

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 16.444, 14.642)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 16.444, 14.642) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 16.338, 15.372)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C6669
RGB	140, 102, 105
RGB Percent	55%, 40%, 41%
CMY	0.4520, 0.6010, 0.5892
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.25, 0.45
HSL	355°, 16%, 47%
HSV	355°, 27%, 55%
XYZ	18.0326, 16.0195, 15.4381
YIQ	113.7040, 21.6850, 8.9890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

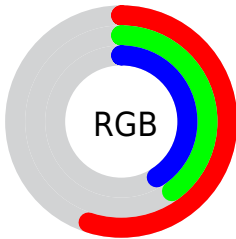
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 102, 105
Decimal	9201257
CIE _{Lab}	47.00, 15.75, 4.33
CIE _{LCh}	47, 16.338, 15.372
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3644, 0.3237
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287391337 (0xFF8C6669)
YUV	113.7040, -4.2911, 23.0616
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, 10.3792, 5.1477

Details

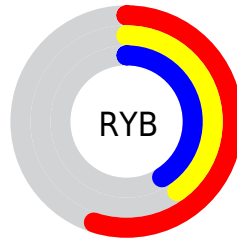
The CIELCh color **47, 16.338, 15.372** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **55, 14.054, 190.972**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 16.313, 15.192**, and **27, 16.267, 15.908** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 23.011, 16.750**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 10.002, 14.265**.

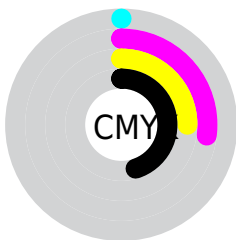
Distribution



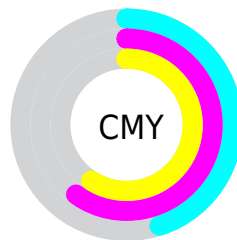
- Red (55%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 16.338, 15.372 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 16.338, 15.372 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 16.338, 15.372

■ 47, 16.338, 15.372

■ 100, 16.338,
15.372

■ 37, 16.338, 15.372

■ 67, 16.338, 15.372

■ 27, 16.338, 15.372

■ 77, 16.338, 15.372

■ 17, 16.338, 15.372

■ 87, 16.338, 15.372

■ 7, 16.338, 15.372

■ 97, 16.338, 15.372

■ 0, 16.338, 15.372

■ 47, 16.338, 15.372

■ 47, 16.338, 15.372

■ 43, 23.011, 16.750

■ 51, 10.002, 14.265

■ 40, 29.940, 18.478

■ 55, 4.044, 13.312

36, 36.979, 20.668

59, 1.533, 192.949

33, 43.929, 23.438

64, 6.747, 192.122

31, 50.561, 26.866

68, 11.624,
191.571

30, 56.650, 30.886

72, 16.197,
191.109

29, 61.986, 34.970

28, 63.345, 35.795

76, 20.498,
190.710

81, 24.557,
190.361

85, 28.403,
190.051

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 16.338, 15.372



55, 14.054, 190.972

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 16.338, 15.372



47, 16.338, 65.372



47, 16.338, 195.372



47, 16.338, 245.372

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 16.336, 15.377



70, 5.585, 13.406



48, 26.035, 323.473



36, 4.019, 13.534



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 16.336, 15.377



57, 24.988, 16.237



51, 13.378, 63.097



27, 3.161, 13.496



27, 60.736, 35.452



0, 1.426, 12.866

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 16.336, 15.377



57, 24.988, 16.237



51, 11.987, 249.529



27, 3.161, 13.496



27, 60.736, 35.452



0, 1.426, 12.866

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 16.338, 15.372 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

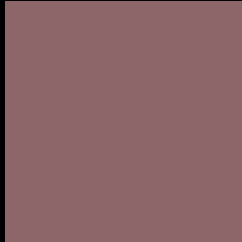
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 16.338, 15.372 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

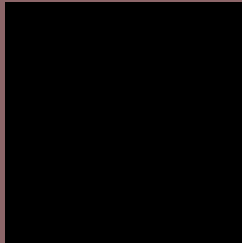
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 16.338, 15.372

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 16.338, 15.372.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 16.338, 15.372.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 16.338, 15.372

Protanopia

47, 1.357, 45.014

Deuteranopia

47, 7.603, 38.150



Tritanopia
47, 17.064, 5.782

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 16.338, 15.372

Protanomaly
47, 6.272, 20.108

Deuteranomaly
47, 10.321, 27.115

Tritanomaly
47, 16.897, 9.675

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 16.338, 15.372

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 5.848, 14.293

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 16.338, 15.372 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 102, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 102, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 102, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 102, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 16.338, 15.372 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 102, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 102, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 102, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 102, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 102, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 102,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 16.338, 15.372 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 102, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
102, 105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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