

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 19.991, 10.629)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 19.991, 10.629) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 19.990, 10.348)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91636A
RGB	145, 99, 106
RGB Percent	57%, 39%, 42%
CMY	0.4309, 0.6113, 0.5839
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.27, 0.43
HSL	351°, 19%, 48%
HSV	351°, 32%, 57%
XYZ	18.7792, 16.0195, 15.7692
YIQ	113.5520, 25.1690, 11.9290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

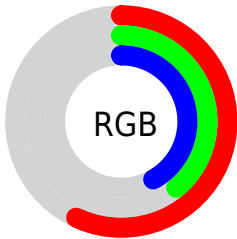
Format	Color
R_{YB}	145, 99, 106
Decimal	9528170
CIE _{Lab}	47.00, 19.66, 3.59
CIE _{LCh}	47, 19.990, 10.348
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3714, 0.3168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287718250 (0xFF91636A)
YUV	113.5520, -3.7231, 27.5799
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, 13.7087, 4.6573

Details

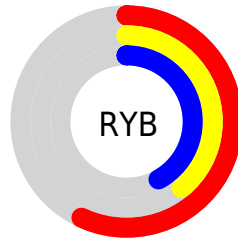
The CIELCh color $[47, 19.990, 10.348]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $[57, 17.234, 184.293]$, and the grayscale version is $[48, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[67, 20.132, 10.462]$, and $[27, 19.727, 10.578]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[43, 26.861, 11.942]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[51, 13.340, 9.051]$.

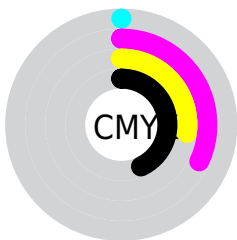
Distribution



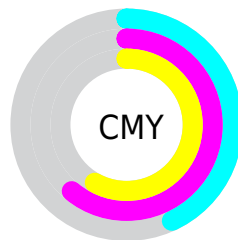
- Red (57%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 19.990, 10.348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 19.990, 10.348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 19.990, 10.348

■ 47, 19.990, 10.348

■ 100, 19.990,
10.348

■ 37, 19.990, 10.348

■ 67, 19.990, 10.348

■ 27, 19.990, 10.348

■ 77, 19.990, 10.348

■ 17, 19.990, 10.348

■ 87, 19.990, 10.348

■ 7, 19.990, 10.348

■ 97, 19.990, 10.348

■ 0, 19.990, 10.348

■ 47, 19.990, 10.348

■ 47, 19.990, 10.348

■ 43, 26.861, 11.942

■ 51, 13.340, 9.051

■ 40, 33.820, 13.921

■ 55, 6.996, 7.955

36, 40.666, 16.412

59, 0.990, 6.697

34, 47.158, 19.547

64, 4.673, 186.434

32, 53.081, 23.423

68, 10.007,
185.720

30, 58.310, 27.993

73, 15.035,
185.120

30, 62.365, 31.744

77, 19.784,
184.594

81, 24.283,
184.126

86, 28.557,
183.703

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 19.990, 10.348



57, 17.234, 184.293

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 19.990, 10.348



47, 19.990, 60.348



47, 19.990, 190.348



47, 19.990, 240.348

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 19.988, 10.352



71, 7.375, 7.802



47, 30.679, 321.193



36, 5.033, 7.930



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 19.988, 10.352



57, 30.151, 11.444



51, 16.297, 53.400



28, 3.307, 7.696



27, 59.006, 31.373



0, 2.179, 6.969

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 19.988, 10.352



57, 30.151, 11.444



53, 13.710, 239.258



28, 3.307, 7.696



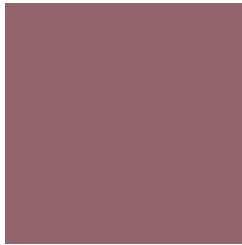
27, 59.006, 31.373



0, 2.179, 6.969

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 19.990, 10.348 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

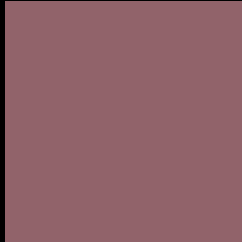
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 19.990, 10.348 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

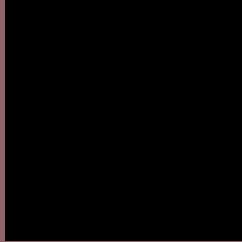
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 19.990, 10.348

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 19.990, 10.348.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 19.990, 10.348.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 19.990, 10.348

Protanopia

47, 1.448, 324.417

Deuteranopia

47, 7.415, 33.916



Tritanopia
47, 20.047, 8.690

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 19.990, 10.348

Protanomaly
47, 7.701, 7.087

Deuteranomaly
47, 11.505, 20.804

Tritanomaly
47, 20.047, 8.690

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 19.990, 10.348

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 6.749, 10.170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 19.990, 10.348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 99, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 99, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 99, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 99, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 19.990, 10.348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 99, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 99, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 99, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 99, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 99, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 99,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 19.990, 10.348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 99, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 99,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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