

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 16.375, 22.240)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 16.375, 22.240) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 16.432, 21.478)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C6666
RGB	140, 102, 102
RGB Percent	55%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.4512, 0.6002, 0.6002
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.27, 0.45
HSL	0°, 16%, 47%
HSV	0°, 27%, 55%
XYZ	17.9457, 16.0195, 14.7016
YIQ	113.3620, 22.6480, 8.0560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

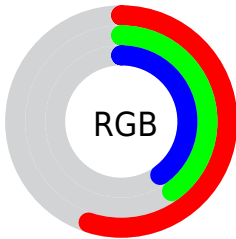
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 102, 102
Decimal	9201254
CIE _{Lab}	47.00, 15.29, 6.02
CIE _{LCh}	47, 16.432, 21.478
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3687, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287391334 (0xFF8C6666)
YUV	113.3620, -5.6015, 23.3615
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, 9.9914, 6.2388

Details

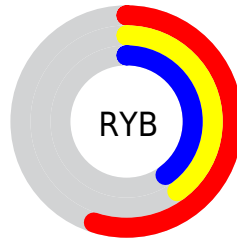
The CIELCh color **47, 16.432, 21.478** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **56, 13.762, 198.098**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 16.359, 20.929**, and **27, 16.463, 22.588** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 23.296, 22.708**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 9.997, 20.527**.

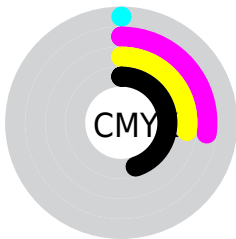
Distribution



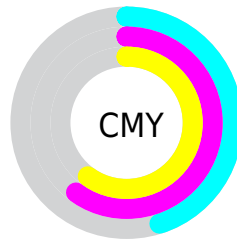
- Red (55%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 16.432, 21.478 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 16.432, 21.478 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 16.432, 21.478

■ 47, 16.432, 21.478

■ 100, 16.432,
21.478

■ 37, 16.432, 21.478

■ 67, 16.432, 21.478

■ 27, 16.432, 21.478

■ 77, 16.432, 21.478

■ 17, 16.432, 21.478

■ 87, 16.432, 21.478

■ 7, 16.432, 21.478

■ 97, 16.432, 21.478

■ 0, 16.432, 21.478

■ 47, 16.432, 21.478

■ 47, 16.432, 21.478

■ 43, 23.296, 22.708

■ 51, 9.997, 20.527

■ 40, 30.527, 24.294

■ 55, 4.012, 19.734

36, 37.998, 26.342

59, 1.537, 199.542

33, 45.515, 28.941

64, 6.681, 198.876

31, 52.811, 32.096

68, 11.456,
198.486

30, 59.472, 35.567

72, 15.904,
198.182

29, 64.638, 38.393

28, 65.991, 39.036

77, 20.063,
197.937

81, 23.969,
197.736

85, 27.652,
197.569

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 16.432, 21.478



56, 13.762, 198.098

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 16.432, 21.478



47, 16.432, 71.478



47, 16.432, 201.478



47, 16.432, 251.478

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 16.431, 21.483



70, 5.560, 19.814



48, 26.633, 325.868



36, 4.003, 19.920



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 16.431, 21.483



57, 25.231, 22.249



52, 13.794, 72.153



27, 3.148, 19.889



27, 63.128, 38.660



0, 1.414, 19.410

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 13.762, 198.098



70, 20.139, 197.817



50, 12.841, 259.417



29, 2.978, 199.014



50, 30.837, 196.395



1, 1.414, 199.427

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 16.432, 21.478 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

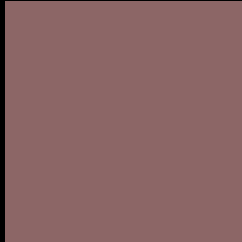
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 16.432, 21.478 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 16.432, 21.478

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 16.432, 21.478.

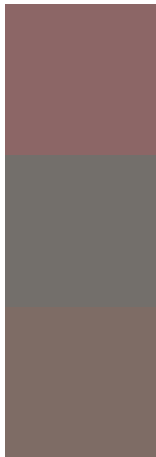


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 16.432, 21.478.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


47, 16.432, 21.478

Protanopia

47, 2.871, 74.534

Deuteranopia

47, 8.783, 48.032



Tritanopia
47, 17.478, 6.239

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 16.432, 21.478

Protanomaly
47, 6.996, 34.713

Deuteranomaly
47, 11.212, 35.737

Tritanomaly
47, 17.274, 11.964

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 16.432, 21.478

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 5.836, 20.046

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 16.432, 21.478 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 102, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 102, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 102, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 102, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 16.432, 21.478 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 102, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 102, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 102, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 102, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 102, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 102,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 16.432, 21.478 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 102, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
102, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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