

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 90.697, 37.150)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 90.697, 37.150) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 90.705, 37.406)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DC0010
RGB	220, 0, 16
RGB Percent	86%, 0%, 6%
CMY	0.1359, 1.0000, 0.9353
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.93, 0.14
HSL	356°, 100%, 43%
HSV	356°, 100%, 86%
XYZ	29.6998, 15.2687, 1.8914
YIQ	67.6040, 125.9840, 51.6160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

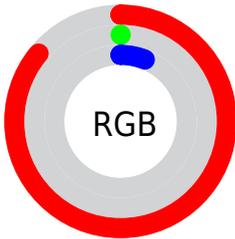
Format	Color
RYB	220, 0, 16
Decimal	14417936
CIELab	46.00, 72.05, 55.10
CIELCh	46, 90.705, 37.406
Yxy	15.2687, 0.6338, 0.3258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292608016 (0xFFDC0010)
YUV	67.6040, -25.4408, 133.6513
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 67.2907, 24.4827

Details

The CIELCh color **46, 90.705, 37.406** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **79, 48.013, 185.460**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 78.086, 37.731**, and **32, 71.300, 39.555** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 90.595, 37.486**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 84.120, 33.652**.

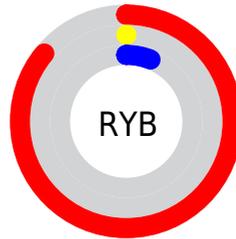
Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (0%)

Blue (6%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (6%)

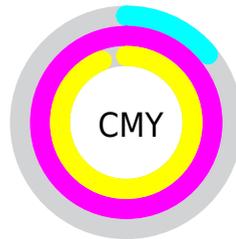


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 90.705, 37.406 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 90.705, 37.406 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 46, 90.705, 37.406

■ 46, 90.705, 37.406

■ 100, 90.705,
37.406

■ 36, 90.705, 37.406

■ 66, 90.705, 37.406

■ 26, 90.705, 37.406

■ 76, 90.705, 37.406

■ 16, 90.705, 37.406

■ 86, 90.705, 37.406

■ 6, 90.705, 37.406

■ 96, 90.705, 37.406

■ 0, 90.705, 37.406

■ 46, 90.705, 37.406

■ 46, 90.705, 37.406

■ 46, 90.595, 37.486

■ 47, 84.120, 33.652

■ 49, 75.895, 29.331

■ 52, 66.613, 25.443

■ 55, 56.687, 22.245

■ 60, 46.472, 19.715

■ 65, 36.304, 17.737

■ 70, 26.447, 16.187

■ 76, 17.068, 14.954

■ 82, 8.246, 13.937

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 90.705, 37.406



79, 48.013, 185.460

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 90.705, 37.406



46, 90.705, 87.406



46, 90.705, 217.406



46, 90.705, 267.406

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 90.595, 37.486



80, 29.796, 16.221



49, 104.047, 324.952



40, 20.591, 16.839



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 90.595, 37.486



53, 101.541, 37.785



55, 79.728, 53.804



43, 4.654, 13.883



36, 75.165, 36.850



5, 23.746, 17.040

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 90.595, 37.486



53, 101.541, 37.785



53, 55.120, 275.210



43, 4.654, 13.883



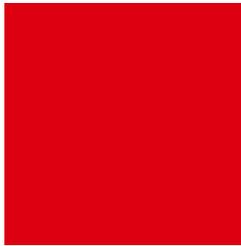
36, 75.165, 36.850



5, 23.746, 17.040

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 90.705, 37.406 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

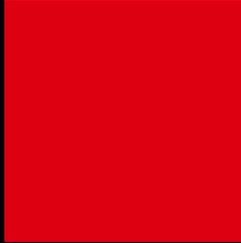
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 90.705, 37.406 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

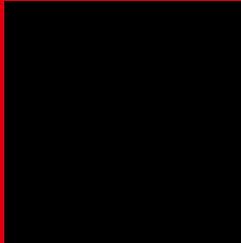
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

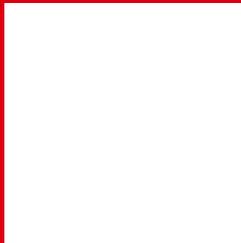
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 90.705, 37.406

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 90.705, 37.406.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 90.705, 37.406.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

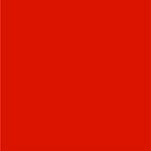
46, 90.578, 37.567

Protanopia

47, 42.109, 95.048

Deuteranopia

47, 53.884, 84.549



Tritanopia
46, 91.890, 40.897

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 90.578, 37.567

Protanomaly
41, 53.765, 50.127

Deuteranomaly
42, 64.378, 52.147

Tritanomaly
46, 91.317, 39.630

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 90.578, 37.567

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 38.274, 22.846

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 90.705, 37.406 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 0, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 0, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 0, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 0, 16) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 90.705, 37.406 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 0, 16) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 0, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 0, 16)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 0, 16); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 0, 16);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 0, 16)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 90.705, 37.406 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 0, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220, 0,  
16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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