27.103,
196.436

55, 27.863, 22.695

43, 27.636,
196.380

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 9.932, 198.315



40, 11.463, 20.991

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 9.932, 198.315



46, 9.932, 248.315



46, 9.932, 18.315



46, 9.932, 68.315

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 9.932, 198.310



60, 3.936, 199.140



45, 18.807, 142.625



31, 2.539, 199.115



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 9.932, 198.310



58, 14.321, 198.090



42, 9.012, 256.719



23, 2.511, 199.026



45, 28.675, 196.380



89, 48.973, 196.380

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 11.463, 20.991



50, 17.096, 21.474



43, 9.605, 70.954



22, 2.649, 19.855



24, 58.000, 37.788



52, 102.188, 39.999

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 9.932, 198.315 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 9.932, 198.315 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

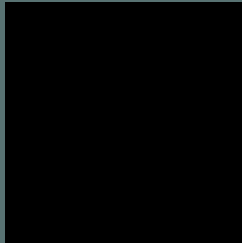
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

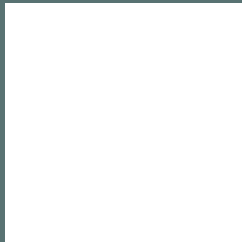
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 9.932, 198.315

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 9.932, 198.315.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 9.932, 198.315.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


46, 9.932, 198.315

Protanopia

46, 1.454, 324.422

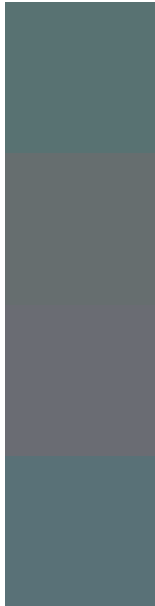
Deuteranopia

46, 7.945, 324.913



Tritanopia
46, 10.224, 230.286

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 9.932, 198.315

Protanomaly
46, 3.240, 209.744

Deuteranomaly
46, 4.229, 279.951

Tritanomaly
46, 9.581, 220.474

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 9.932, 198.315

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 3.998, 199.021

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 9.932, 198.315 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 114, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 114, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 114, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 114, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 9.932, 198.315 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 114, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 114, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 114, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 114, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 114, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 114,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 9.932, 198.315 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 114, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 114,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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