

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 17.937, 142.693)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 17.937, 142.693)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 18.064, 143.149)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D765D
RGB	93, 118, 93
RGB Percent	36%, 46%, 36%
CMY	0.6360, 0.5380, 0.6360
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.21, 0.54
HSL	120°, 12%, 41%
HSV	120°, 21%, 46%
XYZ	12.9217, 16.0195, 12.7267
YIQ	107.6750, -6.8750, -13.0750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

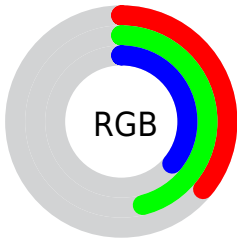
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 118, 118
Decimal	6125149
CIE _{Lab}	47.00, -14.45, 10.83
CIE _{LCh}	47, 18.064, 143.149
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3101, 0.3845
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284315229 (0xFF5D765D)
YUV	107.6750, -7.2348, -12.8700
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -12.4145, 9.1644

Details

The CIELCh color $47, 18.064, 143.149$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $43, 18.077, 325.539$, and the grayscale version is $45, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 18.011, 142.542$, and $27, 18.439, 143.412$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 26.565, 142.370$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48, 9.512, 143.827$.

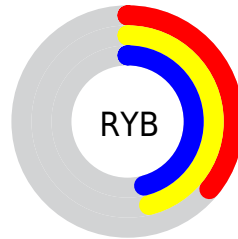
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (46%)

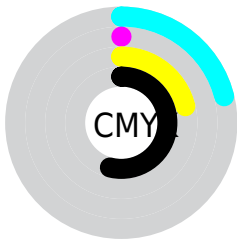
Blue (36%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (46%)

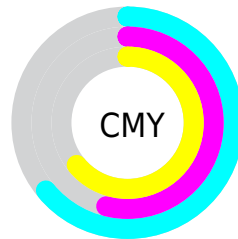


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (64%)


Magenta (54%)


Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 18.064, 143.149 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 18.064, 143.149 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 47, 18.064,
143.149


 47, 18.064,
143.149


 100, 18.064,
143.149


 37, 18.064,
143.149

 67, 18.064,
143.149


 27, 18.064,
143.149

 77, 18.064,
143.149

 17, 18.064,
143.149


 87, 18.064,
143.149

 7, 18.064, 143.149

 97, 18.064,
143.149

 0, 18.064, 143.149

 47, 18.064,

 47, 18.064,

143.149

■ 46, 26.565,
142.370

■ 45, 34.861,
141.480

■ 44, 42.765,
140.486

■ 44, 50.041,
139.417

■ 43, 56.409,
138.337

■ 43, 61.556,
137.349

■ 43, 65.191,
136.582

■ 43, 67.700,
136.017

143.149

■ 48, 9.512, 143.827

■ 49, 1.018, 144.552

■ 51, 7.337, 324.843

■ 52, 15.499,
325.270

■ 54, 23.434,
325.627

■ 56, 31.122,
325.930

■ 57, 38.557,
326.189

■ 59, 45.741,
326.412

■ 61, 52.679,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 18.064, 143.149



43, 18.077, 325.539

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 18.064, 143.149



47, 18.064, 193.149



47, 18.064, 323.149



47, 18.064, 13.149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 18.065, 143.149



62, 6.280, 144.143



49, 14.547, 108.225



32, 4.142, 144.114



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 18.065, 143.149



60, 26.376, 142.819



47, 12.513, 161.887



24, 4.750, 143.964



44, 69.574, 136.017



86, 117.957, 136.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 18.077, 325.539



53, 26.386, 325.768



42, 12.834, 345.415



23, 4.757, 324.892



28, 67.126, 328.235



59, 113.805, 328.235

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 18.064, 143.149 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 18.064, 143.149 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

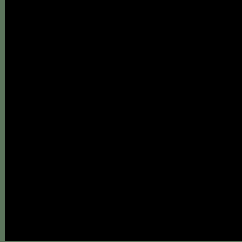
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 18.064, 143.149

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 18.064, 143.149.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 18.064, 143.149.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

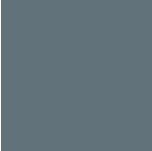
47, 18.064, 143.149

Protanopia

47, 12.733, 94.502

Deuteranopia

47, 11.677, 57.249



Tritanopia
47, 7.947, 241.184

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 18.064, 143.149

Protanomaly
47, 13.041, 115.992

Deuteranomaly
47, 10.157, 98.988

Tritanomaly
47, 7.713, 185.209

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 18.064, 143.149

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 6.534, 144.023

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 18.064, 143.149 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 118, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 118, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 118, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 118, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 18.064, 143.149 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 118, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 118, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 118, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 118, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 118, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 118,  
93) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 18.064, 143.149 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 118, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 118,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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