

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 17.715, 103.819)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 17.715, 103.819)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 18.142, 104.850)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	737152
RGB	115, 113, 82
RGB Percent	45%, 44%, 32%
CMY	0.5496, 0.5574, 0.6790
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.29, 0.55
HSL	56°, 17%, 39%
HSV	56°, 29%, 45%
XYZ	14.4572, 16.0195, 10.2850
YIQ	110.0640, 11.1430, -9.2170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

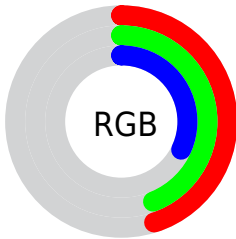
Format	Color
RYB	84, 115, 82
Decimal	7565650
CIELab	47.00, -4.65, 17.54
CIElCh	47, 18.142, 104.850
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3547, 0.3930
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285755730 (0xFF737152)
YUV	110.0640, -13.8356, 4.3289
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -5.5664, 12.7813

Details

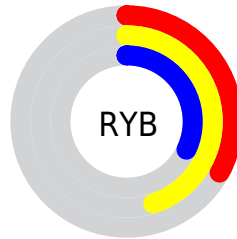
The CIELCh color $47, 18.142, 104.850$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $37, 19.207, 291.055$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 18.083, 105.697$, and $27, 17.840, 104.924$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 24.324, 103.878$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47, 11.860, 105.833$.

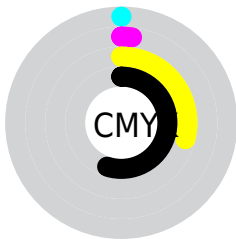
Distribution



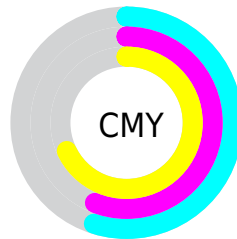
- Red (45%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 18.142, 104.850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 18.142, 104.850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 47, 18.142,
104.850


 47, 18.142,
104.850


 100, 18.142,
104.850


 37, 18.142,
104.850

 67, 18.142,
104.850


 27, 18.142,
104.850

 77, 18.142,
104.850


 17, 18.142,
104.850


 87, 18.142,
104.850

 7, 18.142, 104.850

 97, 18.142,
104.850

 0, 18.142, 104.850

 47, 18.142,

 47, 18.142,

104.850

104.850

■ 47, 24.324,
103.878

■ 47, 11.860,
105.833

■ 46, 30.320,
102.920

■ 48, 5.529, 106.799

■ 46, 35.998,
102.000

■ 48, 0.816, 287.836

■ 49, 7.153, 288.699

■ 46, 41.165,
101.140

■ 50, 13.468,
289.591

■ 45, 45.550,
100.364

■ 50, 19.752,
290.450

■ 45, 48.837, 99.694

■ 51, 25.997,
291.271

■ 45, 51.246, 99.109

■ 45, 51.568, 99.035

■ 52, 32.198,
292.052

■ 52, 38.353,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 18.142, 104.850



37, 19.207, 291.055

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 18.142, 104.850



47, 18.142, 154.850



47, 18.142, 284.850



47, 18.142, 334.850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 18.143, 104.854



62, 7.117, 106.750



38, 14.748, 16.450



32, 4.984, 106.636



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 18.143, 104.854



60, 26.712, 104.250



46, 20.287, 125.376



24, 3.629, 106.768



48, 53.956, 99.007



92, 91.271, 98.782

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 19.207, 291.055



45, 28.702, 292.004



37, 21.192, 308.149



22, 3.696, 288.570



13, 74.495, 305.108



32, 129.303, 305.764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 18.142, 104.850 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 18.142, 104.850 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

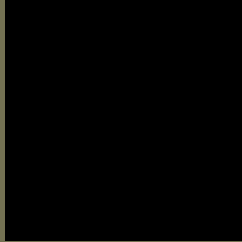
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

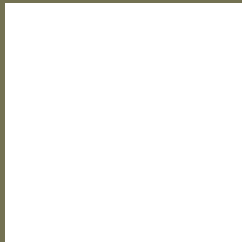
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 18.142, 104.850

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 18.142, 104.850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 18.142, 104.850.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 18.142, 104.850

Protanopia

47, 18.069, 94.764

Deuteranopia

47, 18.018, 71.025



Tritanopia
47, 6.971, 330.410

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 18.142, 104.850

Protanomaly
47, 18.349, 99.215

Deuteranomaly
47, 16.988, 82.905

Tritanomaly
47, 4.593, 69.856

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 18.142, 104.850

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 6.499, 105.547

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 18.142, 104.850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 113, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 113, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 113, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 113, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 18.142, 104.850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 113, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 113, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 113, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 113, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 113, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 113,  
82) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 18.142, 104.850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 113, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
113, 82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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