

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 2.589, 249.363)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 2.589, 249.363) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 2.367, 248.091)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C7073
RGB	108, 112, 115
RGB Percent	42%, 44%, 45%
CMY	0.5764, 0.5607, 0.5490
CMYK	0.06, 0.03, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	206°, 3%, 44%
HSV	206°, 6%, 45%
XYZ	15.0779, 16.0195, 18.5219
YIQ	111.1460, -3.3470, 0.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

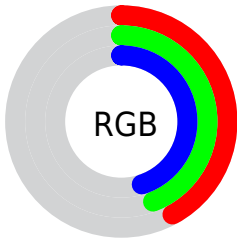
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 111, 115
Decimal	7106675
CIE Lab	47.00, -0.88, -2.20
CIE LCh	47, 2.367, 248.091
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3039, 0.3228
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285296755 (0xFF6C7073)
YUV	111.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -2.7982, 0.5796

Details

The CIELCh color **47, 2.367, 248.091** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **47, 2.409, 66.536**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 2.479, 241.474**, and **27, 2.330, 256.503** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 6.186, 249.238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 1.528, 66.701**.

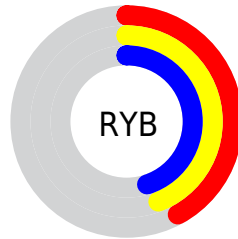
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (44%)

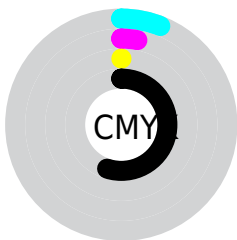
Blue (45%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (45%)

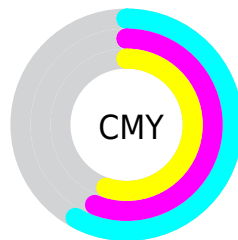


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 2.367, 248.091 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 2.367, 248.091 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 2.367, 248.091

■ 47, 2.367, 248.091

■ 100, 2.367,
248.091

■ 37, 2.367, 248.091

■ 67, 2.367, 248.091

■ 27, 2.367, 248.091

■ 77, 2.367, 248.091

■ 17, 2.367, 248.091

■ 87, 2.367, 248.091

■ 7, 2.367, 248.091

■ 97, 2.367, 248.091

■ 0, 2.367, 248.091

■ 47, 2.367, 248.091

■ 47, 2.367, 248.091

■ 45, 6.186, 249.238

■ 49, 1.528, 66.701

■ 42, 9.909, 250.717

■ 52, 5.478, 65.943

40, 13.510,
252.502

54, 9.464, 65.205

38, 16.970,
254.646

57, 13.472, 64.563

59, 17.489, 64.004

36, 20.275,
257.210

61, 21.504, 63.517

34, 23.423,
260.251

64, 25.510, 63.089

66, 29.500, 62.710

31, 26.433,
263.805

69, 33.467, 62.372

30, 29.350,
267.862

28, 32.265,
272.224

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 2.367, 248.091



47, 2.409, 66.536

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 2.367, 248.091



47, 2.367, 298.091



47, 2.367, 68.091



47, 2.367, 118.091

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 2.367, 248.059



62, 0.976, 247.845



48, 3.738, 159.045



32, 0.560, 247.857



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 2.367, 248.059



60, 3.388, 248.168



46, 3.819, 287.228



24, 1.777, 248.174



29, 35.171, 274.164



59, 62.483, 277.073

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 3.734, 340.357



59, 5.358, 340.449



48, 3.769, 105.991



23, 2.811, 340.454



26, 50.474, 354.064



54, 84.833, 356.097

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 2.367, 248.091 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 2.367, 248.091 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

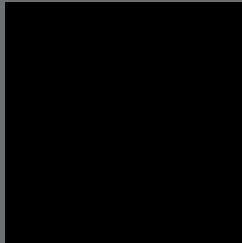
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

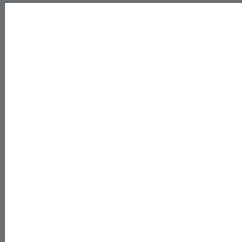
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 2.367, 248.091

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 2.367, 248.091.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 2.367, 248.091.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 2.367, 248.091

Protanopia

47, 1.831, 303.160

Deuteranopia

47, 6.820, 336.304



Tritanopia
47, 5.375, 282.517

Trichromacy



Original Color

47, 2.367, 248.091

Protanomaly

47, 1.781, 290.444

Deuteranomaly

47, 5.046, 324.721

Tritanomaly

47, 4.209, 279.930

Monochromacy



Original Color

47, 2.367, 248.091

Achromatopsia

47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

47, 0.716, 255.959

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 2.367, 248.091 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 112, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 112, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 112, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 112, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 2.367, 248.091 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

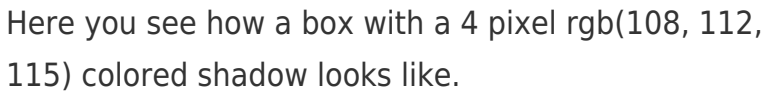
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 112, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 112, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 112, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 112, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 112, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 112,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 2.367, 248.091 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 112, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
112, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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