

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 10.619, 295.444)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 10.619, 295.444)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 10.089, 293.720)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F6E7F
RGB	111, 110, 127
RGB Percent	44%, 43%, 50%
CMY	0.5653, 0.5692, 0.5025
CMYK	0.13, 0.13, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	244°, 7%, 46%
HSV	244°, 13%, 50%
XYZ	15.9189, 16.0195, 22.2813
YIQ	112.2370, -4.8610, 5.4990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

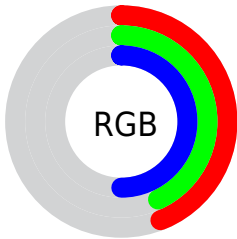
Format	Color
R_{YB}	111, 110, 127
Decimal	7302783
CIE _{Lab}	47.00, 4.06, -9.24
CIE _{LCh}	47, 10.089, 293.720
Yxy	16.0195, 0.2936, 0.2955
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285492863 (0xFF6F6E7F)
YUV	112.2370, 7.2782, -1.0848
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, 0.9526, -4.9894

Details

The CIELCh color $47, 10.089, 293.720$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 9.796, 111.366$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 9.963, 293.293$, and $27, 9.772, 292.095$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 17.965, 294.809$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 2.514, 292.787$.

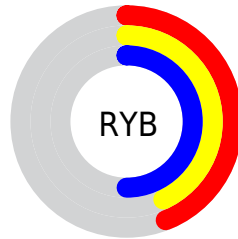
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (43%)

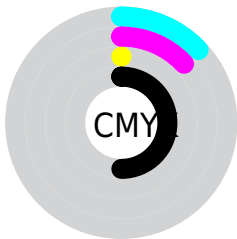
Blue (50%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (50%)

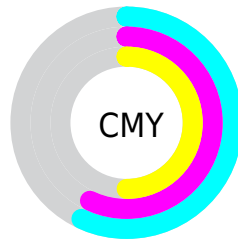


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 10.089, 293.720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 10.089, 293.720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 10.089,
293.720

■ 47, 10.089,
293.720

■ 100, 10.089,
293.720

■ 37, 10.089,
293.720

■ 67, 10.089,
293.720

■ 27, 10.089,
293.720

■ 77, 10.089,
293.720

■ 17, 10.089,
293.720

■ 87, 10.089,
293.720

■ 7, 10.089, 293.720

■ 97, 10.089,
293.720

■ 0, 10.089, 293.720

■ 47, 10.089,

■ 47, 10.089,

293.720

42, 17.965,
294.809

38, 26.162,
296.078

33, 34.685,
297.537

29, 43.501,
299.181

24, 52.491,
300.970

20, 61.342,
302.796

17, 69.402,
304.464

14, 75.668,
305.714

293.720

52, 2.514, 292.787

56, 4.777, 111.965

61, 11.805,
111.278

65, 18.588,
110.685

70, 25.142,
110.173

74, 31.484,
109.730

78, 37.625,
109.346

83, 43.580,
109.011

■ 13,79.402,
306.559

■ 87,49.359,
108.718

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 10.089, 293.720



53, 9.796, 111.366

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 10.089, 293.720



47, 10.089, 343.720



47, 10.089, 113.720



47, 10.089, 163.720

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 10.088, 293.717



66, 3.688, 292.846



52, 6.221, 203.387



34, 2.644, 292.904



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 10.088, 293.717



59, 15.079, 294.026



48, 10.738, 311.347



24, 4.228, 293.298



13, 79.695, 306.557



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 11.629, 326.764



61, 17.305, 326.930



52, 10.569, 130.247



25, 4.902, 326.523



29, 66.113, 330.633



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 10.089, 293.720 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 10.089, 293.720 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

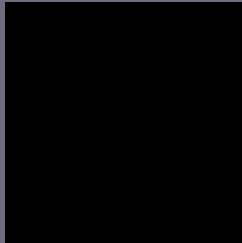
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 10.089, 293.720

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 10.089, 293.720.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 10.089, 293.720.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


47, 10.089, 293.720

Protanopia

47, 9.487, 286.838

Deuteranopia

47, 10.957, 303.829



Tritanopia
47, 5.338, 286.687

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 10.089, 293.720

Protanomaly
47, 9.471, 289.140

Deuteranomaly
47, 10.814, 299.806

Tritanomaly
47, 6.518, 287.635

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 10.089, 293.720

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 3.583, 297.063

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 10.089, 293.720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 110, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 110, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 110, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 110, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 10.089, 293.720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 110, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 110, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 110, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 110, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 110, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 110,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 10.089, 293.720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 110, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
110, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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