

Converting Colors

CIELCh(46, 96.262, 297.466)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(46, 96.262, 297.466)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(46, 95.715, 297.334)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F5BFF
RGB	47, 91, 255
RGB Percent	18%, 36%, 100%
CMY	0.8168, 0.6436, 0.0006
CMYK	0.82, 0.64, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	227°, 100%, 59%
HSV	227°, 82%, 100%
XYZ	22.9146, 15.2687, 96.2191
YIQ	96.5400, -78.8680, 41.6760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

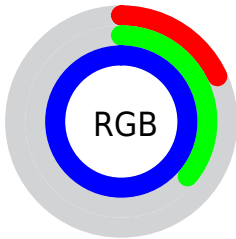
Format	Color
R _Y B	47, 83, 255
Decimal	3103743
CIE Lab	46.00, 43.95, -85.03
CIE LCh	46, 95.715, 297.334
Yxy	15.2687, 0.1705, 0.1136
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281293823 (0xFF2F5BFF)
YUV	96.5400, 78.1208, -43.4466
Hunter-Lab	39.0751, 36.2950, -118.6438

Details

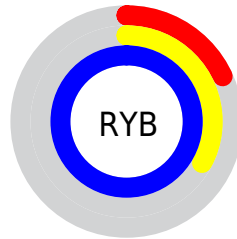
The CIELCh color **46, 95.715, 297.334** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **86, 78.983, 89.339**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 63.686, 293.577**, and **29, 93.105, 301.383** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 108.139, 300.345**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 82.839, 294.247**.

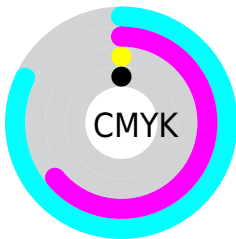
Distribution



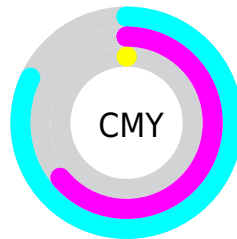
- Red (18%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 46, 95.715, 297.334 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 46, 95.715, 297.334 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 46, 95.715,
297.334


 46, 95.715,
297.334


 100, 95.715,
297.334


 36, 95.715,
297.334


 66, 95.715,
297.334


 26, 95.715,
297.334

 76, 95.715,
297.334

 16, 95.715,
297.334

 86, 95.715,
297.334

 6, 95.715, 297.334

 96, 95.715,
297.334

 0, 95.715, 297.334

 46, 95.715,

 46, 95.715,

297.334

297.334

■ 41, 108.139,
300.345

■ 52, 82.839,
294.247

■ 38, 117.415,
302.550

■ 58, 70.103,
291.309

■ 65, 57.743,
288.649

■ 71, 45.807,
286.317

■ 78, 34.273,
284.306

■ 85, 23.104,
282.588

■ 92, 12.268,
281.126

■ 99, 1.740, 279.966

100, 0.065,
108.988

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46, 95.715, 297.334



86, 78.983, 89.339

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46, 95.715, 297.334



46, 95.715, 347.334



46, 95.715, 117.334



46, 95.715, 167.334

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46, 95.716, 297.335



83, 26.799, 283.130



90, 58.677, 172.208



42, 18.380, 283.734



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46, 95.716, 297.335



38, 115.365, 302.070



42, 116.693, 307.888



49, 5.963, 280.841



28, 93.204, 302.095



6, 37.193, 297.236

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 81.248, 20.098



54, 91.932, 28.661



93, 94.424, 117.866



50, 5.453, 3.167



40, 74.353, 28.670



10, 31.913, 18.111

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 46, 95.715, 297.334 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

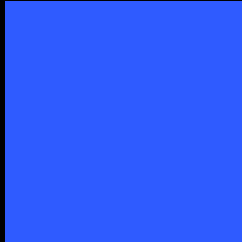
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 46, 95.715, 297.334 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

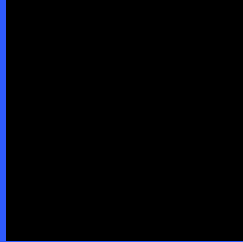
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 46, 95.715, 297.334

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 95.715, 297.334.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 46, 95.715, 297.334.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

46, 95.715, 297.334

Protanopia

46, 68.996, 287.168

Deuteranopia

46, 47.820, 273.716



Tritanopia
46, 27.858, 205.294

Trichromacy



Original Color
46, 95.715, 297.334

Protanomaly
46, 79.156, 291.623

Deuteranomaly
45, 64.506, 285.975

Tritanomaly
44, 41.048, 268.785

Monochromacy



Original Color
46, 95.715, 297.334

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 36.450, 287.781

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 46, 95.715, 297.334 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 91, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 91, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 91, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 91, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 46, 95.715, 297.334 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 91, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 91, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 91, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 91, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 91, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 91,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 46, 95.715, 297.334 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 91, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 91,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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