

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 10.191, 281.551)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 10.191, 281.551)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 10.199, 280.857)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A6F80
RGB	106, 111, 128
RGB Percent	42%, 44%, 50%
CMY	0.5840, 0.5643, 0.4977
CMYK	0.17, 0.13, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	226°, 9%, 46%
HSV	226°, 17%, 50%
XYZ	15.5514, 16.0195, 22.7265
YIQ	111.4430, -8.4370, 4.2270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

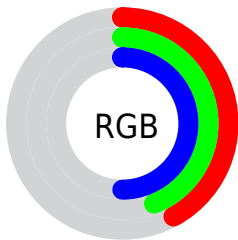
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 110, 128
Decimal	6975360
CIE Lab	47.00, 1.92, -10.02
CIE LCh	47, 10.199, 280.857
Yxy	16.0195, 0.2864, 0.2950
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285165440 (0xFF6A6F80)
YUV	111.4430, 8.1626, -4.7735
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -0.6864, -5.6488

Details

The CIELCh color $47, 10.199, 280.857$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 10.051, 96.770$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 10.131, 278.922$, and $27, 10.568, 281.352$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 16.348, 282.363$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 4.210, 279.566$.

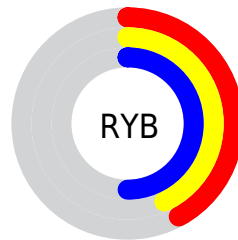
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (44%)

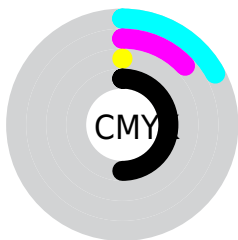
Blue (50%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (50%)

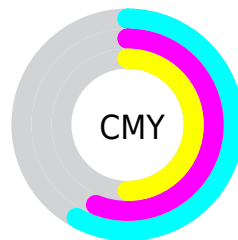


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (58%)


Magenta (56%)


Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 10.199, 280.857 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 10.199, 280.857 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 47, 10.199,
280.857


 47, 10.199,
280.857


 100, 10.199,
280.857


 37, 10.199,
280.857

 67, 10.199,
280.857


 27, 10.199,
280.857

 77, 10.199,
280.857

 17, 10.199,
280.857

 87, 10.199,
280.857

 7, 10.199, 280.857

 97, 10.199,
280.857

 0, 10.199, 280.857

 47, 10.199,

 47, 10.199,

280.857

■ 43, 16.348,
282.363

■ 39, 22.673,
284.120

■ 35, 29.191,
286.156

■ 32, 35.922,
288.493

■ 28, 42.873,
291.128

■ 24, 50.016,
294.009

■ 21, 57.230,
297.016

■ 18, 64.239,
299.882

280.857

■ 51, 4.210, 279.566

■ 55, 1.627, 98.333

■ 59, 7.321, 97.415

■ 62, 12.877, 96.568

■ 66, 18.302, 95.822

■ 70, 23.600, 95.161

■ 74, 28.775, 94.575

■ 77, 33.832, 94.050

■ 81, 38.775, 93.580

■ 18, 66.141,
300.577

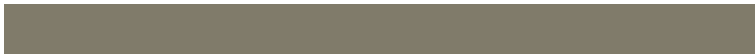
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 10.199, 280.857



52, 10.051, 96.770

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 10.199, 280.857



47, 10.199, 330.857



47, 10.199, 100.857



47, 10.199, 150.857

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 10.198, 280.853



66, 3.614, 279.332



52, 9.080, 179.255



34, 2.486, 279.398



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 10.198, 280.853



58, 15.479, 281.475



46, 13.329, 301.634



25, 3.301, 279.795



18, 65.891, 300.563



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 9.615, 2.806



58, 14.652, 3.300



53, 12.897, 119.543



25, 3.085, 1.943



26, 53.846, 25.385



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 10.199, 280.857 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 10.199, 280.857 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

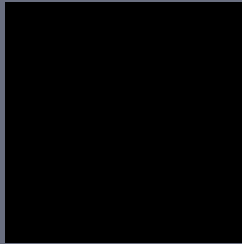
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

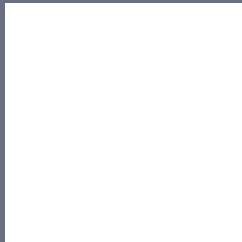
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 10.199, 280.857

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 10.199, 280.857.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 10.199, 280.857.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 10.199, 280.857

Protanopia

47, 10.682, 287.550

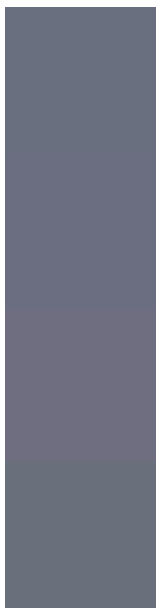
Deuteranopia

47, 12.044, 300.915



Tritanopia
47, 5.924, 263.639

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 10.199, 280.857

Protanomaly
47, 10.708, 285.535

Deuteranomaly
47, 11.271, 293.632

Tritanomaly
47, 7.531, 270.268

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 10.199, 280.857

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 3.624, 278.048

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 10.199, 280.857 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 111, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 111, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 111, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 111, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 10.199, 280.857 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

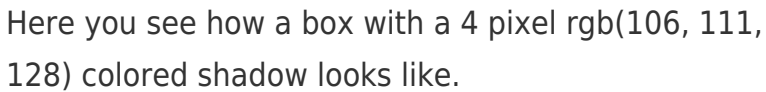
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 111, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 111, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 111, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 111, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 111, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 111, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 10.199, 280.857 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 111, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
111, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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